

Converting Colors

CIELCh(34, 14.155, 288.244)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(34, 14.155, 288.244)
contains.

CIELCh(34, 13.819, 287.734)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(34, 13.819, 287.734)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4C4F65
RGB	76, 79, 101
RGB Percent	30%, 31%, 40%
CMY	0.7031, 0.6913, 0.6051
CMYK	0.25, 0.22, 0.00, 0.61
HSL	233°, 14%, 35%
HSV	233°, 25%, 39%
XYZ	8.0663, 8.0082, 13.3544
YIQ	80.6110, -8.8500, 6.2060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

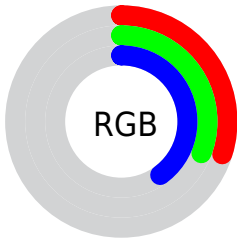
Format	Color
R_{YB}	76, 79, 101
Decimal	5001061
CIE Lab	34.00, 4.21, -13.16
CIE LCh	34, 13.819, 287.734
Yxy	8.0082, 0.2741, 0.2721
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283191141 (0xFF4C4F65)
YUV	80.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438
Hunter-Lab	28.2988, 1.3570, -8.1703

Details

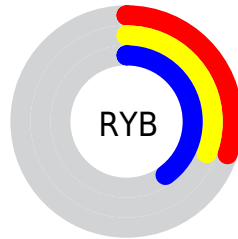
The CIELCh color $[34, 13.819, 287.734]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[41, 13.285, 102.303]$, and the grayscale version is $[34, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[54, 13.863, 287.330]$, and $[14, 13.558, 287.190]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[30, 19.721, 289.249]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[38, 8.116, 286.428]$.

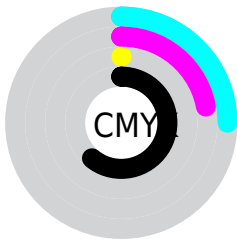
Distribution



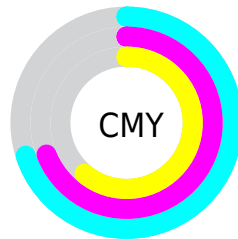
- Red (30%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (61%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 34, 13.819, 287.734 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 34, 13.819, 287.734 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 34, 13.819,
287.734

■ 34, 13.819,
287.734

■ 100, 13.819,
287.734

■ 24, 13.819,
287.734

■ 54, 13.819,
287.734

■ 14, 13.819,
287.734

■ 64, 13.819,
287.734

■ 4, 13.819, 287.734

■ 74, 13.819,
287.734

■ 0, 13.819, 287.734

■ 84, 13.819,
287.734

■ 94, 13.819,
287.734

■ 34, 13.819,
287.734

■ 34, 13.819,
287.734

■ 30, 19.721,
289.249

■ 38, 8.116, 286.428

■ 27, 25.841,
291.003

■ 41, 2.600, 285.318

■ 44, 2.744, 104.292

■ 24, 32.186,
293.010

■ 48, 7.926, 103.464

■ 20, 38.744,
295.259

■ 51, 12.957,
102.732

■ 17, 45.438,
297.693

■ 55, 17.845,
102.090

■ 14, 52.062,
300.184

■ 58, 22.597,
101.524

■ 12, 58.209,
302.466

■ 61, 27.221,
101.024

■ 11, 61.068,

■ 65, 31.723,

303.375

100.580

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34, 13.819, 287.734



41, 13.285, 102.303

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34, 13.819, 287.734



34, 13.819, 337.734



34, 13.819, 107.734



34, 13.819, 157.734

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34, 13.818, 287.733



51, 4.678, 285.563



41, 10.107, 186.553



26, 3.065, 285.598



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34, 13.818, 287.733



41, 20.826, 288.621



34, 16.181, 305.621



19, 3.080, 285.750



13, 67.766, 303.716



33, 122.287, 304.860

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35, 11.316, 11.781



43, 17.156, 12.522



41, 15.527, 123.064



19, 2.471, 10.150



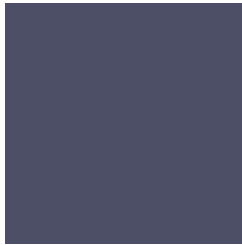
23, 52.899, 32.261



51, 95.090, 35.574

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 34, 13.819, 287.734 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 34, 13.819, 287.734 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

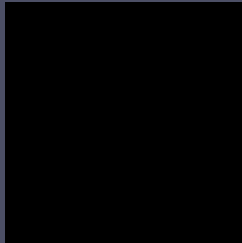
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 34, 13.819, 287.734

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 13.819, 287.734.

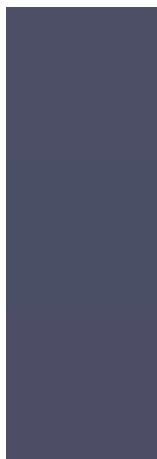


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 13.819, 287.734.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

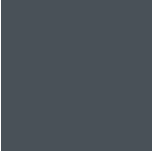
34, 13.819, 287.734

Protanopia

34, 13.884, 284.639

Deuteranopia

34, 14.446, 291.095



Tritanopia
34, 5.393, 253.847

Trichromacy



Original Color
34, 13.819, 287.734

Protanomaly
34, 13.847, 286.178

Deuteranomaly
34, 14.446, 291.095

Tritanomaly
34, 8.435, 275.156

Monochromacy



Original Color
34, 13.819, 287.734

Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
34, 5.068, 281.678

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 34, 13.819, 287.734 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 79, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 79, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 79, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 79, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 34, 13.819, 287.734 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 79, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 79, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 79, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 79, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 79, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 79,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 34, 13.819, 287.734 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 79, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 79,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet
interesting? Support Converting
Colors with the new Membership
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you
double the colors in the color bucket, and more
awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor