

Converting Colors

CIELCh(34, 16.667, 127.787)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(34, 16.667, 127.787)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(34, 16.585, 128.519)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	47543B
RGB	71, 84, 59
RGB Percent	28%, 33%, 23%
CMY	0.7213, 0.6703, 0.7684
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.30, 0.67
HSL	91°, 17%, 28%
HSV	91°, 30%, 33%
XYZ	6.5688, 8.0082, 5.3450
YIQ	77.2630, 0.2770, -10.5310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

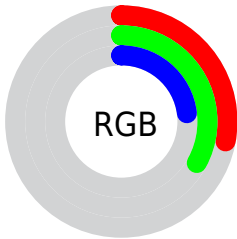
Format	Color
R_{YB}	59, 84, 72
Decimal	4674619
CIE _{Lab}	34.00, -10.33, 12.98
CIE _{LCh}	34, 16.585, 128.519
Yxy	8.0082, 0.3297, 0.4020
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282864699 (0xFF47543B)
YUV	77.2630, -9.0037, -5.4927
Hunter-Lab	28.2988, -8.0888, 8.6105

Details

The CIELCh color $[34, 16.585, 128.519]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666633`. A complement of this color would be $[27, 17.193, 311.043]$, and the grayscale version is $[33, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[54, 17.039, 128.153]$, and $[14, 16.330, 128.932]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[33, 22.076, 128.077]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[35, 11.021, 128.962]$.

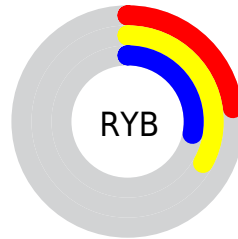
Distribution



Red (28%)

Green (33%)

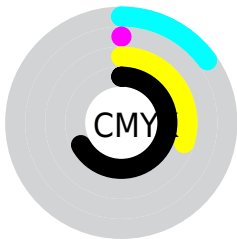
Blue (23%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (28%)

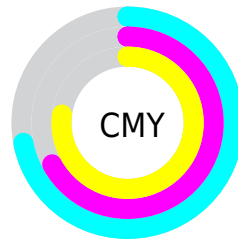


Cyan (15%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (67%)



Cyan (72%)


Magenta (67%)


Yellow (77%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 34, 16.585, 128.519 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 34, 16.585, 128.519 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 34, 16.585,
128.519


 34, 16.585,
128.519

 100, 16.585,
128.519


 24, 16.585,
128.519

 54, 16.585,
128.519


 14, 16.585,
128.519


 64, 16.585,
128.519

 4, 16.585, 128.519

 74, 16.585,
128.519

 0, 16.585, 128.519

 84, 16.585,
128.519

 94, 16.585,
128.519

■ 34, 16.585,
128.519

■ 34, 16.585,
128.519

■ 33, 22.076,
128.077

■ 35, 11.021,
128.962

■ 33, 27.423,
127.656

■ 35, 5.432, 129.390

■ 36, 0.147, 309.321

■ 33, 32.531,
127.295

■ 36, 5.690, 310.129

■ 32, 37.267,
127.052

■ 37, 11.177,
310.470

■ 32, 41.456,
127.009

■ 38, 16.595,
310.776

■ 32, 44.912,
127.252

■ 39, 21.933,
311.052

■ 31, 48.255,
127.352

■ 39, 27.186,
311.299

■ 31, 48.345,

127.349

■ 40, 32.350,
311.520

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34, 16.585, 128.519



27, 17.193, 311.043

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34, 16.585, 128.519



34, 16.585, 178.519



34, 16.585, 308.519



34, 16.585, 358.519

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34, 16.586, 128.521



46, 6.247, 129.409



31, 10.043, 73.771



23, 4.377, 129.368



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34, 16.586, 128.521



44, 24.933, 128.187



33, 18.960, 143.026



16, 3.038, 129.435



39, 56.521, 127.821



82, 102.477, 128.927

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 17.193, 311.043



33, 26.103, 311.400



29, 18.964, 326.373



15, 3.074, 310.097



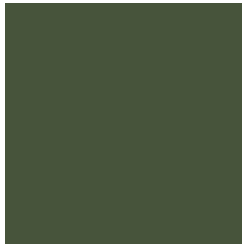
14, 64.172, 312.961



38, 115.868, 312.198

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 34, 16.585, 128.519 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 34, 16.585, 128.519 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

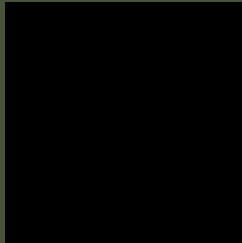
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

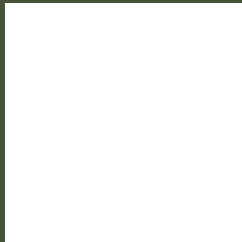
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 34, 16.585, 128.519

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 16.585, 128.519.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 16.585, 128.519.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


34, 16.585, 128.519

Protanopia

34, 14.569, 96.348

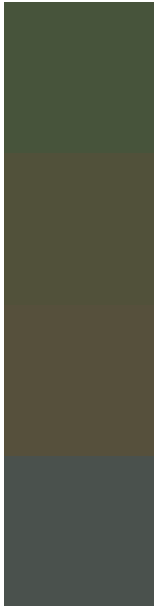
Deuteranopia

34, 12.970, 69.788



Tritanopia
34, 4.807, 265.644

Trichromacy



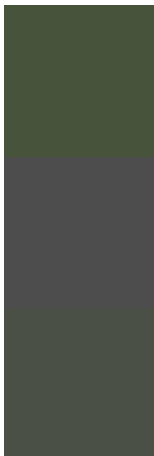
Original Color
34, 16.585, 128.519

Protanomaly
34, 14.252, 107.684

Deuteranomaly
34, 12.760, 95.176

Tritanomaly
34, 3.945, 159.431

Monochromacy



Original Color
34, 16.585, 128.519

Achromatopsia
33, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
33, 6.660, 128.574

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 34, 16.585, 128.519 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 84, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 84, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 84, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 84, 59) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 34, 16.585, 128.519 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 84, 59) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 84, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(71, 84, 59)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 84, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 84, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 84, 59)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 34, 16.585, 128.519 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 84, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 84,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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