

Converting Colors

CIELCh(34, 18.057, 338.584)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(34, 18.057, 338.584)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(34, 18.026, 338.785)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	66475B
RGB	102, 71, 91
RGB Percent	40%, 28%, 36%
CMY	0.6016, 0.7230, 0.6447
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.11, 0.60
HSL	321°, 18%, 34%
HSV	321°, 30%, 40%
XYZ	9.5345, 8.0082, 10.8525
YIQ	82.5490, 12.0560, 12.7920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

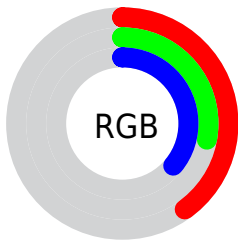
Format	Color
R_{YB}	102, 71, 91
Decimal	6702939
CIE Lab	34.00, 16.80, -6.52
CIE LCh	34, 18.026, 338.785
Yxy	8.0082, 0.3358, 0.2820
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284893019 (0xFF66475B)
YUV	82.5490, 4.1663, 17.0585
Hunter-Lab	28.2988, 10.6176, -2.9284

Details

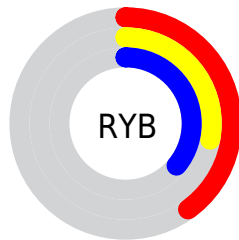
The CIELCh color $[34, 18.026, 338.785]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 663333 . A complement of this color would be $[40, 17.751, 154.210]$, and the grayscale version is $[35, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[54, 17.703, 338.562]$, and $[14, 17.585, 339.030]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[31, 23.859, 339.635]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[37, 12.081, 338.001]$.

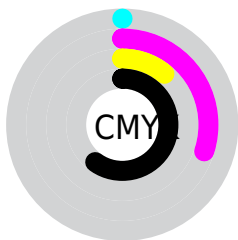
Distribution



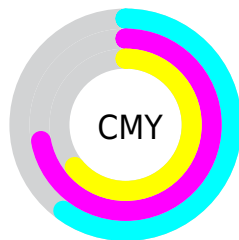
- Red (40%)
- Green (28%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (60%)





- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (64%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 34, 18.026, 338.785 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 34, 18.026, 338.785 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 34, 18.026,
338.785


 34, 18.026,
338.785

 100, 18.026,
338.785


 24, 18.026,
338.785

 54, 18.026,
338.785


 14, 18.026,
338.785


 64, 18.026,
338.785

 4, 18.026, 338.785

 74, 18.026,
338.785

 0, 18.026, 338.785

 84, 18.026,
338.785

 94, 18.026,
338.785

■ 34, 18.026,
338.785

■ 34, 18.026,
338.785

■ 31, 23.859,
339.635

■ 37, 12.081,
338.001

■ 29, 29.423,
340.567

■ 40, 6.143, 337.260

■ 43, 0.286, 335.861

■ 26, 34.504,
341.610

■ 46, 5.443, 156.027

■ 24, 38.849,
342.803

■ 49, 11.021,
155.413

■ 23, 42.201,
344.203

■ 52, 16.435,
154.847

■ 22, 44.359,
345.884

■ 55, 21.684,
154.318

■ 21, 45.972,
347.574

■ 59, 26.772,
153.822

■ 62, 31.706,
153.354

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34, 18.026, 338.785



40, 17.751, 154.210

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34, 18.026, 338.785



34, 18.026, 28.785



34, 18.026, 158.785



34, 18.026, 208.785

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34, 18.024, 338.786



52, 6.556, 337.171



32, 20.154, 305.418



26, 4.523, 337.249



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34, 18.024, 338.786



42, 27.177, 339.424



34, 14.261, 10.187



20, 3.295, 337.146



24, 49.975, 347.946



53, 85.686, 349.606

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 18.024, 338.786



42, 27.177, 339.424



41, 12.433, 184.679



20, 3.295, 337.146



24, 49.975, 347.946



53, 85.686, 349.606

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 34, 18.026, 338.785 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 34, 18.026, 338.785 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

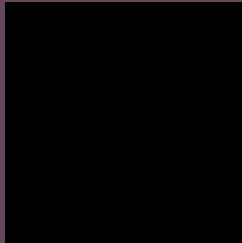
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 34, 18.026, 338.785

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 18.026, 338.785.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 18.026, 338.785.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


34, 18.026, 338.785

Protanopia

34, 10.067, 285.116

Deuteranopia

34, 7.378, 311.125



Tritanopia
34, 12.439, 7.050

Trichromacy



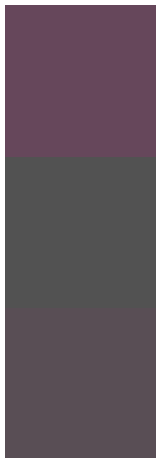
Original Color
34, 18.026, 338.785

Protanomaly
34, 11.338, 310.837

Deuteranomaly
34, 11.362, 325.271

Tritanomaly
34, 14.368, 353.463

Monochromacy



Original Color
34, 18.026, 338.785

Achromatopsia
35, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
34, 6.459, 337.781

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 34, 18.026, 338.785 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 71, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 71, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 71, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 71, 91) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 34, 18.026, 338.785 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 71, 91) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 71, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(102, 71, 91)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(102, 71, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 71, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 71,  
91) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 34, 18.026, 338.785 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 71, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102, 71,  
91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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