

Converting Colors

CIELCh(34, 18.213, 9.275)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(34, 18.213, 9.275) contains.

CIELCh(34, 18.061, 8.762)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(34, 18.061, 8.762)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C454C
RGB	108, 69, 76
RGB Percent	42%, 27%, 30%
CMY	0.5756, 0.7286, 0.7012
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.30, 0.58
HSL	349°, 22%, 35%
HSV	349°, 36%, 42%
XYZ	9.6638, 8.0082, 7.9111
YIQ	81.4590, 20.9970, 10.4450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

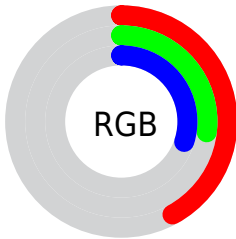
Format	Color
RYB	108, 69, 76
Decimal	7095628
CIELab	34.00, 17.85, 2.75
CIELCh	34, 18.061, 8.762
Yxy	8.0082, 0.3777, 0.3130
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285285708 (0xFF6C454C)
YUV	81.4590, -2.6913, 23.2765
Hunter-Lab	28.2988, 11.4335, 3.2343

Details

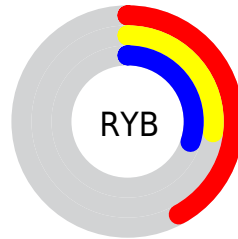
The CIELCh color **34, 18.061, 8.762** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **43, 15.502, 181.721**, and the grayscale version is **35, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54, 17.737, 8.524**, and **14, 17.886, 9.682** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31, 23.460, 10.418**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 12.773, 7.407**.

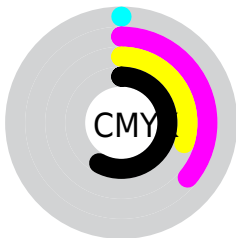
Distribution



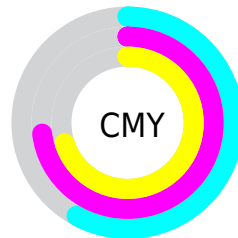
- Red (42%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (58%)




- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 34, 18.061, 8.762 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 34, 18.061, 8.762 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 34, 18.061, 8.762  34, 18.061, 8.762

 100, 18.061, 8.762  24, 18.061, 8.762

 54, 18.061, 8.762  14, 18.061, 8.762

 64, 18.061, 8.762  4, 18.061, 8.762

 74, 18.061, 8.762  0, 18.061, 8.762

 84, 18.061, 8.762

 94, 18.061, 8.762

 34, 18.061, 8.762  34, 18.061, 8.762

 31, 23.460, 10.418  37, 12.773, 7.407

 28, 28.852, 12.461  40, 7.680, 6.263

■ 26, 34.068, 15.013

■ 44, 2.822, 5.236

■ 24, 38.925, 18.200

■ 47, 1.788, 184.717

■ 22, 43.275, 22.113

■ 50, 6.150, 183.871

■ 21, 47.215, 26.502

■ 54, 10.278,
183.218

■ 21, 48.860, 28.036

■ 57, 14.187,
182.648

■ 61, 17.898,
182.137

■ 64, 21.429,
181.677

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34, 18.061, 8.762



43, 15.502, 181.721

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34, 18.061, 8.762



34, 18.061, 58.762



34, 18.061, 188.762



34, 18.061, 238.762

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34, 18.059, 8.765



54, 6.431, 5.772



34, 27.320, 320.823



27, 4.366, 5.871



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34, 18.059, 8.765



41, 27.023, 10.078



37, 14.792, 51.390



21, 2.617, 5.535



23, 51.977, 28.588



51, 92.222, 31.964

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 18.059, 8.765



41, 27.023, 10.078



39, 12.091, 237.456



21, 2.617, 5.535



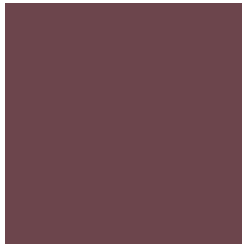
23, 51.977, 28.588



51, 92.222, 31.964

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 34, 18.061, 8.762 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

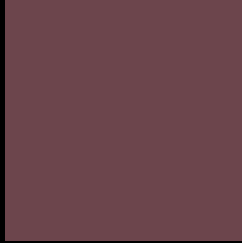
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 34, 18.061, 8.762 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

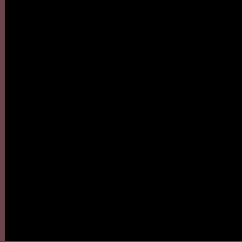
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 34, 18.061, 8.762

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 18.061, 8.762.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 18.061, 8.762.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

34, 18.061, 8.762

Protanopia

34, 1.333, 309.118

Deuteranopia

34, 5.705, 39.178



Tritanopia
34, 18.009, 10.713

Trichromacy



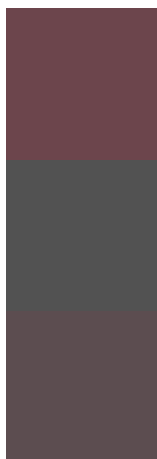
Original Color
34, 18.061, 8.762

Protanomaly
34, 7.050, 359.788

Deuteranomaly
34, 9.957, 20.940

Tritanomaly
34, 18.009, 10.713

Monochromacy



Original Color
34, 18.061, 8.762

Achromatopsia
35, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
34, 6.864, 4.686

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 34, 18.061, 8.762 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 69, 76)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 69, 76)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 69, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 69, 76) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 34, 18.061, 8.762 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 69, 76) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 69, 76) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 69, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 69, 76); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 69, 76);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 69,  
76) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 34, 18.061, 8.762 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 69, 76) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108, 69,  
76) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor