

Converting Colors

CIELCh(34, 18.851, 146.484)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(34, 18.851, 146.484)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(34, 18.597, 146.677)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3B563F
RGB	59, 86, 63
RGB Percent	23%, 34%, 25%
CMY	0.7674, 0.6615, 0.7517
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 0.27, 0.66
HSL	129°, 19%, 29%
HSV	129°, 31%, 34%
XYZ	6.0810, 8.0082, 5.9724
YIQ	75.3050, -8.7090, -12.8770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

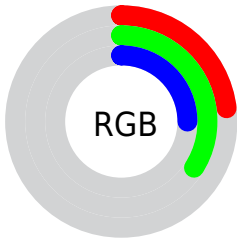
Format	Color
R_{YB}	59, 83, 86
Decimal	3888703
CIE _{Lab}	34.00, -15.54, 10.22
CIE _{LCh}	34, 18.597, 146.677
Yxy	8.0082, 0.3031, 0.3992
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282078783 (0xFF3B563F)
YUV	75.3050, -6.0664, -14.2995
Hunter-Lab	28.2988, -11.1659, 7.2962

Details

The CIELCh color $34, 18.597, 146.677$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336666 . A complement of this color would be $29, 18.642, 330.516$, and the grayscale version is $32, 0.005, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $54, 18.557, 147.057$, and $14, 18.649, 147.027$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $33, 24.436, 145.784$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $35, 12.654, 147.457$.

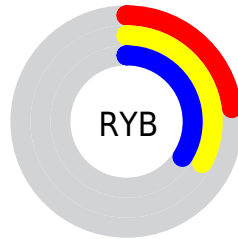
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (34%)

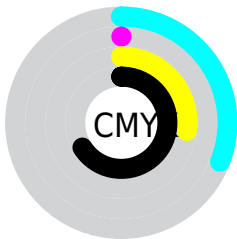
Blue (25%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (34%)

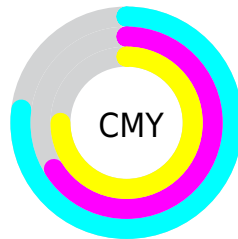


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (66%)



Cyan (77%)


Magenta (66%)


Yellow (75%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 34, 18.597, 146.677 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 34, 18.597, 146.677 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 34, 18.597,
146.677


 34, 18.597,
146.677

 100, 18.597,
146.677


 24, 18.597,
146.677

 54, 18.597,
146.677


 14, 18.597,
146.677

 64, 18.597,
146.677

 4, 18.597, 146.677

 74, 18.597,
146.677

 0, 18.597, 146.677

 84, 18.597,
146.677

 94, 18.597,
146.677

■ 34, 18.597,
146.677

■ 34, 18.597,
146.677

■ 33, 24.436,
145.784

■ 35, 12.654,
147.457

■ 33, 30.069,
144.767

■ 36, 6.685, 148.143

■ 32, 35.384,
143.623

■ 37, 0.757, 148.917

■ 32, 40.255,
142.362

■ 38, 5.083, 329.182

■ 32, 44.555,
141.015

■ 39, 10.799,
329.644

■ 31, 48.173,
139.661

■ 40, 16.369,
330.039

■ 31, 50.883,
138.810

■ 41, 21.780,
330.385

■ 42, 27.024,
330.691

■ 44, 32.101,
330.963

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34, 18.597, 146.677



29, 18.642, 330.516

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34, 18.597, 146.677



34, 18.597, 196.677



34, 18.597, 326.677



34, 18.597, 16.677

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34, 18.598, 146.677



46, 6.606, 148.271



36, 16.624, 113.201



23, 4.543, 148.212



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34, 18.598, 146.677



43, 27.953, 145.975



34, 12.830, 168.704



17, 3.319, 148.305



39, 59.809, 138.344



81, 108.794, 137.383

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 18.642, 330.516



36, 27.989, 330.978



28, 13.695, 354.526



16, 3.328, 329.223



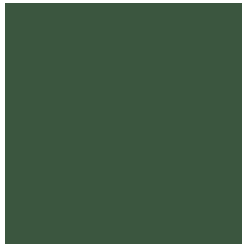
23, 54.672, 334.758



54, 96.483, 335.272

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 34, 18.597, 146.677 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 34, 18.597, 146.677 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

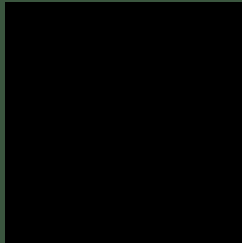
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 34, 18.597, 146.677

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 18.597, 146.677.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 18.597, 146.677.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

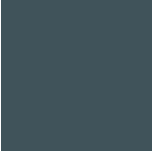
34, 18.597, 146.677

Protanopia

34, 12.660, 97.270

Deuteranopia

34, 10.346, 66.086



Tritanopia
34, 8.482, 229.896

Trichromacy



Original Color
34, 18.597, 146.677

Protanomaly
34, 13.326, 119.884

Deuteranomaly
34, 9.971, 108.425

Tritanomaly
34, 9.385, 182.517

Monochromacy



Original Color
34, 18.597, 146.677

Achromatopsia
32, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
33, 7.192, 146.588

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 34, 18.597, 146.677 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 86, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 86, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 86, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 86, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 34, 18.597, 146.677 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 86, 63) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 86, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(59, 86, 63)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 86, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 86, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 86, 63)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 34, 18.597, 146.677 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 86, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 86,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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