

Converting Colors

CIELCh(34, 4.772, 285.543)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(34, 4.772, 285.543) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(34, 4.452, 280.210)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4E5057
RGB	78, 80, 87
RGB Percent	31%, 31%, 34%
CMY	0.6948, 0.6870, 0.6595
CMYK	0.10, 0.08, 0.00, 0.66
HSL	227°, 5%, 32%
HSV	227°, 10%, 34%
XYZ	7.6955, 8.0082, 10.1178
YIQ	80.2000, -3.4390, 1.7530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	78, 80, 87
Decimal	5132375
CIE Lab	34.00, 0.79, -4.38
CIE LCh	34, 4.452, 280.210
Yxy	8.0082, 0.2980, 0.3101
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283322455 (0xFF4E5057)
YUV	80.2000, 3.3524, -1.9294
Hunter-Lab	28.2988, -0.9821, -1.3892

Details

The CIELCh color **34, 4.452, 280.210** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **36, 4.407, 97.909**, and the grayscale version is **34, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54, 4.665, 281.255**, and **14, 4.345, 279.221** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31, 8.852, 281.479**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 0.159, 279.648**.

Distribution



- Red (31%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (66%)









- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 34, 4.452, 280.210 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 34, 4.452, 280.210 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 34, 4.452, 280.210	 34, 4.452, 280.210
 100, 4.452, 280.210	 24, 4.452, 280.210
 54, 4.452, 280.210	 14, 4.452, 280.210
 64, 4.452, 280.210	 4, 4.452, 280.210
 74, 4.452, 280.210	 0, 4.452, 280.210
 84, 4.452, 280.210	
 94, 4.452, 280.210	
 34, 4.452, 280.210	 34, 4.452, 280.210
 31, 8.852, 281.479	 37, 0.159, 279.648

■ 28, 13.370,
282.962

■ 40, 4.031, 98.062

■ 26, 18.015,
284.675

■ 42, 8.122, 97.219

■ 23, 22.798,
286.645

■ 45, 12.118, 96.469

■ 20, 27.731,
288.890

■ 48, 16.024, 95.804

■ 17, 32.820,
291.404

■ 51, 19.842, 95.212

■ 15, 38.042,
294.138

■ 53, 23.575, 94.681

■ 12, 43.314,
296.977

■ 56, 27.226, 94.204

■ 10, 48.340,
299.320

■ 59, 30.798, 93.773

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34, 4.452, 280.210



36, 4.407, 97.909

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34, 4.452, 280.210



34, 4.452, 330.210



34, 4.452, 100.210



34, 4.452, 150.210

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34, 4.451, 280.201



46, 1.582, 279.422



36, 4.012, 179.947



23, 1.187, 279.478



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34, 4.451, 280.201



43, 6.384, 280.444



34, 5.765, 301.139



16, 2.397, 280.017



14, 57.480, 300.180



35, 108.608, 302.086

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 4.133, 2.393



43, 5.940, 2.595



36, 5.653, 119.975



16, 2.221, 2.234



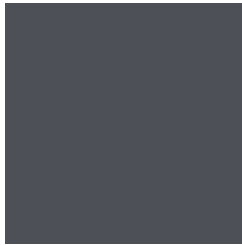
21, 47.290, 24.607



49, 86.654, 28.649

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 34, 4.452, 280.210 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

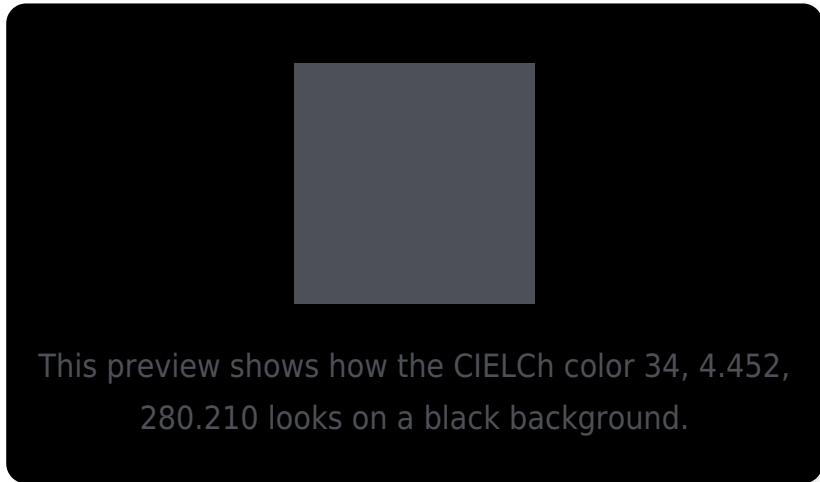
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

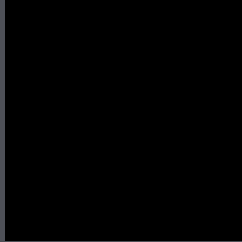
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

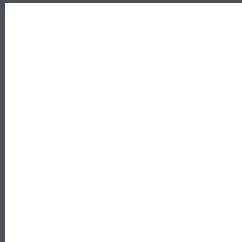
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 34, 4.452, 280.210

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 4.452, 280.210.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 4.452, 280.210.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

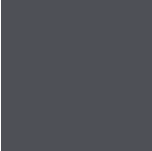
34, 4.452, 280.210

Protanopia

34, 5.025, 291.046

Deuteranopia

34, 6.219, 315.048



Tritanopia
34, 3.839, 278.307

Trichromacy



Original Color

34, 4.452, 280.210

Protanomaly

34, 5.025, 291.046

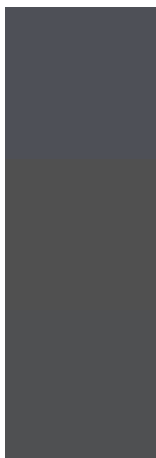
Deuteranomaly

34, 5.194, 305.020

Tritanomaly

34, 3.839, 278.307

Monochromacy



Original Color

34, 4.452, 280.210

Achromatopsia

34, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

34, 1.321, 271.635

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 34, 4.452, 280.210 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(78, 80, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(78, 80, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 80, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(78, 80, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 34, 4.452, 280.210 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(78, 80, 87) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(78, 80, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 80, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(78, 80, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 80, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 80, 87)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 34, 4.452, 280.210 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(78, 80, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(78, 80,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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