

Converting Colors

CIELCh(34, 5.173, 35.626)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(34, 5.173, 35.626) contains.

CIELCh(34, 5.274, 40.752)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(34, 5.274, 40.752)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	594E4B
RGB	89, 78, 75
RGB Percent	35%, 31%, 29%
CMY	0.6524, 0.6955, 0.7072
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.16, 0.65
HSL	13°, 9%, 32%
HSV	13°, 16%, 35%
XYZ	8.0428, 8.0082, 7.7161
YIQ	80.9470, 7.5190, 1.3990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

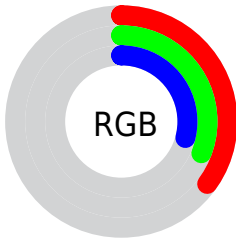
Format	Color
RYB	89, 79, 75
Decimal	5852747
CIELab	34.00, 4.00, 3.44
CIELCh	34, 5.274, 40.752
Yxy	8.0082, 0.3384, 0.3369
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284042827 (0xFF594E4B)
YUV	80.9470, -2.9319, 7.0625
Hunter-Lab	28.2988, 1.2085, 3.6429

Details

The CIELCh color $[34, 5.274, 40.752]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[36, 4.810, 221.795]$, and the grayscale version is $[34, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[54, 5.176, 39.207]$, and $[14, 5.169, 44.544]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[32, 8.950, 40.682]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[36, 1.860, 40.859]$.

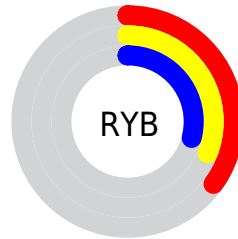
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (31%)

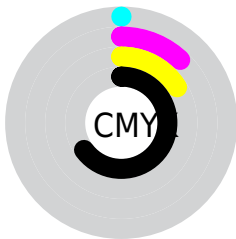
Blue (29%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (29%)

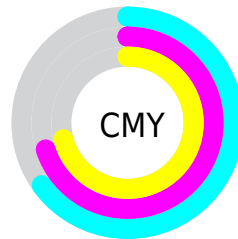


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 34, 5.274, 40.752 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 34, 5.274, 40.752 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 34, 5.274, 40.752  34, 5.274, 40.752

 100, 5.274, 40.752  24, 5.274, 40.752

 54, 5.274, 40.752  14, 5.274, 40.752

 64, 5.274, 40.752  4, 5.274, 40.752

 74, 5.274, 40.752  0, 5.274, 40.752

 84, 5.274, 40.752

 94, 5.274, 40.752

 34, 5.274, 40.752  34, 5.274, 40.752

 32, 8.950, 40.682  36, 1.860, 40.859

 30, 12.907, 40.699  39, 1.313, 221.513

■ 27, 17.155, 40.853

■ 41, 4.268, 221.671

■ 25, 21.691, 41.173

■ 43, 7.030, 221.995

■ 23, 26.482, 41.676

■ 46, 9.620, 222.361

■ 22, 31.455, 42.349

■ 48, 12.057,
222.748

■ 20, 36.179, 42.656

■ 51, 14.359,
223.146

■ 19, 39.900, 41.942

■ 18, 41.376, 41.848

■ 53, 16.542,
223.549

■ 55, 18.620,
223.953

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34, 5.274, 40.752



36, 4.810, 221.795

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34, 5.274, 40.752



34, 5.274, 90.752



34, 5.274, 220.752



34, 5.274, 270.752

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34, 5.274, 40.766



47, 1.986, 40.854



33, 9.247, 331.420



24, 1.368, 40.858



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34, 5.274, 40.766



43, 7.971, 40.725



36, 6.332, 91.896



16, 1.788, 40.848



23, 49.344, 43.224



52, 93.072, 43.579

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 4.810, 221.795



45, 7.095, 221.974



33, 6.350, 275.654



17, 1.703, 221.549



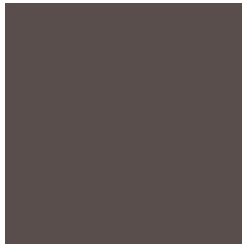
33, 23.253, 236.434



70, 41.696, 239.403

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 34, 5.274, 40.752 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 34, 5.274, 40.752 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

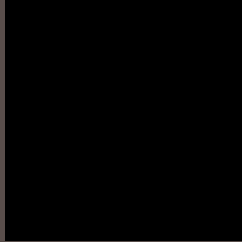
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 34, 5.274, 40.752

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 5.274, 40.752.

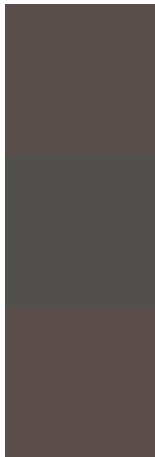


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 5.274, 40.752.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

34, 5.274, 40.752

Protanopia

34, 2.640, 90.256

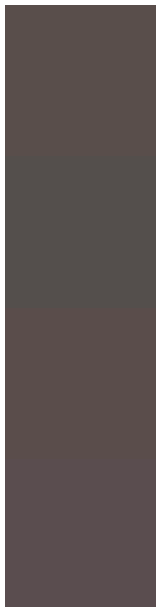
Deuteranopia

34, 5.968, 32.242



Tritanopia
34, 7.164, 348.967

Trichromacy



Original Color
34, 5.274, 40.752

Protanomaly
34, 2.890, 59.948

Deuteranomaly
34, 5.968, 32.242

Tritanomaly
34, 5.867, 8.026

Monochromacy



Original Color
34, 5.274, 40.752

Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
34, 1.848, 39.211

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 34, 5.274, 40.752 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 78, 75)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 78, 75)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 78, 75) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 78, 75) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 34, 5.274, 40.752 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 78, 75) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 78, 75) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 78, 75)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 78, 75); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 78, 75);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 78, 75)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 34, 5.274, 40.752 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 78, 75) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 78,  
75) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor