

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(34, 51.373, 136.374)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(34, 51.373, 136.374)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(34, 51.450, 136.227)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	165D0F
RGB	22, 93, 15
RGB Percent	9%, 36%, 6%
CMY	0.9144, 0.6358, 0.9417
CMYK	0.77, 0.00, 0.84, 0.64
HSL	115°, 72%, 21%
HSV	115°, 84%, 36%
XYZ	4.3148, 8.0082, 1.7647
YIQ	62.8790, -17.2780, -39.3100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

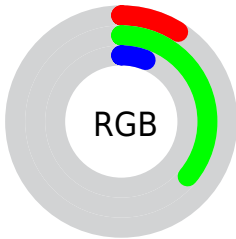
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	15, 93, 86
Decimal	1465615
CIELab	34.00, -37.15, 35.59
CIELCh	34, 51.450, 136.227
Yxy	8.0082, 0.3063, 0.5685
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279655695 (0xFF165D0F)
YUV	62.8790, -23.6043, -35.8509
Hunter-Lab	28.2988, -22.3063, 16.1118

# Details

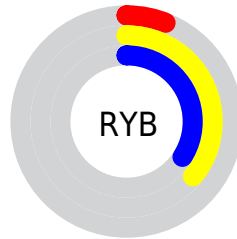
The CIELCh color **34, 51.450, 136.227** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **20, 50.887, 324.972**, and the grayscale version is **27, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54, 51.562, 136.233**, and **15, 33.785, 140.203** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34, 54.733, 135.708**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34, 47.157, 136.887**.

# Distribution



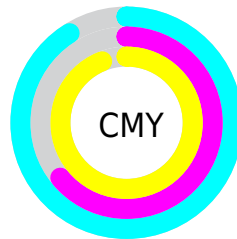
- Red (9%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (6%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (77%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Black (64%)




- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (94%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 34, 51.450, 136.227 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 34, 51.450, 136.227 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 34, 51.450,  
136.227


 34, 51.450,  
136.227

 100, 51.450,  
136.227


 24, 51.450,  
136.227

 54, 51.450,  
136.227


 14, 51.450,  
136.227

 64, 51.450,  
136.227

 4, 51.450, 136.227

 74, 51.450,  
136.227

 0, 51.450, 136.227

 84, 51.450,  
136.227

 94, 51.450,  
136.227

■ 34, 51.450,  
136.227

■ 34, 51.450,  
136.227

■ 34, 54.733,  
135.708

■ 34, 47.157,  
136.887

■ 34, 56.604,  
135.193

■ 35, 41.950,  
137.680

■ 35, 36.072,  
138.512

■ 36, 29.734,  
139.319

■ 36, 23.108,  
140.066

■ 37, 16.328,  
140.737

■ 38, 9.498, 141.332

■ 39, 2.697, 141.881



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34, 51.450, 136.227



20, 50.887, 324.972

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34, 51.450, 136.227



34, 51.450, 186.227



34, 51.450, 316.227



34, 51.450, 6.227

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34, 51.450, 136.228



48, 20.981, 140.625



36, 39.111, 97.741



24, 14.427, 140.472



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34, 51.450, 136.228



43, 67.956, 135.396



34, 39.956, 149.052



18, 3.752, 141.616



40, 63.725, 135.331



82, 112.880, 135.697



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20, 50.887, 324.972



26, 66.483, 324.889



20, 39.277, 347.533



17, 3.764, 322.394



23, 62.395, 324.920

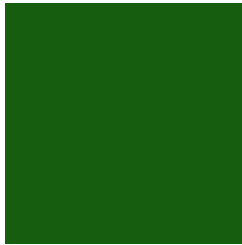


53, 110.031, 324.710



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 34, 51.450, 136.227 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

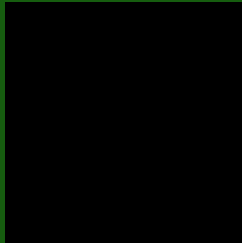
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 34, 51.450, 136.227**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 51.450, 136.227.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 51.450, 136.227.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34, 51.450, 136.227

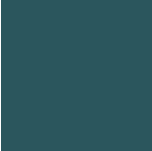
### Protanopia

34, 38.495, 95.716

### Deuteranopia

34, 33.688, 82.794





**Tritanopia**  
34, 15.403, 214.262

# Trichromacy



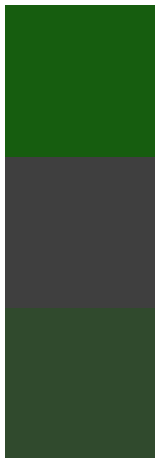
**Original Color**  
34, 51.450, 136.227

**Protanomaly**  
33, 41.176, 117.316

**Deuteranomaly**  
33, 35.491, 112.200

**Tritanomaly**  
33, 25.190, 161.177

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
34, 51.450, 136.227

**Achromatopsia**  
27, 0.004, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
29, 21.926, 139.430

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 34, 51.450, 136.227 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(22, 93, 15)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(22, 93, 15)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(22, 93, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(22, 93, 15) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 34, 51.450, 136.227 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(22, 93, 15) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(22, 93, 15) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(22, 93, 15)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(22, 93, 15); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(22, 93, 15);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(22, 93, 15)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 34, 51.450, 136.227 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(22, 93, 15) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(22, 93,  
15) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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