

Converting Colors

CIELCh(34, 60.703, 357.331)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(34, 60.703, 357.331)
contains.

CIELCh(34, 60.171, 357.695)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(34, 60.171, 357.695)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9F0056
RGB	159, 0, 86
RGB Percent	62%, 0%, 34%
CMY	0.3773, 1.0000, 0.6634
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.46, 0.38
HSL	328°, 100%, 31%
HSV	328°, 100%, 62%
XYZ	15.9240, 8.0082, 9.4747
YIQ	57.3450, 67.1580, 60.4540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

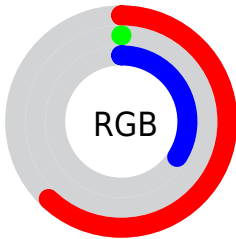
Format	Color
R_{YB}	159, 0, 86
Decimal	10420310
CIE _{Lab}	34.00, 60.12, -2.42
CIE _{LCh}	34, 60.171, 357.695
Yxy	8.0082, 0.4767, 0.2397
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288610390 (0xFF9F0056)
YUV	57.3450, 14.1269, 89.1514
Hunter-Lab	28.2988, 50.9209, -0.0417

Details

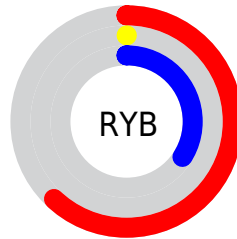
The CIELCh color **34, 60.171, 357.695** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **57, 64.695, 147.484**, and the grayscale version is **24, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54, 60.067, 357.344**, and **20, 42.794, 7.899** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34, 60.107, 357.723**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35, 58.831, 354.502**.

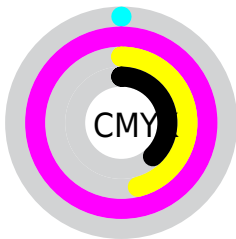
Distribution



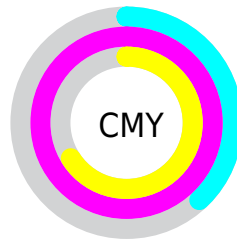
- Red (62%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (38%)





- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (66%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 34, 60.171, 357.695 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 34, 60.171, 357.695 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 34, 60.171,
357.695


 34, 60.171,
357.695

 100, 60.171,
357.695


 24, 60.171,
357.695

 54, 60.171,
357.695


 14, 60.171,
357.695


 64, 60.171,
357.695

 4, 60.171, 357.695

 74, 60.171,
357.695

 0, 60.171, 357.695

 84, 60.171,
357.695

 94, 60.171,
357.695

■ 34, 60.171,
357.695

■ 34, 60.171,
357.695

■ 34, 60.107,
357.723

■ 35, 58.831,
354.502

■ 37, 56.254,
351.801

■ 39, 51.964,
349.644

■ 42, 46.205,
347.895

■ 45, 39.357,
346.443

■ 48, 31.809,
345.205

■ 52, 23.890,
344.124

■ 57, 15.849,

343.160

■ 61, 7.852, 342.276

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34, 60.171, 357.695



57, 64.695, 147.484

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34, 60.171, 357.695



34, 60.171, 47.695



34, 60.171, 177.695



34, 60.171, 227.695

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34, 60.107, 357.723



67, 29.599, 344.183



23, 88.400, 310.949



33, 20.358, 344.599



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34, 60.107, 357.723



45, 72.883, 358.522



33, 71.130, 37.637



31, 4.420, 342.211



30, 55.684, 357.349



1, 5.615, 342.971

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 60.107, 357.723



45, 72.883, 358.522



59, 36.650, 189.087



31, 4.420, 342.211



30, 55.684, 357.349



1, 5.615, 342.971

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 34, 60.171, 357.695 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

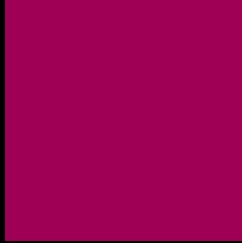
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 34, 60.171, 357.695 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

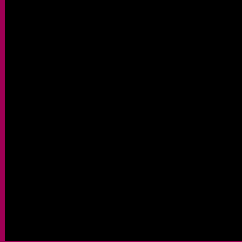
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 34, 60.171, 357.695

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 60.171, 357.695.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 60.171, 357.695.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

34, 60.171, 357.695

Protanopia

36, 26.302, 284.983

Deuteranopia

35, 5.799, 26.318



Tritanopia
35, 58.539, 32.707

Trichromacy



Original Color
34, 60.171, 357.695

Protanomaly
30, 40.345, 322.837

Deuteranomaly
31, 32.844, 352.535

Tritanomaly
34, 57.017, 19.437

Monochromacy



Original Color
34, 60.171, 357.695

Achromatopsia
24, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
24, 30.936, 348.021

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 34, 60.171, 357.695 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 0, 86)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 0, 86)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 0, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 0, 86) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 34, 60.171, 357.695 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 0, 86) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 0, 86) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 0, 86)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 0, 86); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 0, 86);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 0, 86)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 34, 60.171, 357.695 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 0, 86) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159, 0,  
86) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor