

Converting Colors

CIELCh(34, 61.400, 15.907)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(34, 61.400, 15.907) contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| CIELCh(34, 61.348, 15.927) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 11 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 20 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 23 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 26 |

Color

CIELCh(34, 61.348, 15.927)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | A30039 |
| RGB | 163, 0, 57 |
| RGB Percent | 64%, 0%, 22% |
| CMY | 0.3626, 1.0000, 0.7778 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 1.00, 0.65, 0.36 |
| HSL | 339°, 100%, 32% |
| HSV | 339°, 100%, 64% |
| XYZ | 15.7291, 8.0082, 4.5439 |
| YIQ | 55.2350, 78.8510, 52.2830 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

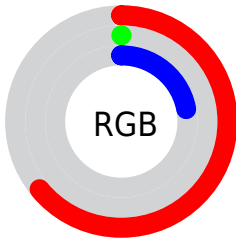
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 163, 0, 57 |
| Decimal | 10682425 |
| CIELab | 34.00, 58.99, 16.83 |
| CIELCh | 34, 61.348, 15.927 |
| Yxy | 8.0082, 0.5562, 0.2832 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288872505 (0xFFA30039) |
| YUV | 55.2350, 0.8701, 94.5099 |
| Hunter-Lab | 28.2988, 49.6914, 10.2891 |

Details

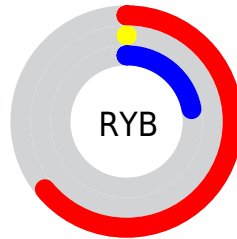
The CIELCh color **34, 61.348, 15.927** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **59, 53.353, 158.443**, and the grayscale version is **23, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54, 61.164, 15.779**, and **20, 47.854, 29.754** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34, 61.238, 16.014**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35, 58.392, 11.182**.

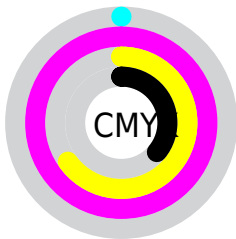
Distribution



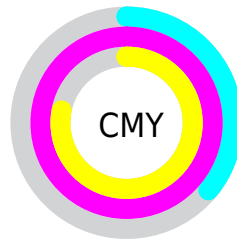
- Red (64%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (78%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 34, 61.348, 15.927 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 34, 61.348, 15.927 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 34, 61.348, 15.927

 34, 61.348, 15.927

 100, 61.348,
15.927

 24, 61.348, 15.927

 54, 61.348, 15.927

 14, 61.348, 15.927

 64, 61.348, 15.927

 4, 61.348, 15.927

 74, 61.348, 15.927

 0, 61.348, 15.927

 84, 61.348, 15.927

 94, 61.348, 15.927

 34, 61.348, 15.927

 34, 61.348, 15.927

 34, 61.238, 16.014

 35, 58.392, 11.182

■ 37, 54.714, 7.014

■ 39, 49.755, 3.696

■ 42, 43.673, 1.069

■ 45, 36.787,
358.970

■ 49, 29.438,
357.259

■ 53, 21.913,
355.834

■ 58, 14.420,
354.618

■ 62, 7.092, 353.545

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34, 61.348, 15.927



59, 53.353, 158.443

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34, 61.348, 15.927



34, 61.348, 65.927



34, 61.348, 195.927



34, 61.348, 245.927

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34, 61.238, 16.014



68, 27.184, 355.908



29, 86.266, 315.933



34, 18.763, 356.456



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34, 61.238, 16.014



45, 74.831, 17.161



35, 71.925, 42.277



32, 4.020, 353.469



30, 56.315, 15.442



1, 6.043, 354.870

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 61.238, 16.014



45, 74.831, 17.161



53, 31.128, 224.351



32, 4.020, 353.469



30, 56.315, 15.442



1, 6.043, 354.870

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 34, 61.348, 15.927 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 34, 61.348, 15.927 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

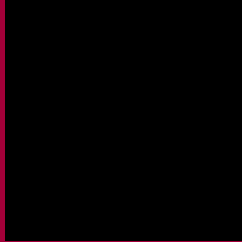
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 34, 61.348, 15.927

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 61.348, 15.927.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 61.348, 15.927.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

34, 61.348, 15.927

Protanopia

35, 0.860, 19.189

Deuteranopia

35, 21.736, 76.832



Tritanopia
34, 66.467, 36.539

Trichromacy



Original Color
34, 61.348, 15.927

Protanomaly
31, 28.857, 0.322

Deuteranomaly
31, 35.240, 24.762

Tritanomaly
34, 64.268, 30.047

Monochromacy



Original Color
34, 61.348, 15.927

Achromatopsia
23, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
23, 29.235, 0.374

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 34, 61.348, 15.927 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 0, 57)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 0, 57)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 0, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 0, 57) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 34, 61.348, 15.927 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 0, 57) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 0, 57) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 0, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 0, 57); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 0, 57);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 0, 57)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 34, 61.348, 15.927 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 0, 57) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163, 0,  
57) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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