

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(34, 65.298, 34.981)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(34, 65.298, 34.981) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(34, 65.128, 35.001)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9F1517
RGB	159, 21, 23
RGB Percent	62%, 8%, 9%
CMY	0.3755, 0.9162, 0.9091
CMYK	0.00, 0.87, 0.85, 0.38
HSL	359°, 76%, 35%
HSV	359°, 87%, 62%
XYZ	14.7787, 8.0082, 1.5866
YIQ	62.4900, 81.6060, 29.8780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

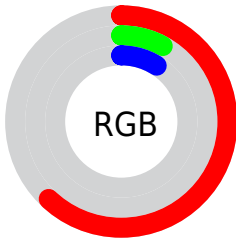
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	159, 21, 23
Decimal	10425623
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	34.00, 53.35, 37.36
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	34, 65.128, 35.001
Yxy	8.0082, 0.6063, 0.3286
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288615703 (0xFF9F1517)
YUV	62.4900, -19.4686, 84.6393
Hunter-Lab	28.2988, 43.6968, 16.4850

# Details

The CIELCh color **34, 65.128, 35.001** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **59, 34.516, 194.707**, and the grayscale version is **27, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54, 65.040, 34.685**, and **18, 48.773, 35.419** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33, 70.923, 38.251**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36, 57.837, 31.371**.

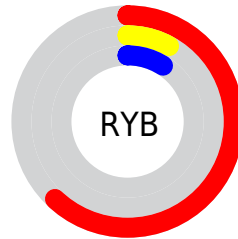
# Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (8%)

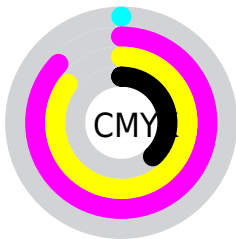
Blue (9%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (8%)

Blue (9%)

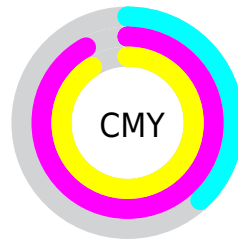


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (87%)

Yellow (85%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (92%)

Yellow (91%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 34, 65.128, 35.001 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 34, 65.128, 35.001 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 34, 65.128, 35.001

■ 34, 65.128, 35.001

■ 100, 65.128,  
35.001

■ 24, 65.128, 35.001

■ 54, 65.128, 35.001

■ 14, 65.128, 35.001

■ 64, 65.128, 35.001

■ 4, 65.128, 35.001

■ 74, 65.128, 35.001

■ 0, 65.128, 35.001

■ 84, 65.128, 35.001

■ 94, 65.128, 35.001

■ 34, 65.128, 35.001

■ 34, 65.128, 35.001

■ 33, 70.923, 38.251

■ 36, 57.837, 31.371

33, 72.704, 39.164

38, 49.856, 28.107

41, 41.609, 25.433

45, 33.389, 23.330

49, 25.415, 21.701

53, 17.834, 20.438

58, 10.722, 19.447

62, 4.100, 18.615

67, 2.043, 198.352

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34, 65.128, 35.001



59, 34.516, 194.707

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34, 65.128, 35.001



34, 65.128, 85.001



34, 65.128, 215.001



34, 65.128, 265.001

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34, 65.126, 35.003



68, 21.547, 20.428



38, 78.016, 327.506



34, 14.896, 20.803



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34, 65.126, 35.003



43, 88.637, 39.527



45, 53.619, 62.527



31, 3.534, 18.833



29, 66.639, 38.641



1, 4.475, 18.365





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 65.126, 35.003



43, 88.637, 39.527



39, 42.252, 275.894



31, 3.534, 18.833



29, 66.639, 38.641



1, 4.475, 18.365



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 34, 65.128, 35.001 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 34, 65.128, 35.001 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 34, 65.128, 35.001

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 65.128, 35.001.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 65.128, 35.001.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34, 65.128, 35.001

### Protanopia

35, 27.537, 96.010

### Deuteranopia

35, 43.555, 84.593



**Tritanopia**  
34, 66.113, 36.662



# Trichromacy



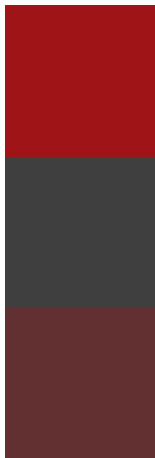
**Original Color**  
34, 65.128, 35.001

**Protanomaly**  
32, 35.421, 51.567

**Deuteranomaly**  
32, 47.869, 56.637

**Tritanomaly**  
34, 65.553, 35.933

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
34, 65.128, 35.001

**Achromatopsia**  
27, 0.004, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
27, 24.640, 23.209

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 34, 65.128, 35.001 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 21, 23)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 21, 23)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 21, 23) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 21, 23) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 34, 65.128, 35.001 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 21, 23) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 21, 23) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 21, 23) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 21, 23); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 21, 23);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 21,  
23) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 34, 65.128, 35.001 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 21, 23) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159, 21,  
23) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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