

Converting Colors

CIELCh(34, 66.073, 339.023)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(34, 66.073, 339.023)
contains.

CIELCh(34, 66.132, 339.059)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(34, 66.132, 339.059)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	980277
RGB	152, 2, 119
RGB Percent	60%, 1%, 47%
CMY	0.4054, 0.9917, 0.5347
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.22, 0.41
HSL	313°, 97%, 30%
HSV	313°, 99%, 59%
XYZ	16.2102, 8.0082, 18.0379
YIQ	60.1880, 51.8430, 68.1870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

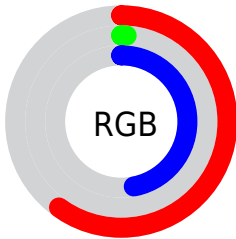
Format	Color
RYB	152, 2, 119
Decimal	9962103
CIELab	34.00, 61.76, -23.64
CIElCh	34, 66.132, 339.059
Yxy	8.0082, 0.3836, 0.1895
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288152183 (0xFF980277)
YUV	60.1880, 28.9943, 80.5191
Hunter-Lab	28.2988, 52.7262, -17.9828

Details

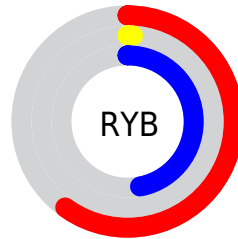
The CIELCh color **34, 66.132, 339.059** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **55, 74.564, 139.486**, and the grayscale version is **25, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54, 66.277, 338.883**, and **20, 46.543, 341.646** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34, 66.299, 339.216**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35, 64.761, 337.943**.

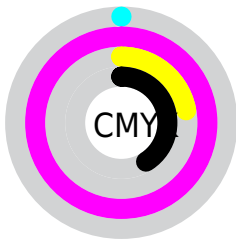
Distribution



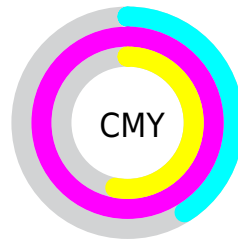
- Red (60%)
- Green (1%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (41%)





- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (53%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 34, 66.132, 339.059 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 34, 66.132, 339.059 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 34, 66.132,
339.059


 34, 66.132,
339.059

 100, 66.132,
339.059


 24, 66.132,
339.059

 54, 66.132,
339.059


 14, 66.132,
339.059


 64, 66.132,
339.059

 4, 66.132, 339.059

 74, 66.132,
339.059

 0, 66.132, 339.059

 84, 66.132,
339.059

 94, 66.132,
339.059

■ 34, 66.132,
339.059

■ 34, 66.132,
339.059

■ 34, 66.299,
339.216

■ 35, 64.761,
337.943

■ 36, 61.764,
336.951

■ 38, 56.927,
336.067

■ 41, 50.528,
335.257

■ 44, 42.950,
334.496

■ 47, 34.580,
333.773

■ 51, 25.755,
333.077

■ 55, 16.731,

332.407

■ 59, 7.695, 331.750

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34, 66.132, 339.059



55, 74.564, 139.486

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34, 66.132, 339.059



34, 66.132, 29.059



34, 66.132, 159.059



34, 66.132, 209.059

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34, 66.129, 339.059



64, 33.333, 333.213



19, 88.303, 307.438



32, 22.884, 333.482



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34, 66.129, 339.059



44, 80.022, 339.487



32, 59.134, 20.968



30, 5.095, 331.792



31, 62.701, 339.123



1, 5.421, 331.725

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 66.129, 339.059



44, 80.022, 339.487



56, 46.340, 163.830



30, 5.095, 331.792



31, 62.701, 339.123



1, 5.421, 331.725

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 34, 66.132, 339.059 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 34, 66.132, 339.059 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

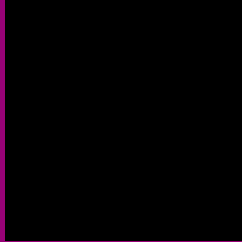
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 34, 66.132, 339.059

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 66.132, 339.059.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 66.132, 339.059.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

34, 66.281, 339.043

Protanopia

35, 54.854, 286.830

Deuteranopia

35, 18.168, 285.084



Tritanopia
35, 47.178, 27.848

Trichromacy



Original Color
34, 66.281, 339.043

Protanomaly
29, 62.096, 302.999

Deuteranomaly
31, 41.834, 321.560

Tritanomaly
33, 50.495, 4.891

Monochromacy



Original Color
34, 66.281, 339.043

Achromatopsia
25, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
25, 33.807, 335.062

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 34, 66.132, 339.059 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 2, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 2, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 2, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 2, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 34, 66.132, 339.059 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 2, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 2, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 2, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 2, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 2, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 2,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 34, 66.132, 339.059 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 2, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152, 2,  
119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor