

Converting Colors

CIELCh(34, 66.913, 337.966)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(34, 66.913, 337.966)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(34, 66.858, 337.916)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	970279
RGB	151, 2, 121
RGB Percent	59%, 1%, 47%
CMY	0.4077, 0.9918, 0.5254
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.20, 0.41
HSL	312°, 97%, 30%
HSV	312°, 99%, 59%
XYZ	16.2434, 8.0082, 18.7872
YIQ	60.1170, 50.6050, 68.5970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

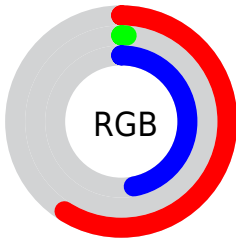
Format	Color
R_{YB}	151, 2, 121
Decimal	9896569
CIE _{Lab}	34.00, 61.95, -25.14
CIE _{LCh}	34, 66.858, 337.916
Yxy	8.0082, 0.3774, 0.1861
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288086649 (0xFF970279)
YUV	60.1170, 30.0153, 79.7044
Hunter-Lab	28.2988, 52.9354, -19.5526

Details

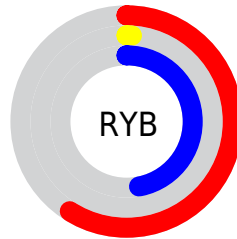
The CIELCh color **34, 66.858, 337.916** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **54, 75.138, 139.040**, and the grayscale version is **25, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54, 66.768, 337.854**, and **20, 47.106, 339.845** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34, 67.032, 338.054**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35, 65.426, 336.921**.

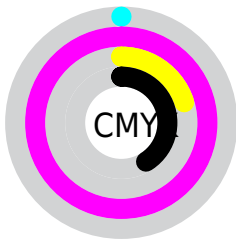
Distribution



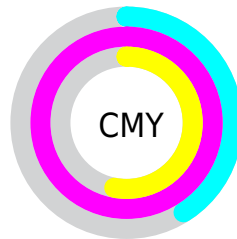
- Red (59%)
- Green (1%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (41%)





- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (53%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 34, 66.858, 337.916 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 34, 66.858, 337.916 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 34, 66.858,
337.916


 34, 66.858,
337.916

 100, 66.858,
337.916


 24, 66.858,
337.916

 54, 66.858,
337.916


 14, 66.858,
337.916


 64, 66.858,
337.916

 4, 66.858, 337.916

 74, 66.858,
337.916

 0, 66.858, 337.916

 84, 66.858,
337.916

 94, 66.858,
337.916

■ 34, 66.858,
337.916

■ 34, 66.858,
337.916

■ 34, 67.032,
338.054

■ 35, 65.426,
336.921

■ 36, 62.374,
336.024

■ 38, 57.481,
335.211

■ 41, 51.023,
334.454

■ 44, 43.379,
333.733

■ 47, 34.935,
333.039

■ 51, 26.028,
332.366

■ 55, 16.918,

331.712

■ 59, 7.791, 331.069

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34, 66.858, 337.916



54, 75.138, 139.040

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34, 66.858, 337.916



34, 66.858, 27.916



34, 66.858, 157.916



34, 66.858, 207.916

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34, 66.856, 337.916



64, 33.773, 332.497



18, 88.250, 307.279



32, 23.184, 332.758



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34, 66.856, 337.916



45, 81.151, 338.296



31, 58.534, 19.471



30, 5.164, 331.109



31, 63.566, 337.976



1, 5.494, 331.049

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 66.856, 337.916



45, 81.151, 338.296



55, 47.167, 162.493



30, 5.164, 331.109



31, 63.566, 337.976



1, 5.494, 331.049

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 34, 66.858, 337.916 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 34, 66.858, 337.916 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

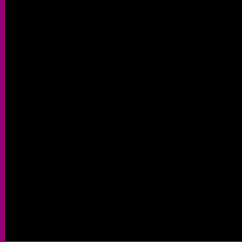
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 34, 66.858, 337.916

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 66.858, 337.916.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 66.858, 337.916.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

34, 66.858, 337.916

Protanopia

35, 56.141, 286.536

Deuteranopia

35, 19.472, 283.842



Tritanopia
35, 46.218, 27.535

Trichromacy



Original Color
34, 66.858, 337.916

Protanomaly
28, 63.512, 301.082

Deuteranomaly
31, 42.687, 319.795

Tritanomaly
33, 50.283, 3.160

Monochromacy



Original Color
34, 66.858, 337.916

Achromatopsia
25, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
25, 34.227, 334.292

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 34, 66.858, 337.916 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 2, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 2, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 2, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 2, 121) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 34, 66.858, 337.916 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 2, 121) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 2, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 2, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 2, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 2, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 2,  
121) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 34, 66.858, 337.916 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 2, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151, 2,  
121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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