

Converting Colors

CIELCh(34, 67.846, 135.127)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(34, 67.846, 135.127)
contains.

CIELCh(35, 58.578, 136.016)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(35, 58.578, 136.016)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	016101
RGB	1, 97, 1
RGB Percent	0%, 38%, 0%
CMY	0.9946, 0.6209, 0.9972
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.99, 0.62
HSL	120°, 99%, 19%
HSV	120°, 99%, 38%
XYZ	4.2652, 8.4984, 1.4358
YIQ	57.3520, -26.4000, -50.2080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 97, 97
Decimal	90369
CIE _{Lab}	35.00, -42.15, 40.68
CIE _{LCh}	35, 58.578, 136.016
Yxy	8.4984, 0.3004, 0.5985
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278280449 (0xFF016101)
YUV	57.3520, -27.7815, -49.4207
Hunter-Lab	29.1520, -24.9001, 17.4862

Details

The CIELCh color **35, 58.578, 136.016** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **21, 56.615, 327.961**, and the grayscale version is **24, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55, 58.945, 136.060**, and **16, 35.584, 139.332** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35, 58.813, 135.954**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35, 55.548, 136.793**.

Distribution



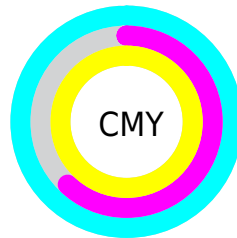
- Red (0%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Black (62%)





- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 35, 58.578, 136.016 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 35, 58.578, 136.016 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 35, 58.578,
136.016


 35, 58.578,
136.016

 100, 58.578,
136.016


 25, 58.578,
136.016

 55, 58.578,
136.016


 15, 58.578,
136.016


 65, 58.578,
136.016

 5, 58.578, 136.016

 75, 58.578,
136.016

 0, 58.578, 136.016

 85, 58.578,
136.016

 95, 58.578,
136.016

■ 35, 58.578,
136.016

■ 35, 58.578,
136.016

■ 35, 58.813,
135.954

■ 35, 55.548,
136.793

■ 35, 51.922,
137.616

■ 36, 47.130,
138.605

■ 36, 41.424,
139.646

■ 37, 35.051,
140.656

■ 37, 28.226,
141.586

■ 38, 21.127,
142.416

■ 39, 13.899,

143.143

■ 40, 6.652, 143.779

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35, 58.578, 136.016



21, 56.615, 327.961

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35, 58.578, 136.016



35, 58.578, 186.016



35, 58.578, 316.016



35, 58.578, 6.016

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35, 58.578, 136.017



49, 26.741, 142.289



39, 46.873, 101.897



25, 18.370, 142.054



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35, 58.578, 136.017



45, 70.569, 135.970



35, 42.882, 150.007



19, 4.034, 143.803



41, 65.335, 135.963



83, 114.264, 135.995

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21, 56.615, 327.961



29, 68.150, 327.964



19, 41.937, 357.528



18, 4.041, 324.680



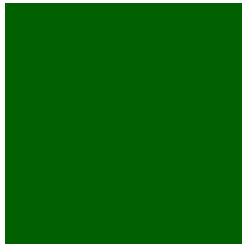
26, 63.100, 327.967



57, 110.310, 327.950

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 35, 58.578, 136.016 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

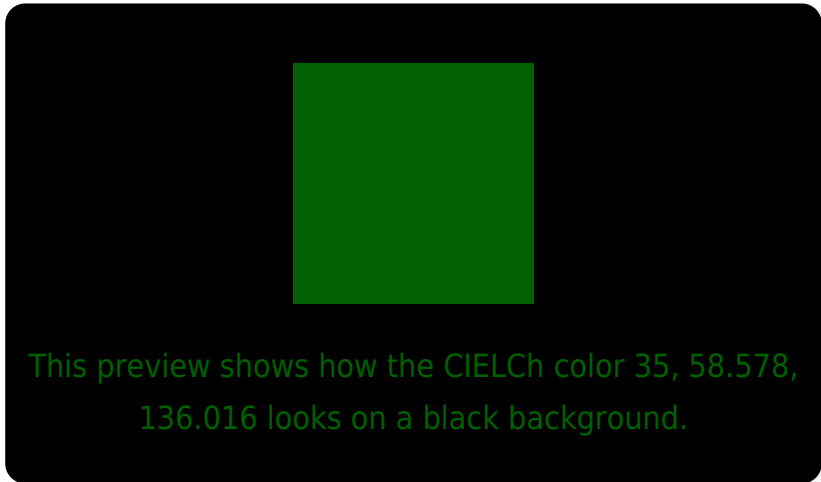
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

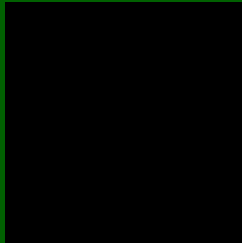
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 35, 58.578, 136.016

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 58.578, 136.016.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 58.578, 136.016.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
35, 58.675, 136.103

Protanopia
35, 43.191, 95.955

Deuteranopia
35, 36.305, 82.368



Tritanopia
35, 16.910, 212.486

Trichromacy



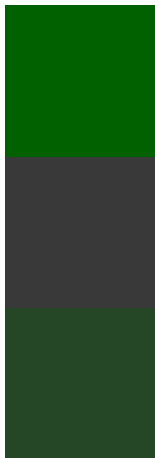
Original Color
35, 58.675, 136.103

Protanomaly
34, 46.991, 119.649

Deuteranomaly
33, 40.273, 116.337

Tritanomaly
34, 30.568, 158.031

Monochromacy



Original Color
35, 58.675, 136.103

Achromatopsia
24, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
27, 26.550, 141.138

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 35, 58.578, 136.016 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 97, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 97, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 97, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 97, 1) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 35, 58.578, 136.016 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 97, 1) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 97, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 97, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 97, 1); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 97, 1); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 97, 1) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 35, 58.578, 136.016 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 97, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 97,  
1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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