

Converting Colors

CIELCh(34, 8.784, 83.968)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(34, 8.784, 83.968) contains.

CIELCh(34, 8.932, 84.258)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(34, 8.932, 84.258)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	574F42
RGB	87, 79, 66
RGB Percent	34%, 31%, 26%
CMY	0.6589, 0.6903, 0.7412
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.24, 0.66
HSL	37°, 14%, 30%
HSV	37°, 24%, 34%
XYZ	7.7067, 8.0082, 6.2913
YIQ	79.9100, 8.9410, -2.3470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

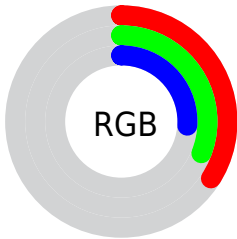
Format	Color
R_YB	79, 87, 66
Decimal	5721922
CIE Lab	34.00, 0.89, 8.89
CIE LCh	34, 8.932, 84.258
Yxy	8.0082, 0.3502, 0.3639
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283912002 (0xFF574F42)
YUV	79.9100, -6.8576, 6.2179
Hunter-Lab	28.2988, -0.9118, 6.6280

Details

The CIELCh color $34, 8.932, 84.258$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $31, 8.769, 270.420$, and the grayscale version is $34, 0.005, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $54, 8.871, 84.110$, and $14, 9.124, 86.604$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $33, 12.791, 83.031$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $35, 5.165, 85.461$.

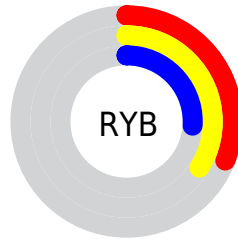
Distribution



Red (34%)

Green (31%)

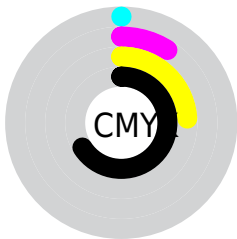
Blue (26%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (34%)

Blue (26%)

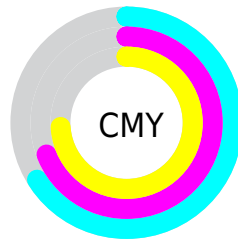


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (24%)

Black (66%)



Cyan (66%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 34, 8.932, 84.258 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 34, 8.932, 84.258 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 34, 8.932, 84.258  34, 8.932, 84.258

 100, 8.932, 84.258  24, 8.932, 84.258

 54, 8.932, 84.258  14, 8.932, 84.258

 64, 8.932, 84.258  4, 8.932, 84.258

 74, 8.932, 84.258  0, 8.932, 84.258

 84, 8.932, 84.258

 94, 8.932, 84.258

 34, 8.932, 84.258  34, 8.932, 84.258

 33, 12.791, 83.031  35, 5.165, 85.461

 32, 16.729, 81.762  36, 1.490, 86.561

■ 30, 20.717, 80.457

■ 38, 2.093, 267.868

■ 29, 24.697, 79.105

■ 39, 5.592, 268.914

■ 28, 28.559, 77.675

■ 40, 9.012, 269.953

■ 27, 32.111, 76.104

■ 42, 12.359,
270.952

■ 26, 35.197, 74.387

■ 43, 15.640,
271.909

■ 26, 36.973, 73.483

■ 44, 18.861,
272.822

■ 46, 22.027,
273.691

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34, 8.932, 84.258



31, 8.769, 270.420

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34, 8.932, 84.258



34, 8.932, 134.258



34, 8.932, 264.258



34, 8.932, 314.258

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34, 8.932, 84.266



46, 3.124, 86.247



30, 10.642, 352.636



23, 2.008, 86.225



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34, 8.932, 84.266



43, 13.334, 83.555



36, 12.937, 113.005



17, 2.023, 86.077



32, 43.575, 72.910



68, 77.607, 70.632

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 8.769, 270.420



39, 13.026, 271.386



29, 13.607, 296.804



16, 2.015, 268.242



19, 45.249, 291.631



43, 86.248, 294.327

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 34, 8.932, 84.258 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 34, 8.932, 84.258 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

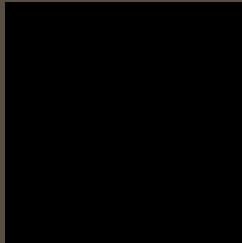
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 34, 8.932, 84.258

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 8.932, 84.258.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 8.932, 84.258.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


34, 8.932, 84.258

Protanopia

34, 8.916, 96.733

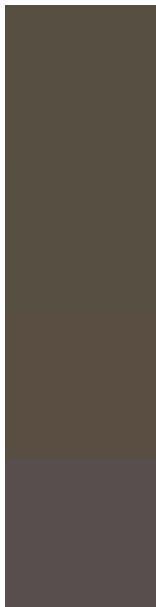
Deuteranopia

34, 9.874, 63.832



Tritanopia
34, 6.422, 344.669

Trichromacy



Original Color
34, 8.932, 84.258

Protanomaly
34, 9.024, 93.851

Deuteranomaly
34, 9.386, 72.366

Tritanomaly
34, 4.476, 27.991

Monochromacy



Original Color
34, 8.932, 84.258

Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
34, 3.384, 86.502

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 34, 8.932, 84.258 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 79, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 79, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 79, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 79, 66) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 34, 8.932, 84.258 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 79, 66) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 79, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 79, 66)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 79, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 79, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 79, 66)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 34, 8.932, 84.258 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 79, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 79,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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