

Converting Colors

CIELCh(34, 8.855, 182.524)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(34, 8.855, 182.524) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(34, 9.020, 181.934)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3F5450
RGB	63, 84, 80
RGB Percent	25%, 33%, 31%
CMY	0.7523, 0.6700, 0.6857
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.05, 0.67
HSL	169°, 14%, 29%
HSV	169°, 25%, 33%
XYZ	6.6958, 8.0082, 8.8123
YIQ	77.2650, -11.2320, -5.6960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

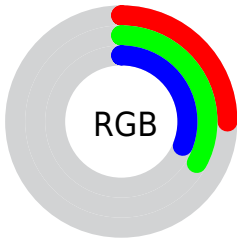
Format	Color
RYB	63, 75, 84
Decimal	4150352
CIELab	34.00, -9.01, -0.30
CIELCh	34, 9.020, 181.934
Yxy	8.0082, 0.2847, 0.3405
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282340432 (0xFF3F5450)
YUV	77.2650, 1.3484, -12.5104
Hunter-Lab	28.2988, -7.2878, 1.3462

Details


The CIELCh color **34, 9.020, 181.934** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **29, 9.925, 6.325**, and the grayscale version is **33, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54, 9.334, 180.456**, and **14, 9.048, 183.570** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33, 12.366, 181.021**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35, 5.497, 182.806**.

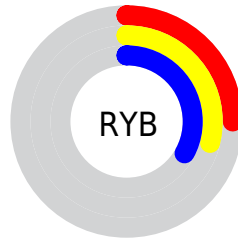
Distribution



 Red (25%)

 Green (33%)

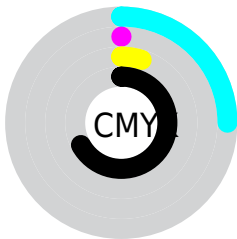
 Blue (31%)




 Red (25%)

 Yellow (29%)

 Blue (33%)

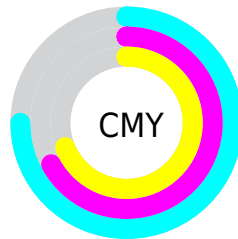



 Cyan (25%)

 Magenta (0%)

 Yellow (5%)

 Black (67%)



 Cyan (75%)

 Magenta (67%)

 Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 34, 9.020, 181.934 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 34, 9.020, 181.934 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 34, 9.020, 181.934

■ 34, 9.020, 181.934

■ 100, 9.020,
181.934

■ 24, 9.020, 181.934

■ 54, 9.020, 181.934

■ 14, 9.020, 181.934

■ 64, 9.020, 181.934

■ 4, 9.020, 181.934

■ 74, 9.020, 181.934

■ 0, 9.020, 181.934

■ 84, 9.020, 181.934

■ 94, 9.020, 181.934

■ 34, 9.020, 181.934

■ 34, 9.020, 181.934

■ 33, 12.366,
181.021

■ 35, 5.497, 182.806

■ 33, 15.481,
180.060

■ 35, 1.844, 183.725

■ 32, 18.314,
179.035

■ 36, 1.895, 4.220

■ 37, 5.681, 5.079

■ 32, 20.817,
177.929

■ 38, 9.484, 5.836

■ 32, 22.954,
176.723

■ 39, 13.279, 6.561

■ 40, 17.048, 7.261

■ 32, 24.705,
175.402

■ 41, 20.776, 7.940

■ 31, 26.171,
174.019

■ 42, 24.453, 8.598

■ 31, 26.918,
173.375

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34, 9.020, 181.934



29, 9.925, 6.325

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34, 9.020, 181.934



34, 9.020, 231.934



34, 9.020, 1.934



34, 9.020, 51.934

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34, 9.021, 181.930



46, 3.231, 183.495



34, 15.107, 137.665



23, 2.116, 183.473



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34, 9.021, 181.930



44, 13.323, 181.383



32, 7.003, 233.632



17, 2.124, 183.348



40, 32.065, 172.784



83, 57.887, 171.513

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 9.925, 6.325



36, 15.036, 7.069



31, 7.998, 50.128



16, 2.195, 4.634



21, 48.151, 27.119



49, 88.512, 31.039

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 34, 9.020, 181.934 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 34, 9.020, 181.934 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

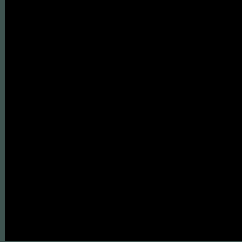
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 34, 9.020, 181.934

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 9.020, 181.934.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 9.020, 181.934.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

34, 9.020, 181.934

Protanopia

34, 1.806, 63.204

Deuteranopia

34, 5.361, 344.496



Tritanopia
34, 7.911, 227.115

Trichromacy



Original Color

34, 9.020, 181.934

Protanomaly

34, 3.209, 163.161

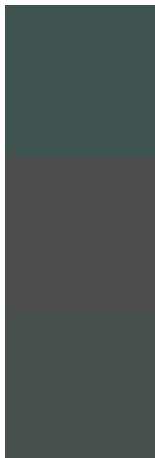
Deuteranomaly

34, 1.052, 236.216

Tritanomaly

34, 7.745, 212.571

Monochromacy



Original Color

34, 9.020, 181.934

Achromatopsia

33, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

33, 3.651, 178.759

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 34, 9.020, 181.934 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 84, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 84, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 84, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 84, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 34, 9.020, 181.934 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 84, 80) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 84, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(63, 84, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 84, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 84, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 84, 80)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 34, 9.020, 181.934 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 84, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 84,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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