

Converting Colors

CIELCh(34, 9.356, 111.429)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(34, 9.356, 111.429) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(34, 9.348, 111.350)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	505142
RGB	80, 81, 66
RGB Percent	31%, 32%, 26%
CMY	0.6858, 0.6819, 0.7407
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.18, 0.68
HSL	64°, 10%, 29%
HSV	64°, 18%, 32%
XYZ	7.2567, 8.0082, 6.3355
YIQ	78.9910, 4.2190, -4.8770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

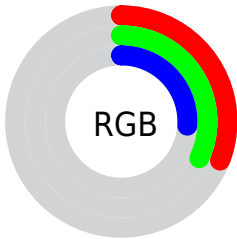
Format	Color
RYB	66, 81, 67
Decimal	5263682
CIELab	34.00, -3.40, 8.71
CIElCh	34, 9.348, 111.350
Yxy	8.0082, 0.3359, 0.3707
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283453762 (0xFF505142)
YUV	78.9910, -6.4046, 0.8849
Hunter-Lab	28.2988, -3.7502, 6.5354

Details

The CIELCh color **34, 9.348, 111.350** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **29, 9.714, 294.438**, and the grayscale version is **34, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54, 9.186, 111.611**, and **14, 9.868, 113.567** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34, 14.343, 110.566**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34, 4.303, 112.140**.

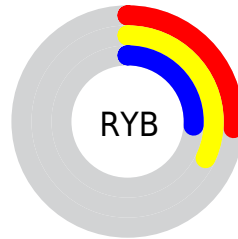
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (32%)

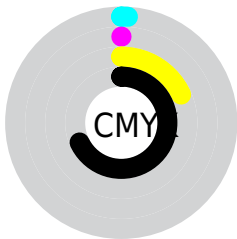
Blue (26%)



Red (26%)

Yellow (32%)

Blue (26%)

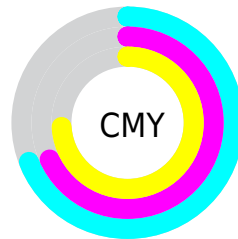


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (68%)



Cyan (69%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 34, 9.348, 111.350 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 34, 9.348, 111.350 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 34, 9.348, 111.350

■ 34, 9.348, 111.350

■ 100, 9.348,
111.350

■ 24, 9.348, 111.350

■ 54, 9.348, 111.350

■ 14, 9.348, 111.350

■ 64, 9.348, 111.350

■ 4, 9.348, 111.350

■ 74, 9.348, 111.350

■ 0, 9.348, 111.350

■ 84, 9.348, 111.350

■ 94, 9.348, 111.350

■ 34, 9.348, 111.350

■ 34, 9.348, 111.350

■ 34, 14.343,
110.566

■ 34, 4.303, 112.140

■ 34, 19.246,
109.788

■ 35, 0.768, 292.946

■ 33, 23.997,
109.041

■ 35, 5.844, 293.678

■ 33, 28.509,
108.348

■ 35, 10.912,
294.405

■ 33, 32.658,
107.742

■ 36, 15.962,
295.103

■ 33, 36.273,
107.263

■ 36, 20.986,
295.770

■ 33, 39.161,
106.954

■ 36, 25.978,
296.404

■ 33, 41.876,
106.674

■ 37, 30.934,
297.003

■ 33, 42.314,
106.623

■ 37, 35.849,
297.569

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34, 9.348, 111.350



29, 9.714, 294.438

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34, 9.348, 111.350



34, 9.348, 161.350



34, 9.348, 291.350



34, 9.348, 341.350

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34, 9.349, 111.355



44, 3.747, 112.317



30, 6.466, 26.061



22, 2.505, 112.294



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34, 9.349, 111.355



44, 13.693, 111.019



33, 10.144, 130.634



16, 2.844, 112.122



42, 50.471, 106.750



88, 90.548, 107.018

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 9.714, 294.438



36, 14.361, 294.878



29, 10.344, 312.090



15, 2.898, 293.524



9, 69.051, 306.672



29, 124.284, 306.444

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 34, 9.348, 111.350 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 34, 9.348, 111.350 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

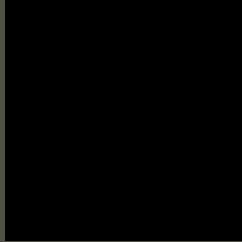
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 34, 9.348, 111.350

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 9.348, 111.350.

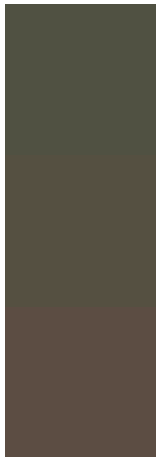


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 9.348, 111.350.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

34, 9.348, 111.350

Protanopia

34, 9.628, 94.636

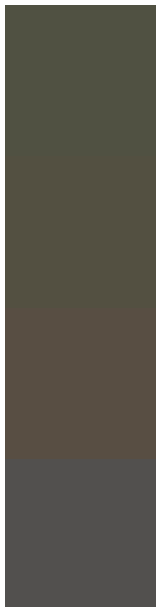
Deuteranopia

34, 9.421, 61.344



Tritanopia
34, 4.149, 314.913

Trichromacy



Original Color
34, 9.348, 111.350

Protanomaly
34, 9.447, 100.117

Deuteranomaly
34, 8.308, 75.172

Tritanomaly
34, 1.514, 74.756

Monochromacy



Original Color
34, 9.348, 111.350

Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
34, 3.779, 116.220

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 34, 9.348, 111.350 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 81, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 81, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 81, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 81, 66) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 34, 9.348, 111.350 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 81, 66) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 81, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 81, 66)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 81, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 81, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 81, 66)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 34, 9.348, 111.350 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 81, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 81,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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