

Converting Colors

CIELCh(34, 9.465, 144.028)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(34, 9.465, 144.028) contains.

CIELCh(34, 9.199, 143.656)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(34, 9.199, 143.656)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	475347
RGB	71, 83, 71
RGB Percent	28%, 33%, 28%
CMY	0.7211, 0.6740, 0.7211
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.14, 0.67
HSL	120°, 8%, 30%
HSV	120°, 14%, 33%
XYZ	6.8532, 8.0082, 7.1677
YIQ	78.0440, -3.3000, -6.2760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

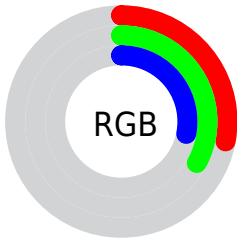
Format	Color
R_{YB}	71, 83, 83
Decimal	4674375
CIE Lab	34.00, -7.41, 5.45
CIE LCh	34, 9.199, 143.656
Yxy	8.0082, 0.3111, 0.3635
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282864455 (0xFF475347)
YUV	78.0440, -3.4727, -6.1776
Hunter-Lab	28.2988, -6.2951, 4.7917

Details

The CIELCh color **34, 9.199, 143.656** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **32, 9.210, 325.148**, and the grayscale version is **33, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54, 9.162, 143.904**, and **14, 8.997, 145.478** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33, 15.615, 142.986**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35, 2.809, 144.263**.

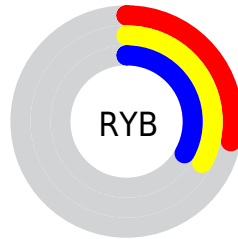
Distribution



 Red (28%)

 Green (33%)

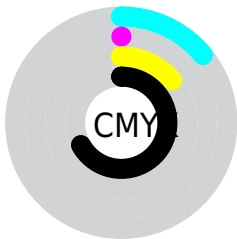
 Blue (28%)



 Red (28%)

 Yellow (33%)

 Blue (33%)

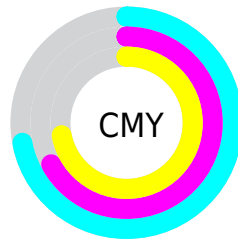


 Cyan (14%)

 Magenta (0%)

 Yellow (14%)

 Black (67%)



 Cyan (72%)

 Magenta (67%)

 Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 34, 9.199, 143.656 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 34, 9.199, 143.656 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 34, 9.199, 143.656

■ 34, 9.199, 143.656

■ 100, 9.199,
143.656

■ 24, 9.199, 143.656

■ 54, 9.199, 143.656

■ 14, 9.199, 143.656

■ 64, 9.199, 143.656

■ 4, 9.199, 143.656

■ 74, 9.199, 143.656

■ 0, 9.199, 143.656

■ 84, 9.199, 143.656

■ 94, 9.199, 143.656

■ 34, 9.199, 143.656

■ 34, 9.199, 143.656

■ 33, 15.615,
142.986

■ 35, 2.809, 144.263

■ 32, 21.970,
142.219

■ 36, 3.497, 324.666

■ 32, 28.158,
141.351

■ 37, 9.677, 325.112

■ 31, 34.044,
140.389

■ 38, 15.700,
325.478

■ 31, 39.461,
139.362

■ 39, 21.552,
325.790

■ 30, 44.216,
138.329

■ 41, 27.223,
326.058

■ 30, 48.093,
137.380

■ 42, 32.712,
326.290

■ 30, 51.202,
136.543

■ 43, 38.022,
326.490

■ 30, 53.032,
136.016

■ 45, 43.159,
326.664

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34, 9.199, 143.656



32, 9.210, 325.148

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34, 9.199, 143.656



34, 9.199, 193.656



34, 9.199, 323.656



34, 9.199, 13.656

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34, 9.200, 143.656



45, 3.118, 144.282



35, 7.323, 108.221



22, 2.191, 144.250



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34, 9.200, 143.656



43, 13.368, 143.456



34, 6.476, 161.690



16, 3.494, 144.005



38, 62.193, 136.016



81, 111.532, 136.016

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 9.210, 325.148



40, 13.381, 325.307



32, 6.578, 343.835



15, 3.500, 324.851



24, 60.006, 328.232



55, 107.610, 328.232

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 34, 9.199, 143.656 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 34, 9.199, 143.656 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

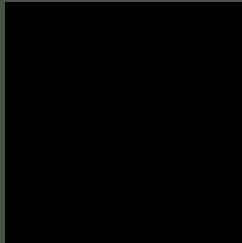
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 34, 9.199, 143.656

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 9.199, 143.656.

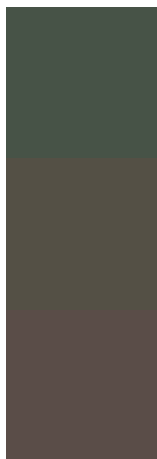


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 34, 9.199, 143.656.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

34, 9.199, 143.656

Protanopia

34, 7.094, 94.115

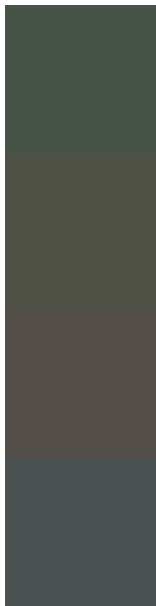
Deuteranopia

34, 6.700, 47.804



Tritanopia
34, 4.674, 252.967

Trichromacy



Original Color

34, 9.199, 143.656

Protanomaly

34, 6.921, 116.429

Deuteranomaly

34, 4.724, 87.074

Tritanomaly

34, 3.850, 189.533

Monochromacy



Original Color

34, 9.199, 143.656

Achromatopsia

33, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

34, 3.066, 144.229

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 34, 9.199, 143.656 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 83, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 83, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 83, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 83, 71) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 34, 9.199, 143.656 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 83, 71) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 83, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(71, 83, 71)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 83, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 83, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 83, 71)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 34, 9.199, 143.656 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 83, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 83,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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