

Converting Colors

CIELCh(35, 10.459, 325.658)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(35, 10.459, 325.658)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(35, 10.559, 325.199)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C4E5C
RGB	92, 78, 92
RGB Percent	36%, 31%, 36%
CMY	0.6392, 0.6941, 0.6392
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.00, 0.64
HSL	300°, 8%, 33%
HSV	300°, 15%, 36%
XYZ	9.0714, 8.4984, 11.2892
YIQ	83.7820, 3.8500, 7.3220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

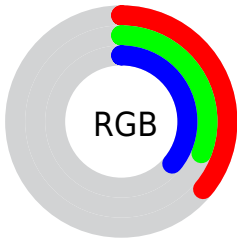
Format	Color
RYB	92, 78, 92
Decimal	6049372
CIELab	35.00, 8.67, -6.03
CIELCh	35, 10.559, 325.199
Yxy	8.4984, 0.3143, 0.2945
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284239452 (0xFF5C4E5C)
YUV	83.7820, 4.0515, 7.2072
Hunter-Lab	29.1520, 4.5291, -2.5538

Details

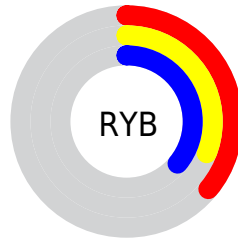
The CIELCh color $[35, 10.559, 325.199]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be $[38, 10.547, 143.595]$, and the grayscale version is $[36, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[55, 10.453, 324.984]$, and $[15, 10.159, 325.598]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[32, 17.529, 325.708]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[38, 3.601, 324.665]$.

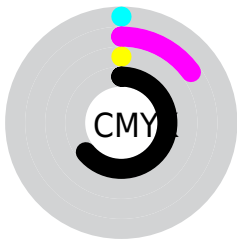
Distribution



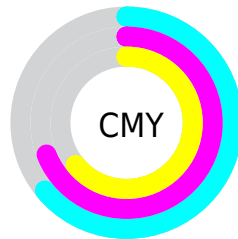
- Red (36%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (64%)





- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (64%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 35, 10.559, 325.199 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 35, 10.559, 325.199 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 35, 10.559,
325.199


 35, 10.559,
325.199

 100, 10.559,
325.199


 25, 10.559,
325.199

 55, 10.559,
325.199


 15, 10.559,
325.199


 65, 10.559,
325.199

 5, 10.559, 325.199

 75, 10.559,
325.199

 0, 10.559, 325.199

 85, 10.559,
325.199

 95, 10.559,
325.199

■ 35, 10.559,
325.199

■ 35, 10.559,
325.199

■ 32, 17.529,
325.708

■ 38, 3.601, 324.665

■ 40, 3.266, 144.249

■ 30, 24.404,
326.199

■ 43, 9.994, 143.729

■ 28, 31.034,
326.663

■ 46, 16.554,
143.249

■ 26, 37.229,
327.087

■ 49, 22.928,
142.793

■ 24, 42.767,
327.457

■ 52, 29.113,
142.360

■ 22, 47.419,
327.761

■ 55, 35.109,
141.952

■ 21, 50.988,
327.989

■ 57, 40.920,
141.568

■ 21, 53.614,

328.155

■ 60, 46.554,
141.208

■ 20, 54.871,
328.233

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35, 10.559, 325.199



38, 10.547, 143.595

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35, 10.559, 325.199



35, 10.559, 15.199



35, 10.559, 145.199



35, 10.559, 195.199

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35, 10.558, 325.199



49, 4.292, 324.662



34, 8.806, 291.689



25, 2.952, 324.689



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35, 10.558, 325.199



44, 15.545, 325.371



35, 7.463, 344.823



17, 3.869, 324.865



25, 62.061, 328.234



56, 109.389, 328.234

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35, 10.558, 325.199



44, 15.545, 325.371



38, 7.330, 162.479



17, 3.869, 324.865



25, 62.061, 328.234



56, 109.389, 328.234

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 35, 10.559, 325.199 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 35, 10.559, 325.199 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 35, 10.559, 325.199

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 10.559, 325.199.

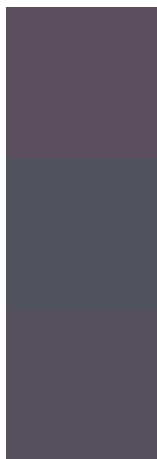


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 10.559, 325.199.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


35, 10.559, 325.199

Protanopia

35, 7.516, 285.276

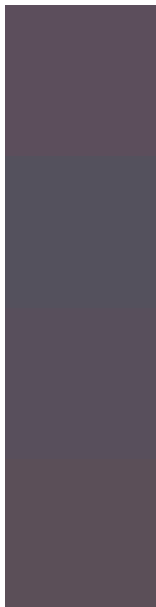
Deuteranopia

35, 7.935, 309.606



Tritanopia
35, 6.396, 344.647

Trichromacy



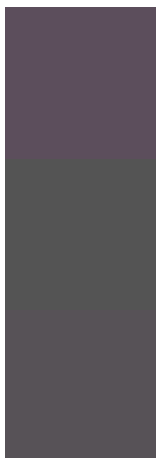
Original Color
35, 10.559, 325.199

Protanomaly
35, 7.617, 300.698

Deuteranomaly
35, 8.988, 316.027

Tritanomaly
35, 7.613, 333.112

Monochromacy



Original Color
35, 10.559, 325.199

Achromatopsia
36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
35, 3.790, 324.693

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 35, 10.559, 325.199 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 78, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 78, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 78, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 78, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 35, 10.559, 325.199 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 78, 92) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 78, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 78, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 78, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 78, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 78, 92)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 35, 10.559, 325.199 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 78, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 78,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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