

Converting Colors

CIELCh(35, 14.631, 142.194)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(35, 14.631, 142.194)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(35, 14.483, 143.160)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	445744
RGB	68, 87, 68
RGB Percent	27%, 34%, 27%
CMY	0.7327, 0.6581, 0.7327
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.22, 0.66
HSL	120°, 12%, 30%
HSV	120°, 22%, 34%
XYZ	6.8659, 8.4984, 6.7737
YIQ	79.1530, -5.2250, -9.9370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

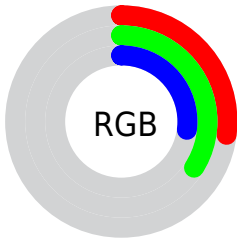
Format	Color
RYB	68, 87, 87
Decimal	4478788
CIELab	35.00, -11.59, 8.68
CIElCh	35, 14.483, 143.160
Yxy	8.4984, 0.3101, 0.3839
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282668868 (0xFF445744)
YUV	79.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812
Hunter-Lab	29.1520, -8.9753, 6.6300

Details

The CIELCh color **35, 14.483, 143.160** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **32, 14.494, 325.526**, and the grayscale version is **34, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55, 14.746, 143.542**, and **15, 14.829, 143.442** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34, 21.118, 142.413**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36, 7.812, 143.813**.

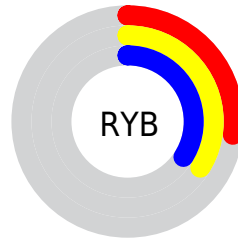
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (34%)

Blue (27%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (34%)

Blue (34%)

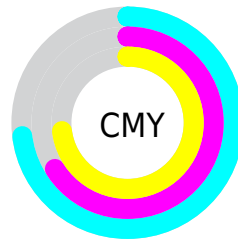


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (66%)



Cyan (73%)


Magenta (66%)


Yellow (73%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 35, 14.483, 143.160 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 35, 14.483, 143.160 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 35, 14.483,
143.160


 35, 14.483,
143.160

 100, 14.483,
143.160


 25, 14.483,
143.160

 55, 14.483,
143.160


 15, 14.483,
143.160


 65, 14.483,
143.160

 5, 14.483, 143.160

 75, 14.483,
143.160

 0, 14.483, 143.160

 85, 14.483,
143.160

 95, 14.483,
143.160

■ 35, 14.483,
143.160

■ 35, 14.483,
143.160

■ 34, 21.118,
142.413

■ 36, 7.812, 143.813

■ 34, 27.607,
141.563

■ 37, 1.182, 144.469

■ 38, 5.345, 324.797

■ 33, 33.816,
140.615

■ 39, 11.730,
325.218

■ 32, 39.576,
139.592

■ 40, 17.946,
325.570

■ 32, 44.691,
138.547

■ 42, 23.979,
325.871

■ 32, 48.935,
137.565

■ 43, 29.822,
326.129

■ 32, 52.170,
136.738

■ 44, 35.474,
326.352

■ 31, 54.787,

136.015

■ 46, 40.941,
326.545

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35, 14.483, 143.160



32, 14.494, 325.526

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35, 14.483, 143.160



35, 14.483, 193.160



35, 14.483, 323.160



35, 14.483, 13.160

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35, 14.484, 143.160



46, 5.686, 144.089



36, 11.478, 107.547



23, 3.655, 144.077



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35, 14.484, 143.160



44, 21.276, 142.798



35, 10.161, 161.040



17, 3.679, 143.996



39, 63.260, 136.016



81, 112.455, 136.016

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 14.494, 325.526



39, 21.284, 325.776



31, 10.398, 344.479



16, 3.685, 324.857



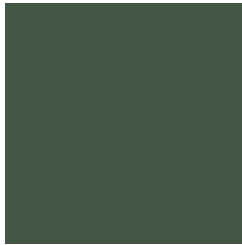
24, 61.036, 328.230



56, 108.502, 328.230

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 35, 14.483, 143.160 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

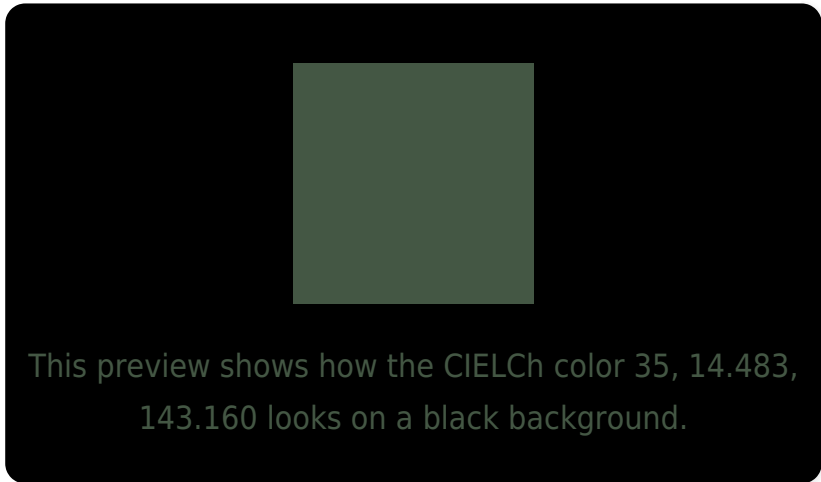
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

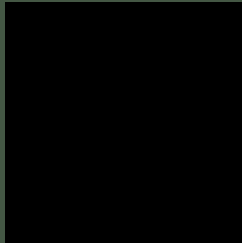
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 35, 14.483, 143.160

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 14.483, 143.160.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 14.483, 143.160.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

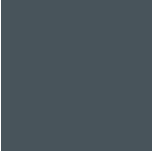
35, 14.483, 143.160

Protanopia

35, 10.190, 95.369

Deuteranopia

35, 8.941, 58.638



Tritanopia
35, 6.390, 242.258

Trichromacy



Original Color
35, 14.483, 143.160

Protanomaly
35, 10.681, 118.163

Deuteranomaly
35, 8.184, 99.182

Tritanomaly
35, 5.962, 186.485

Monochromacy



Original Color
34, 14.483, 143.160

Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
34, 5.358, 144.016

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 35, 14.483, 143.160 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(68, 87, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(68, 87, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(68, 87, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(68, 87, 68) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 35, 14.483, 143.160 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(68, 87, 68) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(68, 87, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(68, 87, 68)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(68, 87, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 87, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 87, 68)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 35, 14.483, 143.160 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(68, 87, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(68, 87,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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