

Converting Colors

CIELCh(35, 17.119, 1.669)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(35, 17.119, 1.669) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(35, 17.402, 1.702)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6D4852
RGB	109, 72, 82
RGB Percent	43%, 28%, 32%
CMY	0.5725, 0.7176, 0.6784
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.25, 0.57
HSL	344°, 20%, 35%
HSV	344°, 34%, 43%
XYZ	10.1506, 8.4984, 9.0911
YIQ	84.2030, 18.8420, 10.9540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

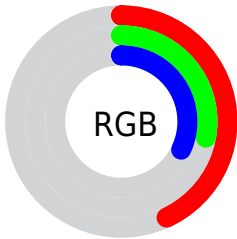
Format	Color
RYB	109, 72, 82
Decimal	7161938
CIELab	35.00, 17.39, 0.52
CIElCh	35, 17.402, 1.702
Yxy	8.4984, 0.3659, 0.3064
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285352018 (0xFF6D4852)
YUV	84.2030, -1.0861, 21.7470
Hunter-Lab	29.1520, 11.1371, 1.9167

Details

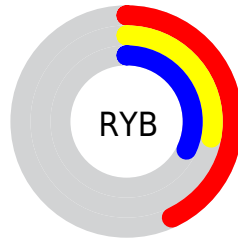
The CIELCh color $35, 17.402, 1.702$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 663333 . A complement of this color would be $43, 15.648, 174.897$, and the grayscale version is $36, 0.005, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $55, 17.189, 2.105$, and $15, 17.553, 1.964$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $32, 22.774, 3.240$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $38, 12.080, 0.415$.

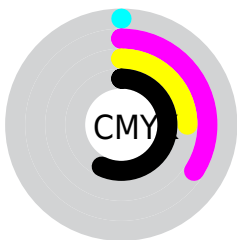
Distribution



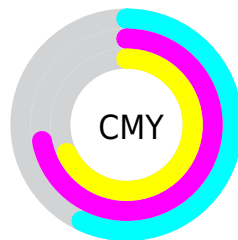
- Red (43%)
- Green (28%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 35, 17.402, 1.702 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 35, 17.402, 1.702 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 35, 17.402, 1.702 ■ 35, 17.402, 1.702

■ 100, 17.402, 1.702 ■ 25, 17.402, 1.702

■ 55, 17.402, 1.702 ■ 15, 17.402, 1.702

■ 65, 17.402, 1.702 ■ 5, 17.402, 1.702

■ 75, 17.402, 1.702 ■ 0, 17.402, 1.702

■ 85, 17.402, 1.702

■ 95, 17.402, 1.702

■ 35, 17.402, 1.702 ■ 35, 17.402, 1.702

■ 32, 22.774, 3.240 ■ 38, 12.080, 0.415

■ 29, 28.064, 5.104 ■ 41, 6.900, 359.302

■ 27, 33.088, 7.407

■ 45, 1.910, 358.236

■ 25, 37.637, 10.284

■ 48, 2.866, 177.676

■ 23, 41.530, 13.876

■ 52, 7.424, 176.869

■ 22, 44.757, 18.205

■ 55, 11.771,
176.188

■ 21, 46.801, 20.720

■ 58, 15.917,
175.579

■ 62, 19.879,
175.026

■ 65, 23.672,
174.520

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35, 17.402, 1.702



43, 15.648, 174.897

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35, 17.402, 1.702



35, 17.402, 51.702



35, 17.402, 181.702



35, 17.402, 231.702

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35, 17.400, 1.705



55, 6.131, 358.923



35, 25.324, 317.632



28, 4.162, 359.030



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35, 17.400, 1.705



43, 26.478, 2.942



37, 14.451, 40.919



21, 2.713, 358.787



23, 49.437, 21.230



52, 86.956, 24.851

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35, 17.400, 1.705



43, 26.478, 2.942



41, 11.588, 223.274



21, 2.713, 358.787



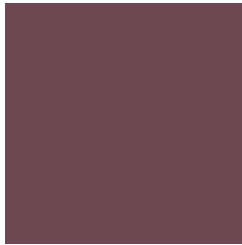
23, 49.437, 21.230



52, 86.956, 24.851

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 35, 17.402, 1.702 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

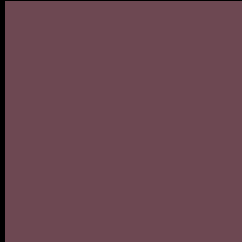
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 35, 17.402, 1.702 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 35, 17.402, 1.702

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 17.402, 1.702.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 17.402, 1.702.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35, 17.402, 1.702

Protanopia

35, 3.776, 297.169

Deuteranopia

35, 4.862, 12.761



Tritanopia
35, 16.462, 11.418

Trichromacy



Original Color
35, 17.402, 1.702

Protanomaly
35, 7.830, 341.084

Deuteranomaly
35, 9.597, 5.981

Tritanomaly
35, 16.512, 9.295

Monochromacy



Original Color
35, 17.402, 1.702

Achromatopsia
36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
35, 5.970, 2.148

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 35, 17.402, 1.702 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 72, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 72, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 72, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 72, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 35, 17.402, 1.702 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 72, 82) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 72, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 72, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 72, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 72, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 72,  
82) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 35, 17.402, 1.702 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 72, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109, 72,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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