

Converting Colors

CIELCh(35, 19.337, 189.388)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(35, 19.337, 189.388)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(35, 19.337, 189.388)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	245B57
RGB	36, 91, 87
RGB Percent	14%, 36%, 34%
CMY	0.8598, 0.6440, 0.6597
CMYK	0.61, 0.00, 0.04, 0.64
HSL	176°, 43%, 25%
HSV	176°, 61%, 36%
XYZ	6.1517, 8.4984, 10.2852
YIQ	74.0990, -31.4960, -12.9040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

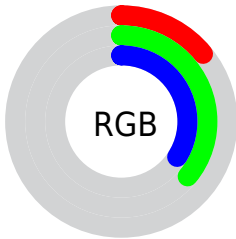
Format	Color
R_{YB}	36, 65, 91
Decimal	2382679
CIE _{Lab}	35.00, -19.08, -3.15
CIE _{LCh}	35, 19.337, 189.388
Yxy	8.4984, 0.2467, 0.3408
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280572759 (0xFF245B57)
YUV	74.0990, 6.3602, -33.4128
Hunter-Lab	29.1520, -13.3489, -0.5120

Details

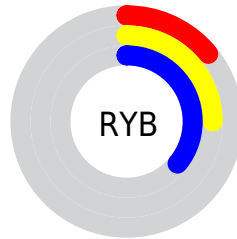
The CIELCh color **35, 19.337, 189.388** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **22, 27.570, 21.280**, and the grayscale version is **31, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55, 19.174, 190.618**, and **16, 15.596, 188.347** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35, 21.342, 188.698**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35, 16.920, 190.059**.

Distribution



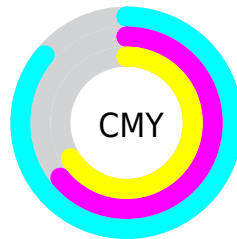
- Red (14%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (64%)





- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (66%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 35, 19.337, 189.388 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 35, 19.337, 189.388 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 35, 19.337,
189.388


 35, 19.337,
189.388

 100, 19.337,
189.388


 25, 19.337,
189.388

 55, 19.337,
189.388


 15, 19.337,
189.388


 65, 19.337,
189.388

 5, 19.337, 189.388

 75, 19.337,
189.388

 0, 19.337, 189.388

 85, 19.337,
189.388

 95, 19.337,
189.388

■ 35, 19.337,
189.388

■ 35, 19.337,
189.388

■ 35, 21.342,
188.698

■ 35, 16.920,
190.059

■ 34, 22.913,
187.984

■ 36, 14.129,
190.724

■ 34, 24.058,
187.233

■ 36, 11.011,
191.389

■ 34, 25.010,
186.546

■ 37, 7.620, 192.060

■ 38, 4.011, 192.757

■ 39, 0.236, 194.640

■ 39, 3.660, 13.923

■ 40, 7.635, 14.630

■ 41, 11.657, 15.304

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35, 19.337, 189.388



22, 27.570, 21.280

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35, 19.337, 189.388



35, 19.337, 239.388



35, 19.337, 9.388



35, 19.337, 59.388

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35, 19.337, 189.386



48, 8.259, 192.200



34, 39.351, 138.097



24, 5.655, 192.068



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35, 19.337, 189.386



45, 26.506, 188.369



27, 17.700, 256.482



18, 2.144, 192.889



41, 28.599, 186.328



85, 50.645, 185.718

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22, 27.570, 21.280



27, 41.555, 25.372



28, 22.918, 60.168



17, 2.241, 13.938



21, 52.069, 33.935



50, 96.047, 37.730

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 35, 19.337, 189.388 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 35, 19.337, 189.388 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

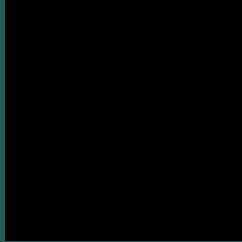
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 35, 19.337, 189.388

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 19.337, 189.388.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 19.337, 189.388.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
35, 19.337, 189.388

Protanopia
35, 1.058, 55.193

Deuteranopia
35, 6.378, 318.529



Tritanopia
35, 16.939, 214.732

Trichromacy



Original Color
35, 19.337, 189.388

Protanomaly
35, 7.880, 189.154

Deuteranomaly
35, 6.804, 220.298

Tritanomaly
35, 17.664, 203.308

Monochromacy



Original Color
35, 19.337, 189.388

Achromatopsia
31, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
32, 8.184, 193.786

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 35, 19.337, 189.388 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(36, 91, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(36, 91, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 91, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(36, 91, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 35, 19.337, 189.388 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(36, 91, 87) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(36, 91, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 91, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(36, 91, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 91, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 91, 87)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 35, 19.337, 189.388 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(36, 91, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(36, 91,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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