

Converting Colors

CIELCh(35, 22.874, 331.472)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(35, 22.874, 331.472)
contains.

CIELCh(35, 22.909, 331.489)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(35, 22.909, 331.489)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6A4764
RGB	106, 71, 100
RGB Percent	42%, 28%, 39%
CMY	0.5842, 0.7214, 0.6077
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.06, 0.58
HSL	310°, 20%, 35%
HSV	310°, 33%, 42%
XYZ	10.5060, 8.4984, 13.1526
YIQ	84.7710, 11.5510, 16.4390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

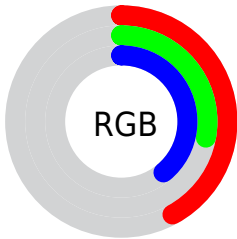
Format	Color
R_{YB}	106, 71, 100
Decimal	6965092
CIE _{Lab}	35.00, 20.13, -10.94
CIE _{LCh}	35, 22.909, 331.489
Yxy	8.4984, 0.3267, 0.2643
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285155172 (0xFF6A4764)
YUV	84.7710, 7.5079, 18.6178
Hunter-Lab	29.1520, 13.3128, -6.3437

Details

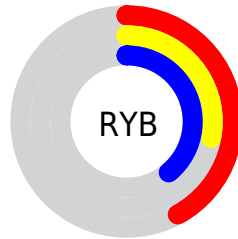
The CIELCh color $[35, 22.909, 331.489]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $\#663366$. A complement of this color would be $[42, 22.839, 147.205]$, and the grayscale version is $[36, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[55, 22.973, 331.449]$, and $[15, 23.007, 332.004]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[32, 29.619, 332.111]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[38, 15.987, 330.878]$.

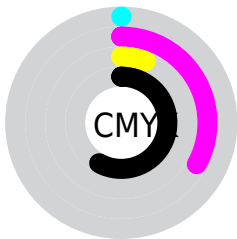
Distribution



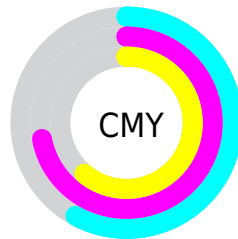
- Red (42%)
- Green (28%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 35, 22.909, 331.489 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 35, 22.909, 331.489 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 35, 22.909,
331.489

 35, 22.909,
331.489

 100, 22.909,
331.489


 25, 22.909,
331.489

 55, 22.909,
331.489

 15, 22.909,
331.489

 65, 22.909,
331.489

 5, 22.909, 331.489

 75, 22.909,
331.489

 0, 22.909, 331.489

 85, 22.909,
331.489

 95, 22.909,
331.489

■ 35, 22.909,
331.489

■ 35, 22.909,
331.489

■ 32, 29.619,
332.111

■ 38, 15.987,
330.878

■ 30, 35.921,
332.742

■ 41, 9.006, 330.276

■ 44, 2.071, 329.631

■ 28, 41.566,
333.385

■ 47, 4.752, 149.207

■ 26, 46.279,
334.045

■ 50, 11.420,
148.651

■ 24, 49.807,
334.735

■ 53, 17.911,
148.136

■ 24, 52.029,
335.471

■ 57, 24.216,
147.649

■ 23, 53.370,
335.983

■ 60, 30.334,
147.187

■ 63, 36.270,
146.751

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35, 22.909, 331.489



42, 22.839, 147.205

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35, 22.909, 331.489



35, 22.909, 21.489



35, 22.909, 151.489



35, 22.909, 201.489

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35, 22.907, 331.489



54, 8.567, 330.112



32, 22.360, 299.488



27, 5.805, 330.173



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35, 22.907, 331.489



43, 34.208, 331.992



34, 16.908, 357.101



21, 3.914, 330.032



26, 57.257, 336.087



56, 97.804, 336.642

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35, 22.907, 331.489



43, 34.208, 331.992



42, 15.591, 170.605



21, 3.914, 330.032



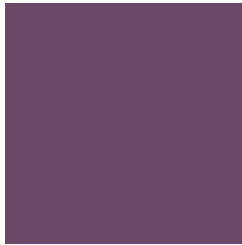
26, 57.257, 336.087



56, 97.804, 336.642

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 35, 22.909, 331.489 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 35, 22.909, 331.489 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

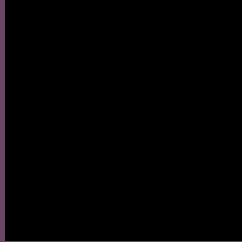
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 35, 22.909, 331.489

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 22.909, 331.489.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 22.909, 331.489.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35, 22.909, 331.489

Protanopia

35, 16.292, 284.996

Deuteranopia

35, 10.662, 296.218



Tritanopia
35, 13.365, 5.540

Trichromacy



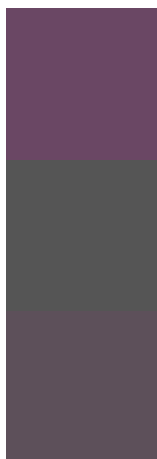
Original Color
35, 22.909, 331.489

Protanomaly
35, 17.309, 304.537

Deuteranomaly
35, 14.937, 314.566

Tritanomaly
35, 15.869, 349.028

Monochromacy



Original Color
35, 22.909, 331.489

Achromatopsia
36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
36, 8.333, 332.438

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 35, 22.909, 331.489 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 71, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 71, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 71, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 71, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 35, 22.909, 331.489 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 71, 100) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 71, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 71, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 71, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 71, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 71,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 35, 22.909, 331.489 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 71, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106, 71,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor