

Converting Colors

CIELCh(35, 3.910, 19.526)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(35, 3.910, 19.526) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(35, 3.947, 19.920)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	595050
RGB	89, 80, 80
RGB Percent	35%, 31%, 31%
CMY	0.6499, 0.6852, 0.6852
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.10, 0.65
HSL	0°, 5%, 33%
HSV	0°, 10%, 35%
XYZ	8.4935, 8.4984, 8.8352
YIQ	82.6910, 5.3640, 1.9080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	89, 80, 80
Decimal	5853264
CIELab	35.00, 3.71, 1.34
CIELCh	35, 3.947, 19.920
Yxy	8.4984, 0.3289, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284043344 (0xFF595050)
YUV	82.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330
Hunter-Lab	29.1520, 0.9902, 2.4371

Details

The CIELCh color $[35, 3.947, 19.920]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be $[37, 3.722, 199.000]$, and the grayscale version is $[35, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[55, 4.015, 19.732]$, and $[15, 3.507, 20.223]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[32, 8.149, 20.708]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[38, 0.034, 10.252]$.

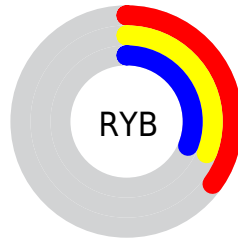
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (31%)

Blue (31%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (31%)

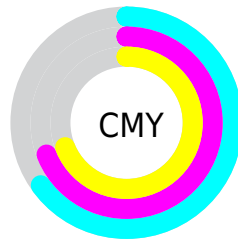


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 35, 3.947, 19.920 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 35, 3.947, 19.920 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 35, 3.947, 19.920 ■ 35, 3.947, 19.920

■ 100, 3.947, 19.920 ■ 25, 3.947, 19.920

■ 55, 3.947, 19.920 ■ 15, 3.947, 19.920

■ 65, 3.947, 19.920 ■ 5, 3.947, 19.920

■ 75, 3.947, 19.920 ■ 0, 3.947, 19.920

■ 85, 3.947, 19.920

■ 95, 3.947, 19.920

■ 35, 3.947, 19.920 ■ 35, 3.947, 19.920

■ 32, 8.149, 20.708 ■ 38, 0.034, 10.252

■ 29, 12.647, 21.654 ■ 41, 3.606, 199.055

27, 17.424, 22.854

44, 6.996, 198.639

24, 22.436, 24.389

47, 10.160,
198.321

22, 27.601, 26.346

50, 13.123,
198.064

20, 32.797, 28.802

18, 37.809, 31.641

53, 15.908,
197.853

17, 41.638, 33.217

56, 18.536,
197.678

16, 44.940, 34.026

59, 21.027,
197.531

62, 23.395,
197.406

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35, 3.947, 19.920



37, 3.722, 199.000

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35, 3.947, 19.920



35, 3.947, 69.920



35, 3.947, 199.920



35, 3.947, 249.920

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35, 3.946, 19.935



48, 1.433, 19.334



35, 6.811, 324.929



24, 1.078, 19.414



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35, 3.946, 19.935



45, 5.929, 20.105



36, 3.401, 74.230



17, 2.233, 19.846



21, 53.758, 36.854



50, 98.984, 40.002

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 3.722, 199.000



48, 5.514, 198.873



36, 3.329, 256.686



18, 2.121, 199.071



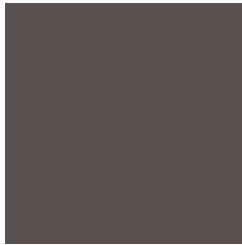
42, 26.905, 196.416



85, 47.423, 196.418

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 35, 3.947, 19.920 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 35, 3.947, 19.920 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

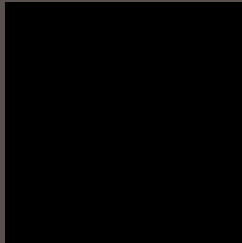
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 35, 3.947, 19.920

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 3.947, 19.920.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 3.947, 19.920.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

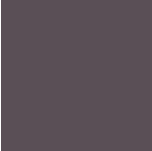
35, 3.947, 19.920

Protanopia

35, 1.058, 55.193

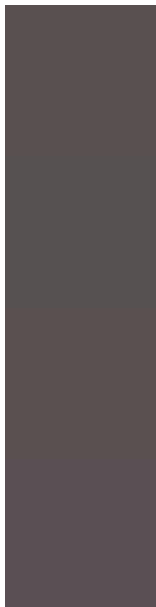
Deuteranopia

35, 4.841, 20.068



Tritanopia
35, 6.446, 337.773

Trichromacy



Original Color
35, 3.947, 19.920

Protanomaly
35, 2.172, 19.592

Deuteranomaly
35, 4.394, 19.994

Tritanomaly
35, 5.697, 347.125

Monochromacy



Original Color
35, 3.947, 19.920

Achromatopsia
35, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
35, 1.295, 19.370

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 35, 3.947, 19.920 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 80, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 80, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 80, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 80, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 35, 3.947, 19.920 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 80, 80) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 80, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 80, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 80, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 80, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 80, 80)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 35, 3.947, 19.920 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 80, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 80,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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