

Converting Colors

CIELCh(35, 30.341, 126.169)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(35, 30.341, 126.169)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(35, 30.157, 126.434)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	42592A
RGB	66, 89, 42
RGB Percent	26%, 35%, 16%
CMY	0.7407, 0.6504, 0.8348
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.53, 0.65
HSL	89°, 36%, 26%
HSV	89°, 53%, 35%
XYZ	6.2596, 8.4984, 3.5127
YIQ	76.7650, 1.3790, -19.4930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

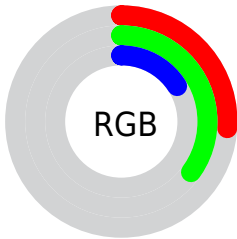
Format	Color
R_{YB}	42, 89, 65
Decimal	4348202
CIE _{Lab}	35.00, -17.91, 24.26
CIE _{LCh}	35, 30.157, 126.434
Yxy	8.4984, 0.3426, 0.4651
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282538282 (0xFF42592A)
YUV	76.7650, -17.1391, -9.4409
Hunter-Lab	29.1520, -12.6877, 13.2621

Details

The CIELCh color **35, 30.157, 126.434** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **22, 32.465, 311.204**, and the grayscale version is **33, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55, 29.940, 126.719**, and **15, 27.428, 128.634** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35, 35.351, 126.113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35, 24.669, 126.841**.

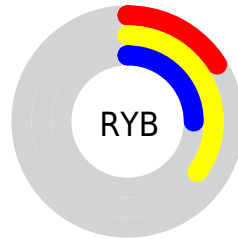
Distribution



Red (26%)

Green (35%)

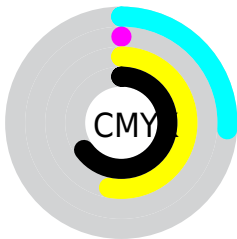
Blue (16%)



Red (16%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (25%)

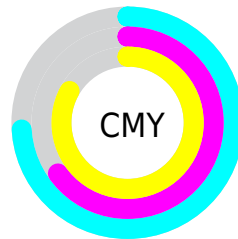


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (53%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (74%)


Magenta (65%)


Yellow (83%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 35, 30.157, 126.434 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 35, 30.157, 126.434 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 35, 30.157,
126.434

 35, 30.157,
126.434

 100, 30.157,
126.434


 25, 30.157,
126.434

 55, 30.157,
126.434


 15, 30.157,
126.434


 65, 30.157,
126.434

 5, 30.157, 126.434

 75, 30.157,
126.434

 0, 30.157, 126.434

 85, 30.157,
126.434

 95, 30.157,
126.434

■ 35, 30.157,
126.434

■ 35, 30.157,
126.434

■ 35, 35.351,
126.113

■ 35, 24.669,
126.841

■ 34, 40.092,
125.941

■ 36, 18.997,
127.284

■ 34, 44.181,
126.009

■ 36, 13.224,
127.735

■ 34, 47.503,
126.356

■ 37, 7.406, 128.178

■ 38, 1.586, 128.626

■ 33, 49.930,
126.473

■ 38, 4.208, 308.959

■ 39, 9.954, 309.327

■ 40, 15.635,
309.657

■ 41, 21.241,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35, 30.157, 126.434



22, 32.465, 311.204

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35, 30.157, 126.434



35, 30.157, 176.434



35, 30.157, 306.434



35, 30.157, 356.434

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35, 30.158, 126.435



47, 11.459, 128.013



30, 19.392, 67.666



24, 7.799, 127.958



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35, 30.158, 126.435



44, 43.531, 126.059



34, 34.845, 140.176



17, 3.177, 128.351



40, 56.971, 126.857



84, 102.315, 127.937

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22, 32.465, 311.204



25, 47.776, 311.770



25, 34.730, 326.477



16, 3.216, 309.044



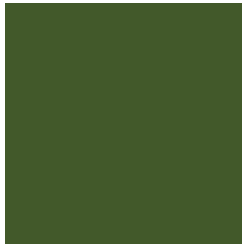
14, 65.703, 312.225



37, 117.620, 311.486

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 35, 30.157, 126.434 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 35, 30.157, 126.434 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

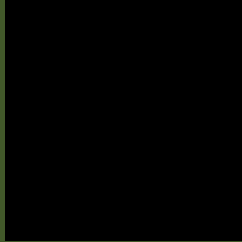
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 35, 30.157, 126.434

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 30.157, 126.434.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 30.157, 126.434.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35, 30.157, 126.434

Protanopia

35, 25.885, 95.751

Deuteranopia

35, 23.401, 78.492



Tritanopia
35, 6.116, 244.749

Trichromacy



Original Color
35, 30.157, 126.434

Protanomaly
35, 26.498, 108.849

Deuteranomaly
35, 23.369, 98.864

Tritanomaly
35, 10.430, 147.272

Monochromacy



Original Color
35, 30.157, 126.434

Achromatopsia
33, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
33, 11.226, 127.152

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 35, 30.157, 126.434 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 89, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 89, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 89, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 89, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 35, 30.157, 126.434 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 89, 42) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 89, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(66, 89, 42)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 89, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 89, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 89, 42)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 35, 30.157, 126.434 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 89, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 89,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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