

Converting Colors

CIELCh(35, 4.617, 282.791)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(35, 4.617, 282.791) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(35, 4.434, 280.187)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	505259
RGB	80, 82, 89
RGB Percent	31%, 32%, 35%
CMY	0.6856, 0.6777, 0.6503
CMYK	0.10, 0.08, 0.00, 0.65
HSL	227°, 5%, 33%
HSV	227°, 10%, 35%
XYZ	8.1642, 8.4984, 10.7006
YIQ	82.2000, -3.4390, 1.7530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

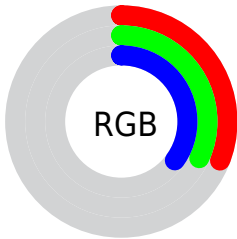
Format	Color
R_{YB}	80, 82, 89
Decimal	5263961
CIE Lab	35.00, 0.78, -4.36
CIE LCh	35, 4.434, 280.187
Yxy	8.4984, 0.2984, 0.3106
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283454041 (0xFF505259)
YUV	82.2000, 3.3524, -1.9294
Hunter-Lab	29.1520, -1.0258, -1.3567

Details

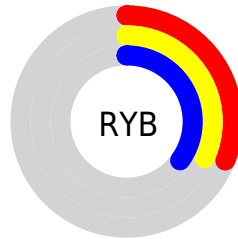
The CIELCh color **35, 4.434, 280.187** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **37, 4.390, 97.937**, and the grayscale version is **35, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55, 4.652, 281.244**, and **15, 4.968, 286.298** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32, 8.931, 281.456**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38, 0.047, 281.064**.

Distribution



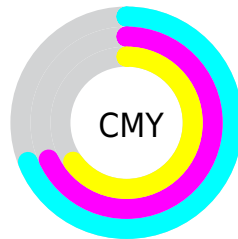
- Red (31%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 35, 4.434, 280.187 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 35, 4.434, 280.187 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 35, 4.434, 280.187

■ 35, 4.434, 280.187

■ 100, 4.434,
280.187

■ 25, 4.434, 280.187

■ 55, 4.434, 280.187

■ 15, 4.434, 280.187

■ 65, 4.434, 280.187

■ 5, 4.434, 280.187

■ 75, 4.434, 280.187

■ 0, 4.434, 280.187

■ 85, 4.434, 280.187

■ 95, 4.434, 280.187

■ 35, 4.434, 280.187

■ 35, 4.434, 280.187

■ 32, 8.931, 281.456

■ 38, 0.047, 281.064

■ 29, 13.549,
282.941

■ 41, 4.234, 98.039

■ 26, 18.296,
284.657

■ 44, 8.414, 97.196

■ 46, 12.497, 96.447

■ 24, 23.185,
286.632

■ 49, 16.487, 95.782

■ 21, 28.229,
288.883

■ 52, 20.387, 95.190

■ 55, 24.200, 94.661

■ 18, 33.432,
291.405

■ 57, 27.929, 94.184

■ 15, 38.772,
294.150

■ 60, 31.578, 93.754

■ 13, 44.162,
297.005

■ 11, 49.431,
299.444

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35, 4.434, 280.187



37, 4.390, 97.937

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35, 4.434, 280.187



35, 4.434, 330.187



35, 4.434, 100.187



35, 4.434, 150.187

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35, 4.433, 280.178



47, 1.612, 279.427



37, 3.997, 179.969



24, 1.232, 279.485



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35, 4.433, 280.178



44, 6.504, 280.452



35, 5.741, 301.125



16, 2.397, 280.021



14, 57.485, 300.182



35, 108.615, 302.088

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35, 4.114, 2.374



44, 6.052, 2.603



37, 5.631, 119.988



16, 2.221, 2.239



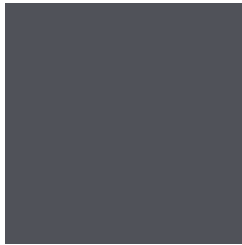
21, 47.291, 24.611



49, 86.657, 28.653

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 35, 4.434, 280.187 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 35, 4.434, 280.187 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

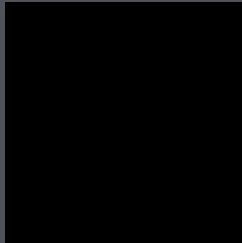
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

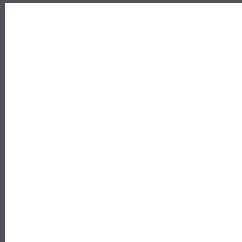
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 35, 4.434, 280.187

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 4.434, 280.187.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 4.434, 280.187.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35, 4.434, 280.187

Protanopia

35, 4.370, 290.917

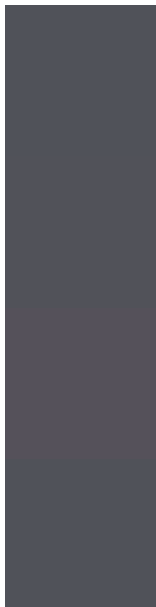
Deuteranopia

35, 6.934, 316.148



Tritanopia
35, 4.434, 280.187

Trichromacy



Original Color

35, 4.434, 280.187

Protanomaly

35, 4.383, 285.500

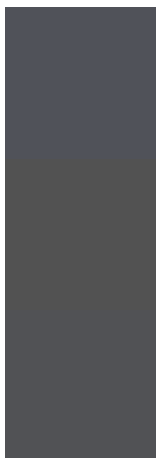
Deuteranomaly

35, 5.887, 307.533

Tritanomaly

35, 4.434, 280.187

Monochromacy



Original Color

35, 4.434, 280.187

Achromatopsia

35, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

35, 1.916, 277.796

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 35, 4.434, 280.187 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 82, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 82, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 82, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 82, 89) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 35, 4.434, 280.187 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 82, 89) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 82, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 82, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 82, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 82, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 82, 89)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 35, 4.434, 280.187 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 82, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 82,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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