

Converting Colors

CIELCh(35, 44.337, 316.751)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(35, 44.337, 316.751)
contains.

CIELCh(35, 44.018, 316.905)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(35, 44.018, 316.905)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6D4083
RGB	109, 64, 131
RGB Percent	43%, 25%, 51%
CMY	0.5737, 0.7501, 0.4875
CMYK	0.17, 0.51, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	280°, 34%, 38%
HSV	280°, 51%, 51%
XYZ	12.1640, 8.4984, 22.3649
YIQ	85.0930, 5.3130, 30.3770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

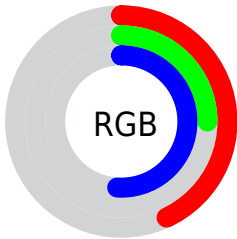
Format	Color
R_{YB}	109, 64, 131
Decimal	7159939
CIE _{Lab}	35.00, 32.14, -30.07
CIE _{LCh}	35, 44.018, 316.905
Yxy	8.4984, 0.2827, 0.1975
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285350019 (0xFF6D4083)
YUV	85.0930, 22.6322, 20.9664
Hunter-Lab	29.1520, 23.4653, -25.0798

Details

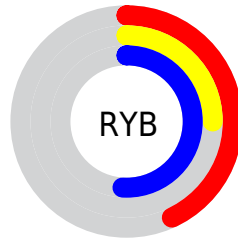
The CIELCh color $[35, 44.018, 316.905]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `663366`. A complement of this color would be $[50, 42.262, 132.393]$, and the grayscale version is $[36, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[55, 44.032, 317.055]$, and $[15, 44.042, 316.939]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[32, 52.117, 317.204]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[39, 35.488, 316.530]$.

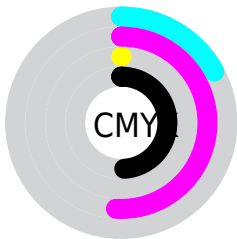
Distribution



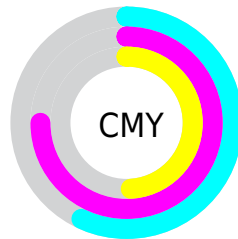
- Red (43%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)





- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 35, 44.018, 316.905 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 35, 44.018, 316.905 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 35, 44.018,
316.905

 35, 44.018,
316.905

 100, 44.018,
316.905


 25, 44.018,
316.905

 55, 44.018,
316.905


 15, 44.018,
316.905

 65, 44.018,
316.905

 5, 44.018, 316.905

 75, 44.018,
316.905

 0, 44.018, 316.905

 85, 44.018,
316.905

 95, 44.018,
316.905

35, 44.018,
316.905

35, 44.018,
316.905

32, 52.117,
317.204

39, 35.488,
316.530

29, 59.442,
317.378

42, 26.785,
316.116

26, 65.570,
317.366

46, 18.078,
315.689

24, 70.082,
317.103

50, 9.475, 315.264

23, 73.186,
316.767

54, 1.041, 314.755

58, 7.188, 134.517

62, 15.195,
134.159

66, 22.974,
133.836

■ 70, 30.529,
133.545

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35, 44.018, 316.905



50, 42.262, 132.393

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35, 44.018, 316.905



35, 44.018, 6.905



35, 44.018, 136.905



35, 44.018, 186.905

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35, 44.017, 316.905



62, 15.801, 315.438



37, 28.128, 280.115



32, 10.884, 315.515



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35, 44.017, 316.905



42, 64.503, 317.232



37, 41.417, 332.522



26, 4.799, 315.175



22, 72.921, 316.772



0, 1.138, 314.824

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 31.353, 0.472



44, 45.954, 2.879



49, 41.571, 145.069



26, 3.343, 354.783



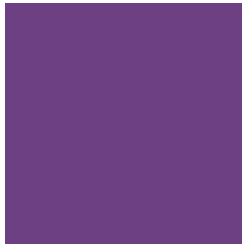
27, 52.167, 16.683



0, 0.788, 354.016

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 35, 44.018, 316.905 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 35, 44.018, 316.905 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

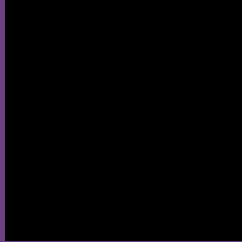
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 35, 44.018, 316.905

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 44.018, 316.905.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 44.018, 316.905.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35, 44.018, 316.905

Protanopia

35, 40.654, 285.630

Deuteranopia

35, 27.877, 280.260



Tritanopia
35, 11.617, 2.682

Trichromacy



Original Color
35, 44.018, 316.905

Protanomaly
35, 40.521, 295.666

Deuteranomaly
35, 32.525, 296.514

Tritanomaly
35, 21.716, 329.760

Monochromacy



Original Color
35, 44.018, 316.905

Achromatopsia
36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
35, 17.083, 316.071

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 35, 44.018, 316.905 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 64, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 64, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 64, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 64, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 35, 44.018, 316.905 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 64, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 64, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 64, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 64, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 64, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 64,  
131) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 35, 44.018, 316.905 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 64, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109, 64,  
131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor