

Converting Colors

CIELCh(35, 45.070, 321.354)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(35, 45.070, 321.354)
contains.

CIELCh(35, 44.948, 321.119)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(35, 44.948, 321.119)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	733D80
RGB	115, 61, 128
RGB Percent	45%, 24%, 50%
CMY	0.5499, 0.7616, 0.4989
CMYK	0.10, 0.52, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	288°, 36%, 37%
HSV	288°, 52%, 50%
XYZ	12.5810, 8.4984, 21.3242
YIQ	84.7840, 10.6770, 32.2850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

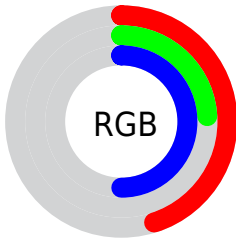
Format	Color
R_{YB}	115, 61, 128
Decimal	7552384
CIE _{Lab}	35.00, 34.99, -28.21
CIE _{LCh}	35, 44.948, 321.119
Yxy	8.4984, 0.2967, 0.2004
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285742464 (0xFF733D80)
YUV	84.7840, 21.3055, 26.4994
Hunter-Lab	29.1520, 26.0186, -22.9633

Details

The CIELCh color $35, 44.948, 321.119$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 663366 . A complement of this color would be $48, 44.125, 136.019$, and the grayscale version is $36, 0.005, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $55, 44.578, 320.928$, and $15, 44.715, 321.459$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $32, 52.576, 321.388$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $38, 36.690, 320.769$.

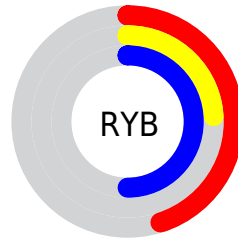
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (24%)

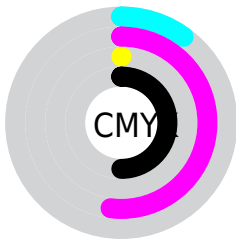
Blue (50%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (50%)

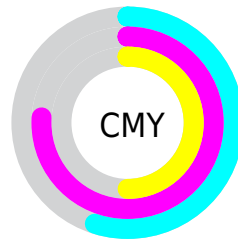


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (55%)


Magenta (76%)


Yellow (50%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 35, 44.948, 321.119 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 35, 44.948, 321.119 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 35, 44.948,
321.119

 35, 44.948,
321.119

 100, 44.948,
321.119


 25, 44.948,
321.119

 55, 44.948,
321.119


 15, 44.948,
321.119


 65, 44.948,
321.119

 5, 44.948, 321.119

 75, 44.948,
321.119

 0, 44.948, 321.119

 85, 44.948,
321.119

 95, 44.948,
321.119

35, 44.948,
321.119

35, 44.948,
321.119

32, 52.576,
321.388

38, 36.690,
320.769

30, 59.230,
321.538

42, 28.093,
320.369

28, 64.538,
321.530

45, 19.366,
319.941

26, 68.207,
321.327

49, 10.657,
319.503

25, 70.440,
321.121

53, 2.062, 319.017

56, 6.359, 138.702

60, 14.573,
138.297

64, 22.564,
137.926

■ 68, 30.327,
137.582

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35, 44.948, 321.119



48, 44.125, 136.019

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35, 44.948, 321.119



35, 44.948, 11.119



35, 44.948, 141.119



35, 44.948, 191.119

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35, 44.947, 321.119



61, 17.033, 319.677



33, 33.811, 288.863



31, 11.603, 319.751



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35, 44.947, 321.119



42, 65.316, 321.429



36, 37.980, 338.223



25, 4.814, 319.354



25, 70.328, 321.123



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35, 30.864, 10.739



41, 45.988, 13.746



48, 37.696, 149.508



25, 3.047, 4.438



26, 54.918, 28.002



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 35, 44.948, 321.119 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 35, 44.948, 321.119 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

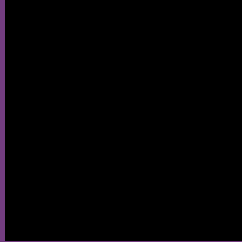
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 35, 44.948, 321.119

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 44.948, 321.119.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 44.948, 321.119.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
35, 44.948, 321.119

Protanopia
35, 40.622, 285.926

Deuteranopia
35, 26.531, 281.763



Tritanopia
35, 16.067, 8.841

Trichromacy



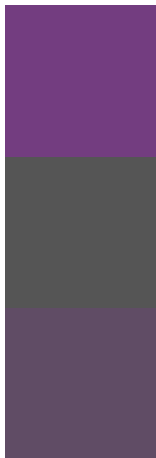
Original Color
35, 44.948, 321.119

Protanomaly
35, 40.583, 296.954

Deuteranomaly
34, 32.123, 300.118

Tritanomaly
35, 24.085, 337.642

Monochromacy



Original Color
35, 44.948, 321.119

Achromatopsia
36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
35, 17.610, 319.835

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 35, 44.948, 321.119 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 61, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 61, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 61, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 61, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 35, 44.948, 321.119 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 61, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 61, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 61, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 61, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 61, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 61,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 35, 44.948, 321.119 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 61, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115, 61,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor