

Converting Colors

CIELCh(35, 47.154, 137.434)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(35, 47.154, 137.434)
contains.

CIELCh(35, 47.135, 137.575)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(35, 47.135, 137.575)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1F5F1B
RGB	31, 95, 27
RGB Percent	12%, 37%, 11%
CMY	0.8797, 0.6285, 0.8952
CMYK	0.68, 0.00, 0.72, 0.63
HSL	117°, 56%, 24%
HSV	117°, 72%, 37%
XYZ	4.8171, 8.4984, 2.4072
YIQ	68.1120, -16.3160, -34.7160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

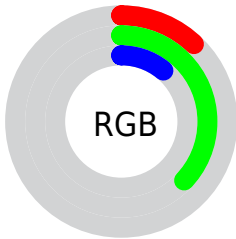
Format	Color
R_{YB}	27, 95, 91
Decimal	2055963
CIE _{Lab}	35.00, -34.79, 31.80
CIE _{LCh}	35, 47.135, 137.575
Yxy	8.4984, 0.3064, 0.5405
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280246043 (0xFF1F5F1B)
YUV	68.1120, -20.2682, -32.5472
Hunter-Lab	29.1520, -21.5205, 15.5105

Details

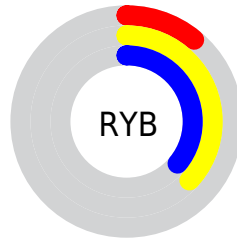
The CIELCh color **35, 47.135, 137.575** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **23, 46.760, 325.824**, and the grayscale version is **29, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55, 47.221, 137.548**, and **16, 34.989, 139.605** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35, 51.675, 136.782**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35, 41.688, 138.468**.

Distribution



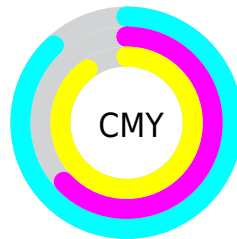
- Red (12%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Black (63%)





- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (90%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 35, 47.135, 137.575 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 35, 47.135, 137.575 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 35, 47.135,
137.575


 35, 47.135,
137.575

 100, 47.135,
137.575


 25, 47.135,
137.575

 55, 47.135,
137.575


 15, 47.135,
137.575


 65, 47.135,
137.575

 5, 47.135, 137.575

 75, 47.135,
137.575

 0, 47.135, 137.575

 85, 47.135,
137.575

 95, 47.135,
137.575

■ 35, 47.135,
137.575

■ 35, 47.135,
137.575

■ 35, 51.675,
136.782

■ 35, 41.688,
138.468

■ 34, 55.094,
136.175

■ 36, 35.579,
139.370

■ 34, 57.620,
135.493

■ 37, 29.019,
140.223

■ 37, 22.182,
141.000

■ 38, 15.203,
141.690

■ 39, 8.191, 142.298

■ 40, 1.223, 142.915

■ 41, 5.642, 323.219

■ 42, 12.363,
323.615

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35, 47.135, 137.575



23, 46.760, 325.824

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35, 47.135, 137.575



35, 47.135, 187.575



35, 47.135, 317.575



35, 47.135, 7.575

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35, 47.135, 137.576



49, 18.971, 141.633



38, 36.355, 100.683



24, 12.630, 141.525



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35, 47.135, 137.576



45, 64.881, 136.356



35, 34.877, 152.552



19, 3.968, 142.461



41, 64.995, 135.583



83, 114.016, 135.837

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23, 46.760, 325.824



28, 63.613, 326.052



22, 35.634, 347.594



18, 3.978, 323.281



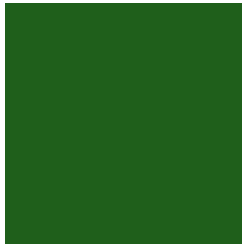
24, 63.273, 326.063



54, 110.637, 325.929

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 35, 47.135, 137.575 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

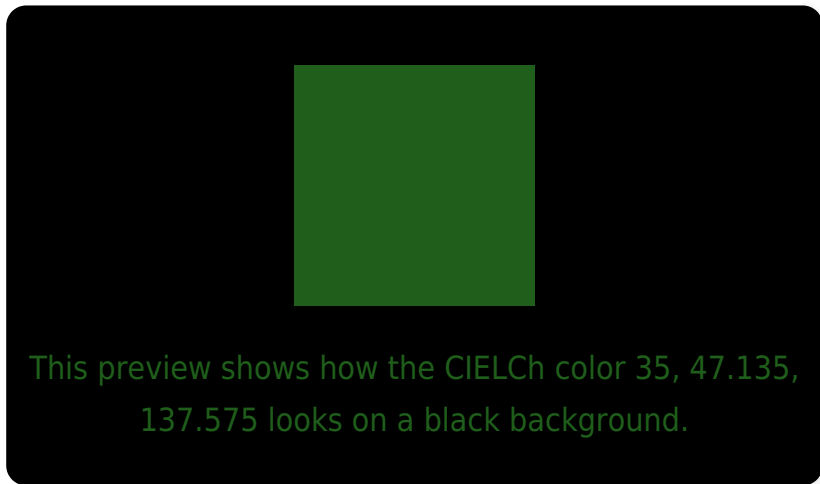
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 35, 47.135, 137.575

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 47.135, 137.575.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 47.135, 137.575.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35, 47.135, 137.575

Protanopia

35, 34.661, 95.727

Deuteranopia

35, 30.213, 81.291



Tritanopia
35, 14.735, 217.697

Trichromacy



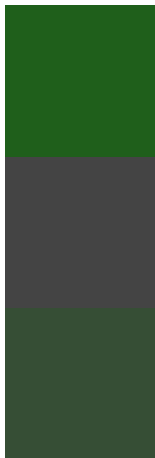
Original Color
35, 47.135, 137.575

Protanomaly
34, 37.090, 117.130

Deuteranomaly
34, 31.559, 112.021

Tritanomaly
35, 22.315, 164.330

Monochromacy



Original Color
35, 47.135, 137.575

Achromatopsia
29, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
31, 19.162, 141.482

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 35, 47.135, 137.575 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 95, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(31, 95, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 95, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 95, 27) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 35, 47.135, 137.575 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 95, 27) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 95, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 95, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 95, 27); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 95, 27);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 95, 27)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 35, 47.135, 137.575 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 95, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 95,  
27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor