

Converting Colors

CIELCh(35, 5.040, 80.639)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(35, 5.040, 80.639) contains.

CIELCh(35, 5.446, 85.034)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(35, 5.446, 85.034)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	57524A
RGB	87, 82, 74
RGB Percent	34%, 32%, 29%
CMY	0.6599, 0.6795, 0.7108
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.15, 0.66
HSL	37°, 8%, 31%
HSV	37°, 15%, 34%
XYZ	8.1295, 8.4984, 7.6440
YIQ	82.5830, 5.5480, -1.4280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

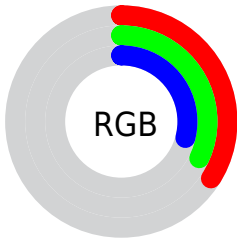
Format	Color
R_{YB}	82, 87, 74
Decimal	5722698
CIE Lab	35.00, 0.47, 5.43
CIE LCh	35, 5.446, 85.034
Yxy	8.4984, 0.3349, 0.3501
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283912778 (0xFF57524A)
YUV	82.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737
Hunter-Lab	29.1520, -1.2382, 4.8599

Details

The CIELCh color **35, 5.446, 85.034** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **33, 5.388, 268.741**, and the grayscale version is **35, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55, 5.177, 81.444**, and **15, 5.587, 80.908** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34, 9.203, 83.848**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36, 1.785, 86.164**.

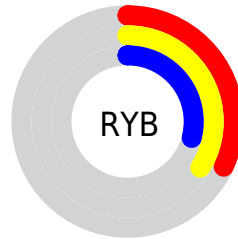
Distribution



Red (34%)

Green (32%)

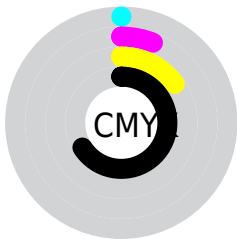
Blue (29%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (34%)

Blue (29%)

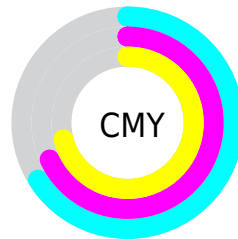


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (66%)



Cyan (66%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 35, 5.446, 85.034 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 35, 5.446, 85.034 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 35, 5.446, 85.034 ■ 35, 5.446, 85.034

■ 100, 5.446, 85.034 ■ 25, 5.446, 85.034

■ 55, 5.446, 85.034 ■ 15, 5.446, 85.034

■ 65, 5.446, 85.034 ■ 5, 5.446, 85.034

■ 75, 5.446, 85.034 ■ 0, 5.446, 85.034

■ 85, 5.446, 85.034

■ 95, 5.446, 85.034

■ 35, 5.446, 85.034 ■ 35, 5.446, 85.034

■ 34, 9.203, 83.848 ■ 36, 1.785, 86.164

■ 33, 13.051, 82.610 ■ 38, 1.785, 267.472

■ 31, 16.980, 81.339

■ 39, 5.269, 268.512

■ 30, 20.957, 80.032

■ 40, 8.672, 269.553

■ 29, 24.924, 78.675

■ 41, 12.002,
270.558

■ 28, 28.766, 77.237

■ 43, 15.265,
271.519

■ 27, 32.282, 75.650

■ 26, 35.344, 73.933

■ 44, 18.467,
272.437

■ 26, 36.861, 73.160

■ 45, 21.613,
273.311

■ 47, 24.709,
274.142

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35, 5.446, 85.034



33, 5.388, 268.741

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35, 5.446, 85.034



35, 5.446, 135.034



35, 5.446, 265.034



35, 5.446, 315.034

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35, 5.447, 85.047



47, 1.770, 86.245



33, 6.572, 350.659



23, 1.245, 86.197



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35, 5.447, 85.047



45, 8.132, 84.620



36, 8.024, 112.992



17, 2.017, 85.760



32, 43.579, 72.589



68, 77.640, 70.295

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 5.388, 268.741



42, 8.017, 269.256



32, 8.276, 295.332



16, 2.008, 267.928



19, 44.970, 291.382



43, 85.714, 294.095

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 35, 5.446, 85.034 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 35, 5.446, 85.034 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

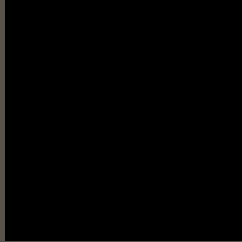
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 35, 5.446, 85.034

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 5.446, 85.034.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 5.446, 85.034.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35, 5.446, 85.034

Protanopia

35, 5.277, 89.506

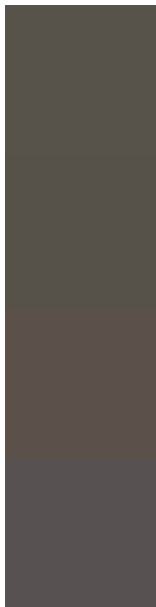
Deuteranopia

35, 7.079, 46.121



Tritanopia
35, 5.091, 332.846

Trichromacy



Original Color

35, 5.446, 85.034

Protanomaly

35, 5.277, 89.506

Deuteranomaly

35, 6.222, 56.621

Tritanomaly

35, 3.107, 8.251

Monochromacy



Original Color

35, 5.446, 85.034

Achromatopsia

35, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

35, 2.050, 84.662

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 35, 5.446, 85.034 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 82, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 82, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 82, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 82, 74) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 35, 5.446, 85.034 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 82, 74) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 82, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 82, 74)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 82, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 82, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 82, 74)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 35, 5.446, 85.034 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 82, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 82,  
74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor