

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(35, 68.606, 44.665)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(35, 68.606, 44.665) contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(35, 68.416, 44.492)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9E2300
RGB	158, 35, 0
RGB Percent	62%, 14%, 0%
CMY	0.3797, 0.8620, 0.9995
CMYK	0.00, 0.78, 1.00, 0.38
HSL	13°, 100%, 31%
HSV	13°, 100%, 62%
XYZ	14.7401, 8.4984, 0.8668
YIQ	67.7870, 84.5430, 15.1910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

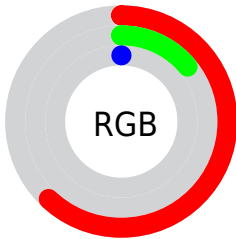
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	158, 45, 0
Decimal	10363648
CIELab	35.00, 48.80, 47.95
CIELCh	35, 68.416, 44.492
Yxy	8.4984, 0.6115, 0.3526
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288553728 (0xFF9E2300)
YUV	67.7870, -33.4190, 79.1168
Hunter-Lab	29.1520, 39.2391, 18.6435

# Details

The CIELCh color **35, 68.416, 44.492** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **48, 31.107, 239.711**, and the grayscale version is **29, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55, 68.153, 44.290**, and **18, 48.338, 35.275** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35, 68.463, 44.502**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 61.863, 44.050**.

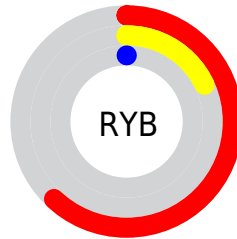
# Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (14%)

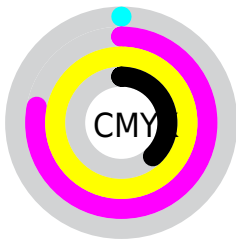
Blue (0%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (0%)

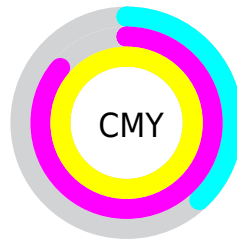


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (78%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (86%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 35, 68.416, 44.492 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 35, 68.416, 44.492 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 35, 68.416, 44.492

 35, 68.416, 44.492

 100, 68.416,  
44.492

 25, 68.416, 44.492

 55, 68.416, 44.492

 15, 68.416, 44.492

 65, 68.416, 44.492

 5, 68.416, 44.492

 75, 68.416, 44.492

 0, 68.416, 44.492

 85, 68.416, 44.492

 95, 68.416, 44.492

 35, 68.416, 44.492

 35, 68.416, 44.492

 35, 68.463, 44.502

 37, 61.863, 44.050

■ 39, 54.356, 43.501

■ 41, 46.338, 42.780

■ 44, 38.401, 42.163

■ 47, 30.811, 41.735

■ 51, 23.679, 41.502

■ 54, 17.042, 41.441

■ 58, 10.896, 41.516

■ 61, 5.214, 41.672

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35, 68.416, 44.492



48, 31.107, 239.711

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35, 68.416, 44.492



35, 68.416, 94.492



35, 68.416, 224.492



35, 68.416, 274.492

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35, 68.414, 44.494



69, 21.289, 41.441



35, 68.528, 339.021



35, 14.879, 41.450



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35, 68.414, 44.494



46, 84.078, 44.016



51, 58.174, 80.663



32, 2.961, 41.682



31, 63.074, 44.509



2, 3.770, 40.686





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 31.107, 239.711



62, 38.056, 240.655



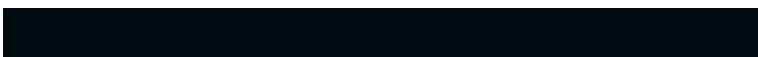
25, 72.853, 298.736



32, 2.803, 222.487



43, 28.833, 239.328



3, 3.702, 226.114



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 35, 68.416, 44.492 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 35, 68.416, 44.492 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 35, 68.416, 44.492**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 68.416, 44.492.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 68.416, 44.492.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35, 68.416, 44.492

### Protanopia

36, 37.251, 95.979

### Deuteranopia

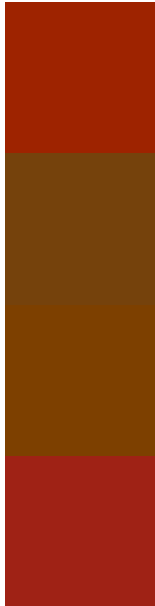
36, 44.207, 84.948



**Tritanopia**  
35, 60.255, 33.114



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
35, 68.416, 44.492

**Protanomaly**  
33, 42.891, 65.101

**Deuteranomaly**  
34, 49.737, 62.941

**Tritanomaly**  
35, 63.542, 38.399

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
35, 68.416, 44.492

**Achromatopsia**  
29, 0.005, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
29, 24.973, 42.120

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 35, 68.416, 44.492 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 35, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 35, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 35, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 35, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 35, 68.416, 44.492 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 35, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 35, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 35, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 35, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 35, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 35, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 35, 68.416, 44.492 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 35, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158, 35,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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