

Converting Colors

CIELCh(35, 69.125, 336.388)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(35, 69.125, 336.388)
contains.

CIELCh(35, 69.209, 336.211)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(35, 69.209, 336.211)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A0380
RGB	154, 3, 128
RGB Percent	60%, 1%, 50%
CMY	0.3960, 0.9879, 0.4979
CMYK	0.00, 0.98, 0.17, 0.40
HSL	310°, 96%, 31%
HSV	310°, 98%, 60%
XYZ	17.2627, 8.4984, 21.1609
YIQ	62.3990, 49.8710, 70.8870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

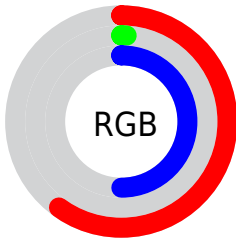
Format	Color
RYB	154, 3, 128
Decimal	10093440
CIELab	35.00, 63.33, -27.92
CIElCh	35, 69.209, 336.211
Yxy	8.4984, 0.3679, 0.1811
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288283520 (0xFF9A0380)
YUV	62.3990, 32.3413, 80.3341
Hunter-Lab	29.1520, 54.6846, -22.6311

Details

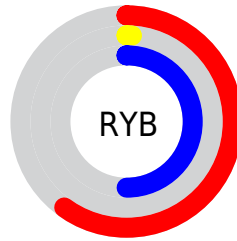
The CIELCh color **35, 69.209, 336.211** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993399**. A complement of this color would be **55, 77.190, 138.461**, and the grayscale version is **26, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55, 69.095, 336.276**, and **21, 49.391, 337.678** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35, 69.474, 336.378**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36, 67.636, 335.385**.

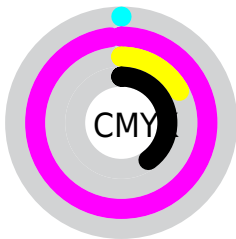
Distribution



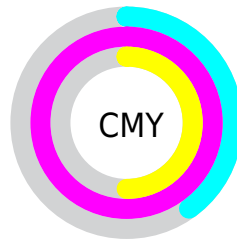
- Red (60%)
- Green (1%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (40%)





- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (50%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 35, 69.209, 336.211 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 35, 69.209, 336.211 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 35, 69.209,
336.211


 35, 69.209,
336.211

 100, 69.209,
336.211


 25, 69.209,
336.211

 55, 69.209,
336.211


 15, 69.209,
336.211


 65, 69.209,
336.211

 5, 69.209, 336.211

 75, 69.209,
336.211

 0, 69.209, 336.211

 85, 69.209,
336.211

 95, 69.209,
336.211

■ 35, 69.209,
336.211

■ 35, 69.209,
336.211

■ 35, 69.474,
336.378

■ 36, 67.636,
335.385

■ 37, 64.332,
334.625

■ 39, 59.156,
333.915

■ 42, 52.391,
333.234

■ 45, 44.424,
332.570

■ 48, 35.648,
331.917

■ 52, 26.403,
331.275

■ 56, 16.956,

330.645

■ 60, 7.495, 330.019

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35, 69.209, 336.211



55, 77.190, 138.461

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35, 69.209, 336.211



35, 69.209, 26.211



35, 69.209, 156.211



35, 69.209, 206.211

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35, 69.207, 336.211



66, 34.023, 331.376



19, 89.577, 306.941



33, 23.493, 331.631



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35, 69.207, 336.211



46, 84.540, 336.573



32, 58.483, 16.231



30, 5.272, 330.096



31, 64.947, 336.299



1, 5.610, 330.031

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35, 69.207, 336.211



46, 84.540, 336.573



56, 49.704, 160.049



30, 5.272, 330.096



31, 64.947, 336.299



1, 5.610, 330.031

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 35, 69.209, 336.211 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

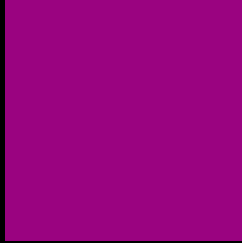
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 35, 69.209, 336.211 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

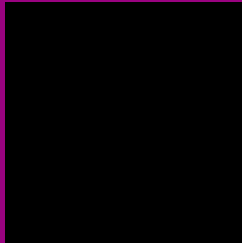
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 35, 69.209, 336.211

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 69.209, 336.211.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 69.209, 336.211.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
35, 69.209, 336.211

Protanopia
36, 57.144, 286.558

Deuteranopia
36, 22.553, 283.227



Tritanopia
36, 46.275, 26.681

Trichromacy



Original Color
35, 69.209, 336.211

Protanomaly
29, 65.713, 301.189

Deuteranomaly
32, 45.163, 317.636

Tritanomaly
34, 50.826, 1.796

Monochromacy



Original Color
35, 69.209, 336.211

Achromatopsia
26, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
26, 35.049, 332.754

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 35, 69.209, 336.211 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 3, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 3, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 3, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 3, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 35, 69.209, 336.211 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 3, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 3, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 3, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 3, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 3, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 3,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 35, 69.209, 336.211 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 3, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154, 3,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor