

Converting Colors

CIELCh(35, 75.133, 329.184)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(35, 75.133, 329.184)
contains.

CIELCh(35, 75.098, 329.286)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(35, 75.098, 329.286)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	950491
RGB	149, 4, 145
RGB Percent	58%, 2%, 57%
CMY	0.4167, 0.9828, 0.4323
CMYK	0.00, 0.97, 0.03, 0.42
HSL	302°, 94%, 30%
HSV	302°, 97%, 58%
XYZ	17.4895, 8.4984, 27.4127
YIQ	63.4290, 41.1590, 74.5910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

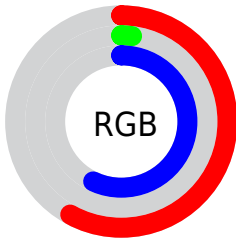
Format	Color
RYB	149, 4, 145
Decimal	9766033
CIELab	35.00, 64.56, -38.36
CIElCh	35, 75.098, 329.286
Yxy	8.4984, 0.3275, 0.1591
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287956113 (0xFF950491)
YUV	63.4290, 40.2145, 75.0458
Hunter-Lab	29.1520, 56.0737, -35.3462

Details

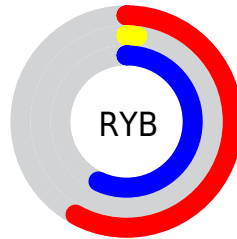
The CIELCh color **35, 75.098, 329.286** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **53, 78.818, 136.445**, and the grayscale version is **27, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55, 75.160, 329.508**, and **21, 55.718, 327.839** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35, 75.692, 329.340**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36, 72.760, 329.091**.

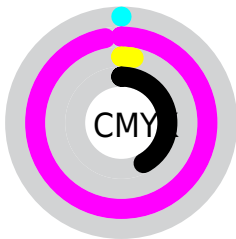
Distribution



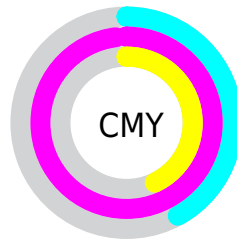
- Red (58%)
- Green (2%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (97%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (42%)




- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (43%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 35, 75.098, 329.286 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 35, 75.098, 329.286 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 35, 75.098,
329.286


 35, 75.098,
329.286

 100, 75.098,
329.286


 25, 75.098,
329.286

 55, 75.098,
329.286


 15, 75.098,
329.286


 65, 75.098,
329.286

 5, 75.098, 329.286

 75, 75.098,
329.286

 0, 75.098, 329.286

 85, 75.098,
329.286

 95, 75.098,
329.286

■ 35, 75.098,
329.286

■ 35, 75.098,
329.286

■ 35, 75.692,
329.340

■ 36, 72.760,
329.091

■ 37, 68.689,
328.832

■ 39, 62.805,
328.503

■ 41, 55.367,
328.107

■ 44, 46.739,
327.655

■ 48, 37.298,
327.160

■ 51, 27.378,
326.635

■ 55, 17.245,

326.093

■ 59, 7.095, 325.534

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35, 75.098, 329.286



53, 78.818, 136.445

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35, 75.098, 329.286



35, 75.098, 19.286



35, 75.098, 149.286



35, 75.098, 199.286

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35, 75.096, 329.286



64, 36.394, 326.771



17, 87.798, 306.009



32, 24.852, 326.974



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35, 75.096, 329.286



46, 91.990, 329.363



32, 56.136, 1.674



29, 5.668, 325.658



32, 71.562, 329.332



1, 4.930, 325.181

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35, 75.096, 329.286



46, 91.990, 329.363



54, 56.979, 151.020



29, 5.668, 325.658



32, 71.562, 329.332



1, 4.930, 325.181

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 35, 75.098, 329.286 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

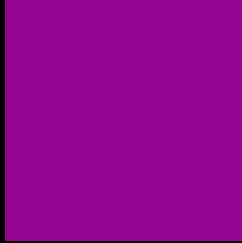
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 35, 75.098, 329.286 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

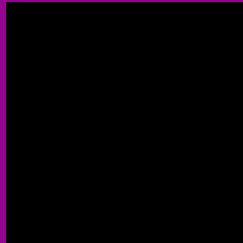
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 35, 75.098, 329.286

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 75.098, 329.286.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 75.098, 329.286.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35, 75.243, 329.291

Protanopia

36, 56.573, 286.293

Deuteranopia

36, 32.273, 279.539



Tritanopia
36, 38.898, 23.444

Trichromacy



Original Color
35, 75.243, 329.291



Protanomaly
30, 68.550, 300.873



Deuteranomaly
31, 52.909, 309.026



Tritanomaly
34, 48.608, 352.674

Monochromacy



Original Color
35, 75.243, 329.291



Achromatopsia
27, 0.004, 296.813



Achromatomaly
26, 37.600, 328.249

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 35, 75.098, 329.286 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 4, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 4, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 4, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 4, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 35, 75.098, 329.286 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 4, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 4, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 4, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 4, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 4, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 4,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 35, 75.098, 329.286 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 4, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149, 4,  
145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor