

Converting Colors

CIELCh(35, 8.952, 2.867)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(35, 8.952, 2.867) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(35, 9.315, 1.458)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	614D52
RGB	97, 77, 82
RGB Percent	38%, 30%, 32%
CMY	0.6188, 0.6973, 0.6777
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.15, 0.62
HSL	345°, 11%, 34%
HSV	345°, 21%, 38%
XYZ	9.1481, 8.4984, 9.1787
YIQ	83.5500, 10.3150, 5.7950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

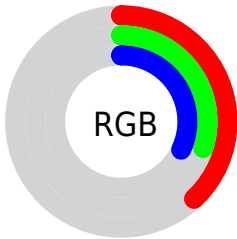
Format	Color
R_{YB}	97, 77, 82
Decimal	6376786
CIE Lab	35.00, 9.31, 0.24
CIE LCh	35, 9.315, 1.458
Yxy	8.4984, 0.3410, 0.3168
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284566866 (0xFF614D52)
YUV	83.5500, -0.7641, 11.7957
Hunter-Lab	29.1520, 4.9983, 1.7386

Details

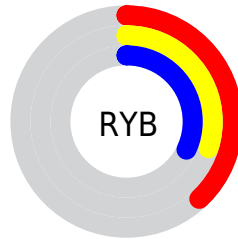
The CIELCh color $[35, 9.315, 1.458]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be $[39, 8.720, 177.755]$, and the grayscale version is $[36, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[55, 9.321, 2.577]$, and $[15, 8.960, 3.718]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[32, 14.095, 2.671]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[38, 4.690, 0.406]$.

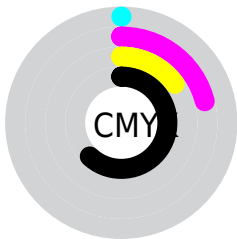
Distribution



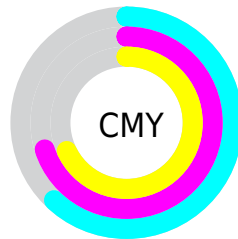
- Red (38%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 35, 9.315, 1.458 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 35, 9.315, 1.458 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 35, 9.315, 1.458

■ 35, 9.315, 1.458

■ 100, 9.315, 1.458

■ 25, 9.315, 1.458

■ 55, 9.315, 1.458

■ 15, 9.315, 1.458

■ 65, 9.315, 1.458

■ 5, 9.315, 1.458

■ 75, 9.315, 1.458

■ 0, 9.315, 1.458

■ 85, 9.315, 1.458

■ 95, 9.315, 1.458

■ 35, 9.315, 1.458

■ 35, 9.315, 1.458

■ 32, 14.095, 2.671

■ 38, 4.690, 0.406

■ 29, 18.972, 4.099

■ 41, 0.256, 358.431

27, 23.846, 5.821

44, 3.978, 178.865

24, 28.575, 7.935

47, 8.012, 178.129

22, 32.984, 10.563

50, 11.855,
177.487

21, 36.900, 13.837

54, 15.521,
176.911

19, 40.215, 17.863

18, 43.368, 21.587

57, 19.022,
176.388

60, 22.375,
175.908

63, 25.592,
175.466

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35, 9.315, 1.458



39, 8.720, 177.755

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35, 9.315, 1.458



35, 9.315, 51.458



35, 9.315, 181.458



35, 9.315, 231.458

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35, 9.314, 1.463



51, 3.292, 359.954



35, 13.977, 318.114



25, 2.166, 359.994



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35, 9.314, 1.463



44, 14.281, 2.066



36, 7.442, 44.633



18, 2.470, 0.233



22, 48.283, 22.663



50, 86.592, 26.502

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35, 9.314, 1.463



44, 14.281, 2.066



38, 6.604, 226.636



18, 2.470, 0.233



22, 48.283, 22.663



50, 86.592, 26.502

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 35, 9.315, 1.458 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 35, 9.315, 1.458 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

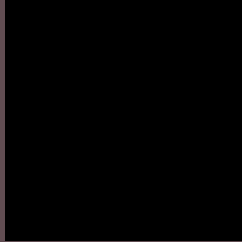
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 35, 9.315, 1.458

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 9.315, 1.458.

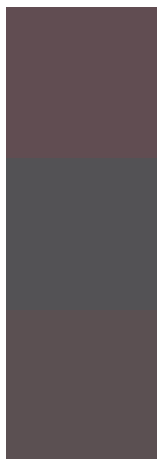


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 9.315, 1.458.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


35, 9.315, 1.458

Protanopia

35, 1.929, 303.205

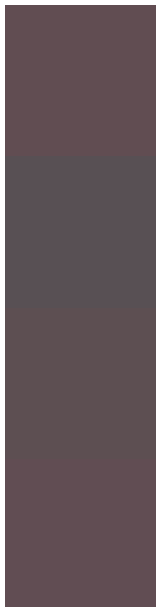
Deuteranopia

35, 4.963, 5.637



Tritanopia
35, 9.506, 357.888

Trichromacy



Original Color

35, 9.315, 1.458

Protanomaly

35, 4.269, 344.293

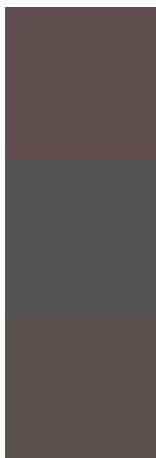
Deuteranomaly

35, 6.406, 3.485

Tritanomaly

35, 9.506, 357.888

Monochromacy



Original Color

35, 9.315, 1.458

Achromatopsia

36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

36, 3.100, 8.243

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 35, 9.315, 1.458 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 77, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 77, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 77, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 77, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 35, 9.315, 1.458 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 77, 82) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 77, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(97, 77, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 77, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 77, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 77, 82)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 35, 9.315, 1.458 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 77, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 77,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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