

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(35, 81.906, 325.023)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(35, 81.906, 325.023)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(35, 81.636, 324.847)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	91009F
RGB	145, 0, 159
RGB Percent	57%, 0%, 62%
CMY	0.4319, 1.0000, 0.3770
CMYK	0.09, 1.00, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	295°, 100%, 31%
HSV	295°, 100%, 62%
XYZ	17.8954, 8.4984, 33.4375
YIQ	61.4810, 35.3810, 80.1890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

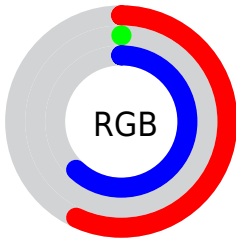
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	145, 0, 159
Decimal	9502879
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	35.00, 66.75, -47.00
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	35, 81.636, 324.847
Yxy	8.4984, 0.2991, 0.1420
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287692959 (0xFF91009F)
YUV	61.4810, 48.0769, 73.2462
Hunter-Lab	29.1520, 58.5590, -47.5995

# Details

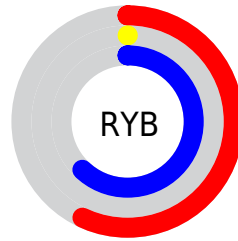
The CIELCh color **35, 81.636, 324.847** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **57, 83.572, 135.563**, and the grayscale version is **26, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55, 81.465, 325.021**, and **21, 61.819, 322.132** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35, 81.587, 324.843**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36, 79.125, 324.984**.

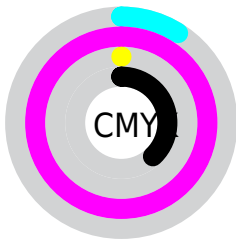
# Distribution



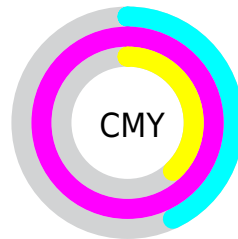
- Red (57%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)




- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (38%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 35, 81.636, 324.847 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 35, 81.636, 324.847 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 35, 81.636,  
324.847


 35, 81.636,  
324.847

 100, 81.636,  
324.847


 25, 81.636,  
324.847

 55, 81.636,  
324.847


 15, 81.636,  
324.847

 65, 81.636,  
324.847

 5, 81.636, 324.847

 75, 81.636,  
324.847

 0, 81.636, 324.847

 85, 81.636,  
324.847

 95, 81.636,  
324.847

■ 35, 81.636,  
324.847

■ 35, 81.636,  
324.847

■ 35, 81.587,  
324.843

■ 36, 79.125,  
324.984

■ 37, 75.054,  
325.011

■ 40, 69.000,  
324.898

■ 42, 61.248,  
324.662

■ 45, 52.205,  
324.330

■ 49, 42.291,  
323.928

■ 53, 31.868,  
323.478

■ 57, 21.221,

323.002

■ 61, 10.555,  
322.509

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35, 81.636, 324.847



57, 83.572, 135.563

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35, 81.636, 324.847



35, 81.636, 14.847



35, 81.636, 144.847



35, 81.636, 194.847

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35, 81.587, 324.843



67, 39.459, 323.505



19, 88.956, 304.765



34, 27.103, 323.687



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35, 81.587, 324.843



46, 99.154, 324.780



34, 61.481, 352.505



31, 5.941, 322.471



31, 75.457, 324.873



1, 7.680, 321.518



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 69.685, 35.920



43, 85.519, 36.749



57, 68.377, 144.929



31, 3.553, 12.775



29, 64.125, 35.480

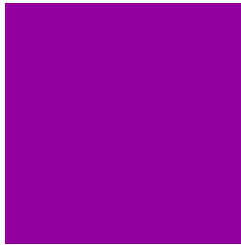


1, 4.513, 12.483



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 35, 81.636, 324.847 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

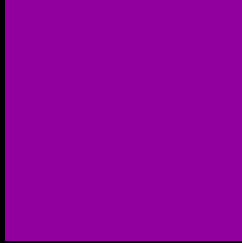
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 35, 81.636, 324.847 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

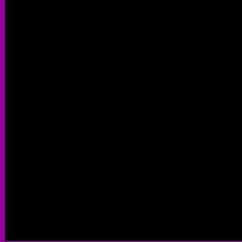
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 35, 81.636, 324.847

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 81.636, 324.847.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 81.636, 324.847.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

35, 81.636, 324.847

### Protanopia

36, 57.144, 286.558

### Deuteranopia

36, 40.108, 277.727





**Tritanopia**  
36, 33.450, 20.510

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
35, 81.636, 324.847



**Protanomaly**  
30, 72.686, 301.515



**Deuteranomaly**  
30, 61.714, 303.723



**Tritanomaly**  
34, 49.198, 345.004

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
35, 81.636, 324.847



**Achromatopsia**  
26, 0.004, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
25, 40.976, 324.094

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 35, 81.636, 324.847 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 0, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 0, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 0, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 0, 159) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 35, 81.636, 324.847 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 0, 159) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 0, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 0, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 0, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 0, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 0,  
159) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 35, 81.636, 324.847 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 0, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145, 0,  
159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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