

Converting Colors

CIELCh(35, 83.593, 140.785)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(35, 83.593, 140.785)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(37, 61.120, 136.016)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006600
RGB	0, 102, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 40%, 0%
CMY	0.9986, 0.5993, 0.9992
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.60
HSL	120°, 100%, 20%
HSV	120°, 100%, 40%
XYZ	4.7732, 9.5379, 1.5948
YIQ	59.8740, -28.0500, -53.3460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 102, 102
Decimal	26112
CIELab	37.00, -43.98, 42.45
CIElCh	37, 61.120, 136.016
Yxy	9.5379, 0.3001, 0.5996
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278216192 (0xFF006600)
YUV	59.8740, -29.5179, -52.5095
Hunter-Lab	30.8835, -26.4582, 18.5568

Details

The CIELCh color **37, 61.120, 136.016** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**, and the color name is **pakistan green**. A complement of this color would be **23, 58.995, 328.166**, and the grayscale version is **25, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57, 60.939, 135.930**, and **18, 37.921, 138.389** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37, 61.179, 136.002**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 58.129, 136.756**.

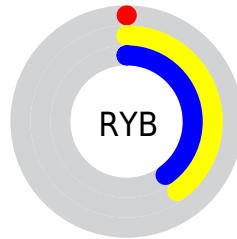
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (40%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (40%)

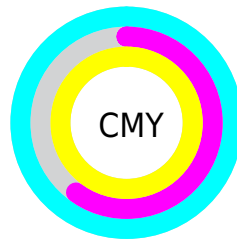


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (100%)


Magenta (60%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 37, 61.120, 136.016 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 37, 61.120, 136.016 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 37, 61.120,
136.016


 37, 61.120,
136.016

 100, 61.120,
136.016


 27, 61.120,
136.016


 57, 61.120,
136.016


 17, 61.120,
136.016


 67, 61.120,
136.016

 7, 61.120, 136.016

 77, 61.120,
136.016

 0, 61.120, 136.016

 87, 61.120,
136.016

 97, 61.120,
136.016

■ 37, 61.120,
136.016

■ 37, 61.120,
136.016

■ 37, 61.179,
136.002

■ 37, 58.129,
136.756

■ 37, 54.499,
137.577

■ 38, 49.609,
138.578

■ 38, 43.722,
139.642

■ 39, 37.104,
140.676

■ 39, 29.986,
141.631

■ 40, 22.563,
142.483

■ 41, 14.990,

143.228

■ 42, 7.390, 143.879

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37, 61.120, 136.016



23, 58.995, 328.166

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37, 61.120, 136.016



37, 61.120, 186.016



37, 61.120, 316.016



37, 61.120, 6.016

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37, 61.120, 136.017



52, 28.122, 142.399



41, 48.880, 101.865



26, 19.012, 142.157



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37, 61.120, 136.017



48, 73.697, 136.005



37, 44.906, 149.746



21, 4.220, 143.934



42, 66.426, 136.003



84, 115.207, 136.011

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23, 58.995, 328.166



31, 71.120, 328.167



20, 43.676, 357.951



20, 4.227, 324.829



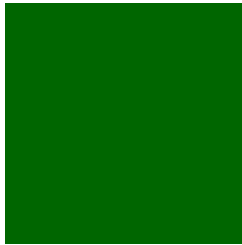
26, 64.105, 328.167



57, 111.172, 328.164

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 37, 61.120, 136.016 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

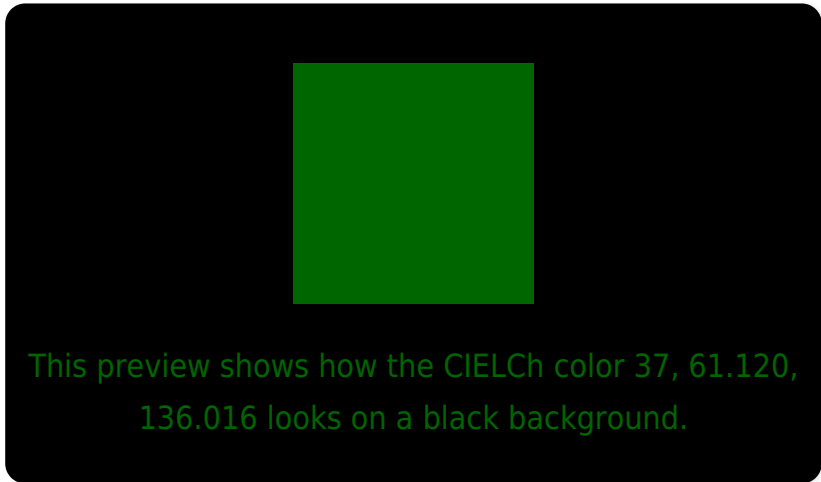
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

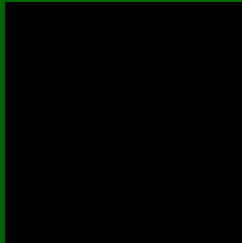
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 37, 61.120, 136.016

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 61.120, 136.016.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 37, 61.120, 136.016.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
37, 61.120, 136.016

Protanopia
37, 44.652, 95.569

Deuteranopia
37, 38.160, 82.797



Tritanopia
37, 17.732, 213.726

Trichromacy



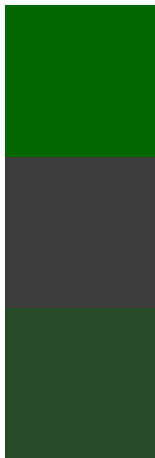
Original Color
37, 61.120, 136.016

Protanomaly
36, 49.069, 120.436

Deuteranomaly
35, 42.489, 116.804

Tritanomaly
37, 32.461, 158.248

Monochromacy



Original Color
37, 61.120, 136.016

Achromatopsia
25, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
28, 28.566, 140.964

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 37, 61.120, 136.016 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 102, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 102, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 102, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 102, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 37, 61.120, 136.016 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 102, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 102, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 102, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 102, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 102, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 102, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 37, 61.120, 136.016 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 102, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 102,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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