

Converting Colors

CIELCh(35, 9.046, 204.109)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(35, 9.046, 204.109) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(35, 8.736, 206.542)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	405658
RGB	64, 86, 88
RGB Percent	25%, 34%, 35%
CMY	0.7481, 0.6618, 0.6540
CMYK	0.27, 0.02, 0.00, 0.65
HSL	185°, 16%, 30%
HSV	185°, 27%, 35%
XYZ	7.2462, 8.4984, 10.5412
YIQ	79.6500, -13.7540, -4.0420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

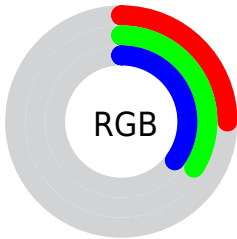
Format	Color
RYB	64, 75, 88
Decimal	4216408
CIELab	35.00, -7.82, -3.90
CIELCh	35, 8.736, 206.542
Yxy	8.4984, 0.2757, 0.3233
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282406488 (0xFF405658)
YUV	79.6500, 4.1166, -13.7250
Hunter-Lab	29.1520, -6.6468, -1.0326

Details

The CIELCh color **35, 8.736, 206.542** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **30, 10.393, 28.047**, and the grayscale version is **34, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55, 8.995, 205.947**, and **15, 8.679, 207.056** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34, 11.520, 206.520**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36, 5.696, 206.656**.

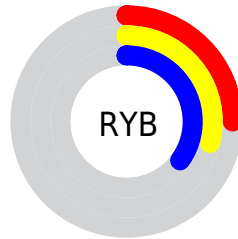
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (34%)

Blue (35%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (35%)

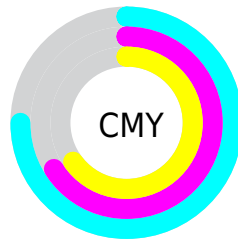


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 35, 8.736, 206.542 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 35, 8.736, 206.542 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 35, 8.736, 206.542

■ 35, 8.736, 206.542

■ 100, 8.736,
206.542

■ 25, 8.736, 206.542

■ 55, 8.736, 206.542

■ 15, 8.736, 206.542

■ 65, 8.736, 206.542

■ 5, 8.736, 206.542

■ 75, 8.736, 206.542

■ 0, 8.736, 206.542

■ 85, 8.736, 206.542

■ 95, 8.736, 206.542

■ 35, 8.736, 206.542

■ 35, 8.736, 206.542

■ 34, 11.520,
206.520

■ 36, 5.696, 206.656

■ 33, 14.000,
206.620

■ 37, 2.447, 206.905

■ 33, 16.132,
206.855

■ 38, 0.967, 26.698

■ 39, 4.509, 27.233

■ 32, 17.878,
207.248

■ 40, 8.143, 27.585

■ 32, 19.213,
207.824

■ 41, 11.843, 27.945

■ 42, 15.584, 28.319

■ 31, 20.132,
208.605

■ 44, 19.349, 28.704

■ 31, 20.804,
209.501

■ 45, 23.121, 29.094

■ 31, 20.996,
209.738

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35, 8.736, 206.542



30, 10.393, 28.047

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35, 8.736, 206.542



35, 8.736, 256.542



35, 8.736, 26.542



35, 8.736, 76.542

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35, 8.736, 206.537



47, 3.365, 206.867



35, 17.448, 144.576



24, 2.404, 206.833



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35, 8.736, 206.537



45, 12.843, 206.514



31, 9.437, 266.107



17, 1.866, 206.851



38, 23.998, 210.105



79, 42.448, 211.135

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 17.266, 328.202



38, 25.957, 328.569



34, 9.826, 79.031



16, 3.481, 327.202



24, 57.358, 331.660



55, 101.538, 331.912

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 35, 8.736, 206.542 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 35, 8.736, 206.542 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

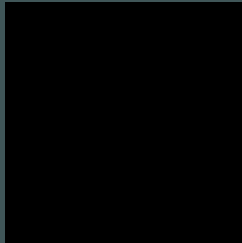
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

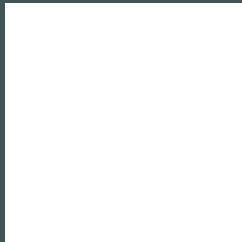
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 35, 8.736, 206.542

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 8.736, 206.542.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 35, 8.736, 206.542.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

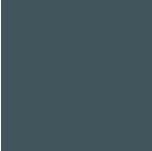
35, 8.736, 206.542

Protanopia

35, 1.929, 303.205

Deuteranopia

35, 6.934, 316.148



Tritanopia
35, 8.850, 223.602

Trichromacy



Original Color
35, 8.736, 206.542

Protanomaly
35, 3.517, 219.873

Deuteranomaly
35, 4.520, 275.060

Tritanomaly
35, 8.668, 219.622

Monochromacy



Original Color
35, 8.736, 206.542

Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
34, 3.388, 209.700

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 35, 8.736, 206.542 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 86, 88)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 86, 88)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 86, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 86, 88) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 35, 8.736, 206.542 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 86, 88) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 86, 88) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 86, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 86, 88); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 86, 88);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 86, 88)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 35, 8.736, 206.542 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 86, 88) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 86,  
88) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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