

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 1.548, 219.428)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 1.548, 219.428) contains.

CIELCh(36, 1.400, 225.825)	3
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Color

CIELCh(36, 1.400, 225.825)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	525556
RGB	82, 85, 86
RGB Percent	32%, 33%, 34%
CMY	0.6776, 0.6658, 0.6619
CMYK	0.05, 0.01, 0.00, 0.66
HSL	195°, 2%, 33%
HSV	195°, 5%, 34%
XYZ	8.4507, 9.0082, 10.1416
YIQ	84.2170, -2.1090, -0.3250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

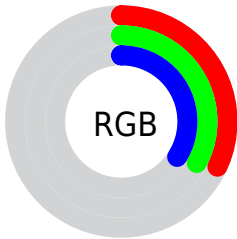
Format	Color
RYB	82, 84, 86
Decimal	5395798
CIELab	36.00, -0.98, -1.00
CIElCh	36, 1.400, 225.825
Yxy	9.0082, 0.3062, 0.3264
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283585878 (0xFF525556)
YUV	84.2170, 0.8790, -1.9443
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -2.2651, 0.9754

Details

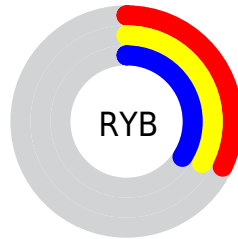
The CIELCh color **36, 1.400, 225.825** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **36, 1.432, 44.986**, and the grayscale version is **36, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 1.650, 219.810**, and **16, 1.565, 225.924** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35, 4.320, 226.183**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 1.640, 44.986**.

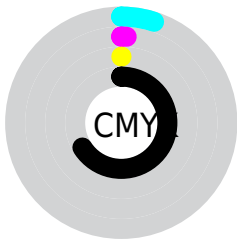
Distribution



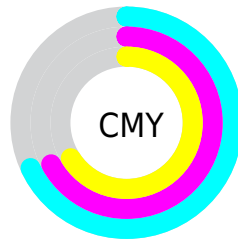
- Red (32%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (66%)



















- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 1.400, 225.825 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 1.400, 225.825 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 36, 1.400, 225.825	 36, 1.400, 225.825
 100, 1.400, 225.825	 26, 1.400, 225.825
 56, 1.400, 225.825	 16, 1.400, 225.825
 66, 1.400, 225.825	 6, 1.400, 225.825
 76, 1.400, 225.825	 0, 1.400, 225.825
 86, 1.400, 225.825	
 96, 1.400, 225.825	
 36, 1.400, 225.825	 36, 1.400, 225.825
 35, 4.320, 226.183	 37, 1.640, 44.986

■ 33, 7.090, 226.865

■ 39, 4.774, 44.793

■ 32, 9.676, 227.768

■ 40, 7.979, 44.593

■ 31, 12.042,
228.931

■ 42, 11.236, 44.444

■ 30, 14.155,
230.410

■ 43, 14.528, 44.342

■ 45, 17.843, 44.278

■ 28, 15.987,
232.270

■ 47, 21.170, 44.245

■ 27, 17.521,
234.583

■ 48, 24.502, 44.235

■ 50, 27.830, 44.245

■ 26, 18.759,
237.418

■ 26, 19.796,
240.639

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 1.400, 225.825



36, 1.432, 44.986

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 1.400, 225.825



36, 1.400, 275.825



36, 1.400, 45.825



36, 1.400, 95.825

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 1.400, 225.779



47, 0.379, 226.324



36, 2.569, 151.515



23, 0.213, 226.420



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 1.400, 225.779



46, 2.241, 225.803



35, 1.878, 276.665



17, 1.183, 225.802



31, 23.851, 243.626



67, 43.120, 246.952

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35, 2.550, 332.530



45, 4.099, 332.640



36, 1.865, 95.537



17, 2.163, 332.636



23, 50.860, 340.527



53, 89.403, 341.590

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 1.400, 225.825 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 1.400, 225.825 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

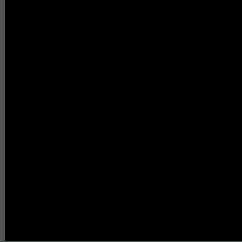
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

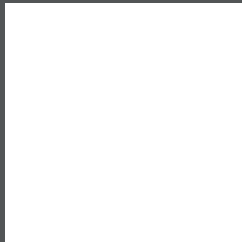
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 1.400, 225.825

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 1.400, 225.825.

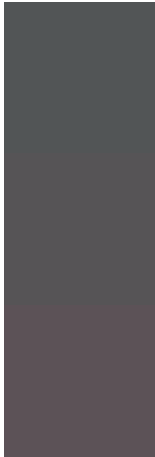


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 1.400, 225.825.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


36, 1.400, 225.825

Protanopia

36, 1.518, 324.466

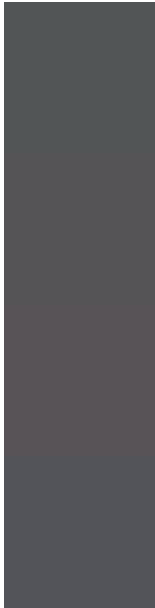
Deuteranopia

36, 5.307, 344.450



Tritanopia
36, 4.365, 285.482

Trichromacy



Original Color

36, 1.400, 225.825

Protanomaly

36, 1.323, 309.112

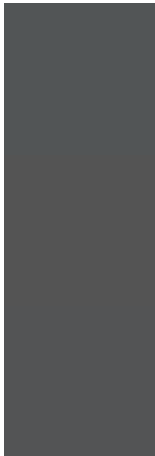
Deuteranomaly

36, 3.291, 330.799

Tritanomaly

36, 3.131, 283.063

Monochromacy



Original Color

36, 1.400, 225.825

Achromatopsia

36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

36, 0.751, 255.945

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 1.400, 225.825 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 85, 86)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 85, 86)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 85, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 85, 86) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 1.400, 225.825 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 85, 86) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 85, 86) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 85, 86)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 85, 86); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 85, 86);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 85, 86)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 1.400, 225.825 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 85, 86) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 85,  
86) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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