

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 1.777, 55.188)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 1.777, 55.188) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 1.786, 63.225)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	575452
RGB	87, 84, 82
RGB Percent	34%, 33%, 32%
CMY	0.6582, 0.6700, 0.6779
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.06, 0.66
HSL	24°, 3%, 33%
HSV	24°, 6%, 34%
XYZ	8.6545, 9.0082, 9.2943
YIQ	84.6690, 2.4300, 0.0140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

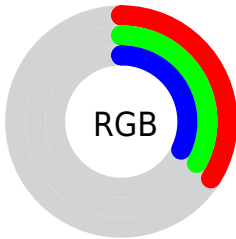
Format	Color
RYB	87, 85, 82
Decimal	5723218
CIELab	36.00, 0.80, 1.59
CIELCh	36, 1.786, 63.225
Yxy	9.0082, 0.3210, 0.3342
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283913298 (0xFF575452)
YUV	84.6690, -1.3158, 2.0443
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -1.0527, 2.6492

Details

The CIELCh color **36, 1.786, 63.225** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **36, 1.754, 244.636**, and the grayscale version is **36, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 1.948, 55.174**, and **16, 2.037, 62.857** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34, 5.043, 62.423**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38, 1.296, 244.525**.

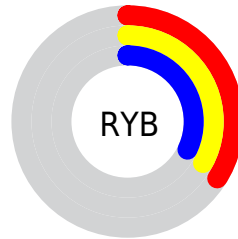
Distribution



Red (34%)

Green (33%)

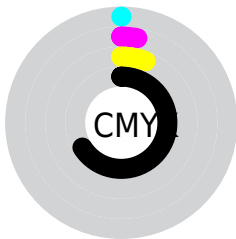
Blue (32%)



Red (34%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (32%)

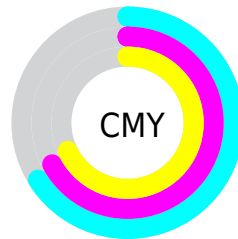


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (66%)



Cyan (66%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (68%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 1.786, 63.225 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 1.786, 63.225 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 36, 1.786, 63.225  36, 1.786, 63.225

 100, 1.786, 63.225  26, 1.786, 63.225

 56, 1.786, 63.225  16, 1.786, 63.225

 66, 1.786, 63.225  6, 1.786, 63.225

 76, 1.786, 63.225  0, 1.786, 63.225

 86, 1.786, 63.225

 96, 1.786, 63.225

 36, 1.786, 63.225  36, 1.786, 63.225

 34, 5.043, 62.423  38, 1.296, 244.525

 32, 8.492, 61.528  40, 4.221, 245.325

31, 12.148, 60.645

42, 7.005, 246.221

29, 16.019, 59.793

43, 9.665, 247.114

27, 20.102, 58.974

45, 12.214,
247.989

26, 24.368, 58.181

47, 14.666,
248.841

24, 28.745, 57.375

23, 32.984, 56.362

49, 17.031,
249.667

21, 36.403, 54.628

51, 19.320,
250.464

53, 21.540,
251.233

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 1.786, 63.225



36, 1.754, 244.636

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 1.786, 63.225



36, 1.786, 113.225



36, 1.786, 243.225



36, 1.786, 293.225

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 1.786, 63.265



47, 0.756, 63.361



35, 2.857, 338.953



23, 0.425, 63.337



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 1.786, 63.265



46, 2.695, 63.155



37, 2.779, 105.239



17, 1.392, 63.171



26, 45.712, 54.446



58, 84.432, 52.563

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 1.754, 244.636



46, 2.630, 244.763



35, 2.813, 286.389



17, 1.360, 244.744



26, 29.949, 269.615



57, 56.042, 273.226

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 1.786, 63.225 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 1.786, 63.225 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

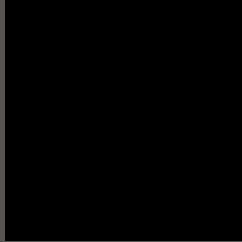
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

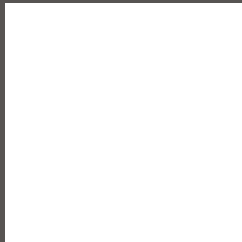
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 1.786, 63.225

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 1.786, 63.225.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 1.786, 63.225.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


36, 1.786, 63.225

Protanopia

36, 1.786, 63.225

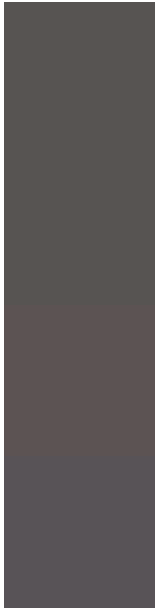
Deuteranopia

36, 5.281, 13.432



Tritanopia
36, 4.856, 316.462

Trichromacy



Original Color

36, 1.786, 63.225

Protanomaly

36, 1.786, 63.225

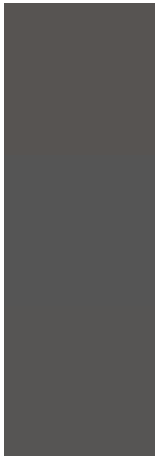
Deuteranomaly

36, 3.921, 19.899

Tritanomaly

36, 3.291, 330.799

Monochromacy



Original Color

36, 1.786, 63.225

Achromatopsia

36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

36, 0.745, 74.895

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 1.786, 63.225 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 84, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 84, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 84, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 84, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 1.786, 63.225 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 84, 82) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 84, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 84, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 84, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 84, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 84, 82)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 1.786, 63.225 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 84, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 84,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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