

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 10.326, 190.584)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 10.326, 190.584)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 10.544, 187.778)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	405A57
RGB	64, 90, 87
RGB Percent	25%, 35%, 34%
CMY	0.7505, 0.6485, 0.6603
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.03, 0.65
HSL	173°, 17%, 30%
HSV	173°, 29%, 35%
XYZ	7.4197, 9.0082, 10.2842
YIQ	81.8840, -14.5330, -6.4450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

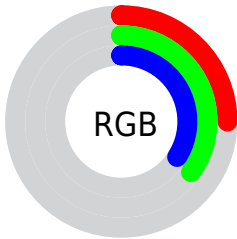
Format	Color
RYB	64, 78, 90
Decimal	4217431
CIELab	36.00, -10.45, -1.43
CIELCh	36, 10.544, 187.778
Yxy	9.0082, 0.2778, 0.3372
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282407511 (0xFF405A57)
YUV	81.8840, 2.5222, -15.6843
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -8.3965, 0.6937

Details

The CIELCh color **36, 10.544, 187.778** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **30, 12.129, 12.606**, and the grayscale version is **35, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 10.318, 188.804**, and **16, 10.439, 189.414** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35, 13.772, 186.989**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 7.073, 188.547**.

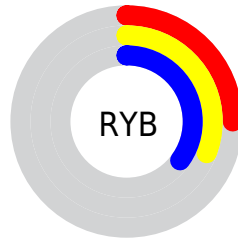
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (35%)

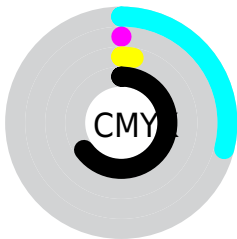
Blue (34%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (35%)

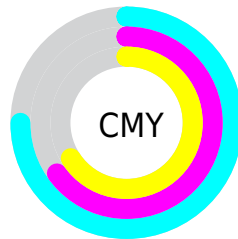


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (75%)


Magenta (65%)


Yellow (66%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 10.544, 187.778 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 10.544, 187.778 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 10.544,
187.778


 36, 10.544,
187.778

 100, 10.544,
187.778


 26, 10.544,
187.778

 56, 10.544,
187.778


 16, 10.544,
187.778


 66, 10.544,
187.778

 6, 10.544, 187.778

 76, 10.544,
187.778

 0, 10.544, 187.778

 86, 10.544,
187.778

 96, 10.544,
187.778

■ 36, 10.544,
187.778

■ 36, 10.544,
187.778

■ 35, 13.772,
186.989

■ 37, 7.073, 188.547

■ 35, 16.702,
186.180

■ 37, 3.413, 189.335

■ 35, 19.283,
185.336

■ 38, 0.387, 9.207

■ 34, 21.473,
184.445

■ 39, 4.282, 10.626

■ 34, 23.246,
183.493

■ 40, 8.234, 11.366

■ 34, 24.594,
182.464

■ 41, 12.213, 12.073

■ 34, 25.760,
181.442

■ 42, 16.193, 12.763

■ 34, 25.878,

■ 43, 20.156, 13.438

■ 44, 24.086, 14.098

181.345

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 10.544, 187.778



30, 12.129, 12.606

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 10.544, 187.778



36, 10.544, 237.778



36, 10.544, 7.778



36, 10.544, 57.778

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 10.544, 187.774



48, 4.259, 189.310



36, 18.986, 139.707



24, 2.925, 189.231



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 10.544, 187.774



46, 15.567, 187.214



33, 8.697, 245.313



18, 2.168, 189.346



41, 29.900, 181.004



85, 53.139, 180.118

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 12.129, 12.606



37, 18.610, 13.544



33, 9.870, 59.314



17, 2.257, 10.515



21, 51.100, 32.056



50, 93.793, 35.776

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 10.544, 187.778 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 10.544, 187.778 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

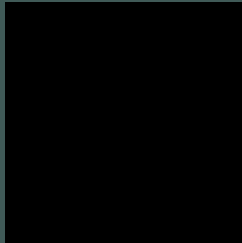
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 10.544, 187.778

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 10.544, 187.778.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 10.544, 187.778.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

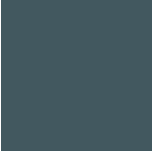
36, 10.544, 187.778

Protanopia

36, 1.054, 55.193

Deuteranopia

36, 5.369, 336.272



Tritanopia
36, 9.363, 226.285

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 10.544, 187.778

Protanomaly
36, 3.607, 178.814

Deuteranomaly
36, 2.067, 236.367

Tritanomaly
36, 9.452, 209.670

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 10.544, 187.778

Achromatopsia
35, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
35, 4.232, 190.388

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 10.544, 187.778 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 90, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 90, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 90, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 90, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 10.544, 187.778 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 90, 87) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 90, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 90, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 90, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 90, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 90, 87)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 10.544, 187.778 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 90, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 90,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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