

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 11.634, 288.929)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 11.634, 288.929)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 11.819, 290.220)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	525366
RGB	82, 83, 102
RGB Percent	32%, 33%, 40%
CMY	0.6772, 0.6733, 0.5987
CMYK	0.20, 0.19, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	237°, 11%, 36%
HSV	237°, 20%, 40%
XYZ	9.0387, 9.0082, 13.9172
YIQ	84.8670, -6.6950, 5.6970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

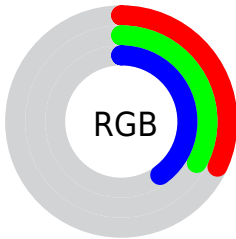
Format	Color
R_{YB}	82, 83, 102
Decimal	5395302
CIE Lab	36.00, 4.08, -11.09
CIE LCh	36, 11.819, 290.220
Yxy	9.0082, 0.2828, 0.2818
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283585382 (0xFF525366)
YUV	84.8670, 8.4466, -2.5144
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, 1.2321, -6.4830

Details

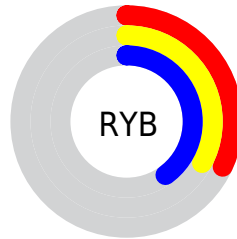
The CIELCh color $[36, 11.819, 290.220]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[43, 11.380, 106.260]$, and the grayscale version is $[36, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[56, 12.046, 291.609]$, and $[16, 11.951, 291.341]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[32, 18.197, 291.562]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[40, 5.673, 289.068]$.

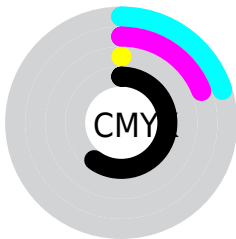
Distribution



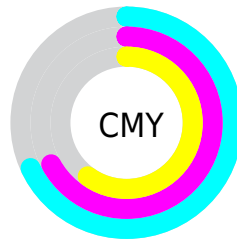
- Red (32%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)





- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (60%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 11.819, 290.220 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 11.819, 290.220 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 11.819,
290.220


 36, 11.819,
290.220

 100, 11.819,
290.220


 26, 11.819,
290.220

 56, 11.819,
290.220


 16, 11.819,
290.220


 66, 11.819,
290.220

 6, 11.819, 290.220

 76, 11.819,
290.220

 0, 11.819, 290.220

 86, 11.819,
290.220

 96, 11.819,
290.220

■ 36, 11.819,
290.220

■ 36, 11.819,
290.220

■ 32, 18.197,
291.562

■ 40, 5.673, 289.068

■ 28, 24.827,
293.121

■ 43, 0.254, 107.863

■ 47, 5.979, 107.205

■ 25, 31.716,
294.914

■ 51, 11.517,
106.472

■ 21, 38.843,
296.932

■ 55, 16.878,
105.834

■ 18, 46.114,
299.124

■ 58, 22.074,
105.278

■ 15, 53.274,
301.364

■ 62, 27.115,
104.791

■ 12, 59.798,
303.435

■ 65, 32.010,
104.363

■ 10, 65.302,

305.025

■ 69, 36.766,
103.985

■ 10, 65.558,
305.095

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 11.819, 290.220



43, 11.380, 106.260

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 11.819, 290.220



36, 11.819, 340.220



36, 11.819, 110.220



36, 11.819, 160.220

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 11.818, 290.218



53, 4.384, 288.720



42, 7.946, 194.075



26, 2.886, 288.760



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 11.818, 290.218



45, 17.329, 290.744



37, 12.985, 308.206



19, 3.321, 289.001



12, 71.464, 305.238



31, 126.712, 305.855

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 8.856, 16.737



46, 13.064, 17.146



42, 12.630, 126.440



19, 2.446, 15.794



22, 54.637, 35.367



51, 98.654, 38.560

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 11.819, 290.220 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 11.819, 290.220 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

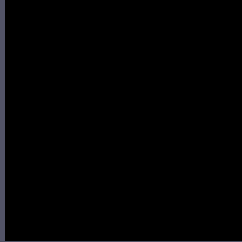
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 11.819, 290.220

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 11.819, 290.220.

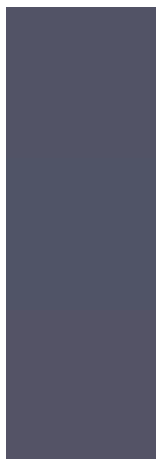


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 11.819, 290.220.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 11.819, 290.220

Protanopia

36, 11.866, 284.626

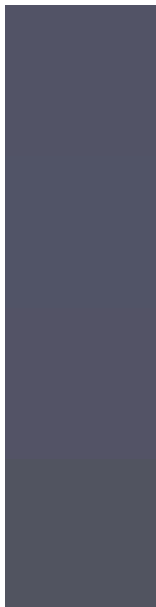
Deuteranopia

36, 11.831, 294.000



Tritanopia
36, 4.761, 265.555

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 11.819, 290.220

Protanomaly
36, 11.831, 286.465

Deuteranomaly
36, 11.819, 292.106

Tritanomaly
36, 7.530, 282.223

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 11.819, 290.220

Achromatopsia
36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
36, 4.352, 290.903

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 11.819, 290.220 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 83, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 83, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 83, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 83, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 11.819, 290.220 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 83, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 83, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 83, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 83, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 83, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 83,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 11.819, 290.220 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 83, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 83,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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