

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 11.730, 244.314)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 11.730, 244.314)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 11.499, 243.490)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	415865
RGB	65, 88, 101
RGB Percent	25%, 35%, 40%
CMY	0.7457, 0.6555, 0.6046
CMYK	0.36, 0.13, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	202°, 22%, 32%
HSV	202°, 36%, 40%
XYZ	7.9872, 9.0082, 13.5880
YIQ	82.6050, -17.8810, -0.8330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

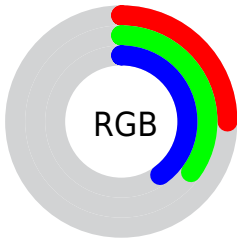
Format	Color
RYB	65, 79, 101
Decimal	4282469
CIELab	36.00, -5.13, -10.29
CIElCh	36, 11.499, 243.490
Yxy	9.0082, 0.2612, 0.2945
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282472549 (0xFF415865)
YUV	82.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -5.0217, -5.8327

Details

The CIELCh color **36, 11.499, 243.490** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **35, 13.702, 56.273**, and the grayscale version is **35, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 11.546, 242.988**, and **16, 11.320, 241.377** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34, 14.361, 245.353**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38, 8.456, 241.961**.

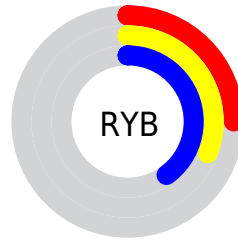
Distribution



 Red (25%)

 Green (35%)

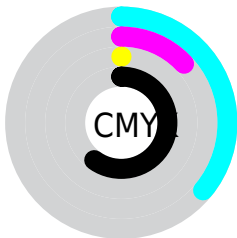
 Blue (40%)




 Red (25%)

 Yellow (31%)

 Blue (40%)

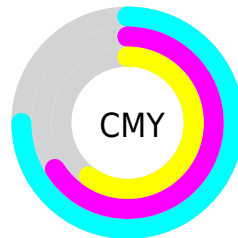


 Cyan (36%)

 Magenta (13%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (60%)



 Cyan (75%)

 Magenta (66%)

 Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 11.499, 243.490 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 11.499, 243.490 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36, 11.499,
243.490

■ 36, 11.499,
243.490

■ 100, 11.499,
243.490

■ 26, 11.499,
243.490

■ 56, 11.499,
243.490

■ 16, 11.499,
243.490

■ 66, 11.499,
243.490

■ 6, 11.499, 243.490

■ 76, 11.499,
243.490

■ 0, 11.499, 243.490

■ 86, 11.499,
243.490

■ 96, 11.499,
243.490

■ 36, 11.499,
243.490

■ 36, 11.499,
243.490

■ 34, 14.361,
245.353

■ 38, 8.456, 241.961

■ 32, 17.021,
247.625

■ 40, 5.260, 240.722

■ 42, 1.940, 239.780

■ 31, 19.465,
250.370

■ 44, 1.479, 58.585

■ 29, 21.697,
253.648

■ 46, 4.974, 58.012

■ 48, 8.523, 57.446

■ 28, 23.747,
257.489

■ 50, 12.112, 56.960

■ 26, 25.710,
261.692

■ 52, 15.725, 56.548

■ 54, 19.350, 56.196

■ 26, 26.596,
263.365

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 11.499, 243.490



35, 13.702, 56.273

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 11.499, 243.490



36, 11.499, 293.490



36, 11.499, 63.490



36, 11.499, 113.490

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 11.499, 243.487



52, 4.577, 240.264



39, 20.682, 153.509



26, 3.095, 240.355



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 11.499, 243.487



45, 16.721, 245.052



31, 19.575, 287.938



20, 1.920, 240.040



30, 29.420, 264.213



61, 53.104, 267.558

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 20.870, 339.515



39, 30.821, 340.276



40, 18.558, 99.512



20, 3.281, 337.426



24, 49.805, 348.425



53, 85.399, 350.131

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 11.499, 243.490 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 11.499, 243.490 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

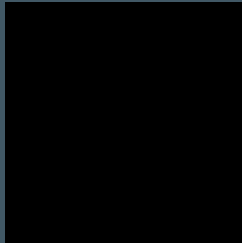
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

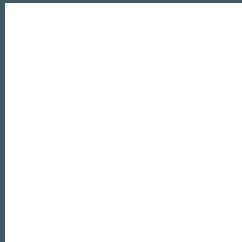
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 11.499, 243.490

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 11.499, 243.490.

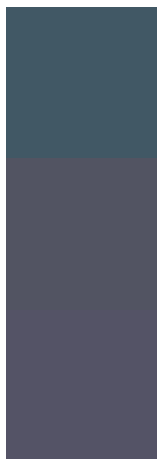


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 11.499, 243.490.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 11.499, 243.490

Protanopia

36, 8.719, 286.368

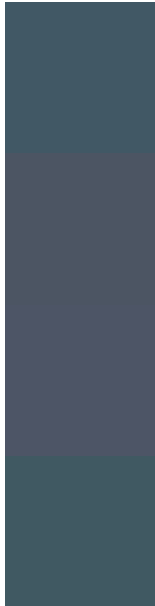
Deuteranopia

36, 11.831, 294.000



Tritanopia
36, 10.282, 223.463

Trichromacy



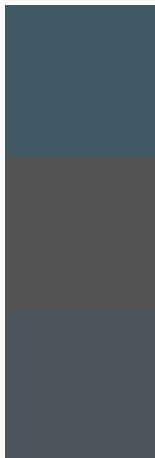
Original Color
36, 11.499, 243.490

Protanomaly
36, 9.279, 269.419

Deuteranomaly
36, 10.905, 275.506

Tritanomaly
36, 10.732, 229.934

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 11.499, 243.490

Achromatopsia
35, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
35, 4.461, 243.577

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 11.499, 243.490 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(65, 88, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(65, 88, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 88, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(65, 88, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 11.499, 243.490 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(65, 88, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(65, 88, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(65, 88, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(65, 88, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 88, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 88,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 11.499, 243.490 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(65, 88, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(65, 88,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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