

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 12.534, 161.432)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 12.534, 161.432)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 12.573, 161.443)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	425A4E
RGB	66, 90, 78
RGB Percent	26%, 35%, 31%
CMY	0.7414, 0.6473, 0.6943
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.13, 0.65
HSL	150°, 15%, 31%
HSV	150°, 27%, 35%
XYZ	7.2674, 9.0082, 8.5528
YIQ	81.4560, -10.4520, -8.8200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

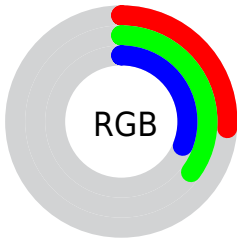
Format	Color
RYB	66, 82, 90
Decimal	4348494
CIELab	36.00, -11.92, 4.00
CIELCh	36, 12.573, 161.443
Yxy	9.0082, 0.2927, 0.3628
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282538574 (0xFF425A4E)
YUV	81.4560, -1.7038, -13.5549
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -9.3024, 4.1139

Details

The CIELCh color **36, 12.573, 161.443** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **31, 12.965, 345.862**, and the grayscale version is **35, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 12.626, 162.105**, and **16, 12.287, 162.081** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35, 17.161, 160.434**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 7.887, 162.355**.

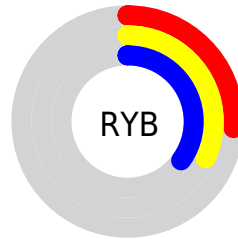
Distribution



Red (26%)

Green (35%)

Blue (31%)



Red (26%)

Yellow (32%)

Blue (35%)

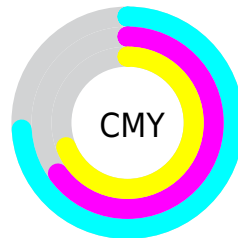


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (74%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (69%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 12.573, 161.443 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 12.573, 161.443 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 12.573,
161.443

 36, 12.573,
161.443

 100, 12.573,
161.443


 26, 12.573,
161.443

 56, 12.573,
161.443

 16, 12.573,
161.443


 66, 12.573,
161.443

 6, 12.573, 161.443

 76, 12.573,
161.443

 0, 12.573, 161.443

 86, 12.573,
161.443

 96, 12.573,
161.443

■ 36, 12.573,
161.443

■ 36, 12.573,
161.443

■ 35, 17.161,
160.434

■ 37, 7.887, 162.355

■ 35, 21.583,
159.311

■ 38, 3.157, 163.216

■ 39, 1.568, 343.744

■ 34, 25.772,
158.051

■ 40, 6.250, 344.538

■ 34, 29.661,
156.637

■ 41, 10.861,
345.188

■ 33, 33.192,
155.050

■ 42, 15.381,
345.783

■ 33, 36.327,
153.282

■ 43, 19.794,
346.338

■ 33, 39.183,
151.485

■ 44, 24.092,
346.858

■ 33, 40.128,

■ 45, 28.272,

150.952

347.348

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 12.573, 161.443



31, 12.965, 345.862

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 12.573, 161.443



36, 12.573, 211.443



36, 12.573, 341.443



36, 12.573, 31.443

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 12.574, 161.442



48, 4.706, 163.078



37, 15.601, 127.340



24, 3.311, 162.986



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 12.574, 161.442



46, 18.691, 160.813



36, 9.490, 196.657



18, 2.693, 163.027



40, 46.680, 150.332



83, 84.977, 148.750

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 12.965, 345.862



39, 19.404, 346.495



31, 11.133, 20.006



17, 2.724, 344.275



22, 45.716, 359.826



51, 80.126, 2.753

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 12.573, 161.443 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 12.573, 161.443 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

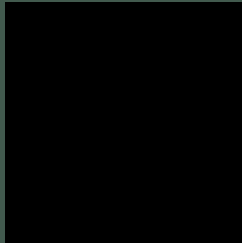
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 12.573, 161.443

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 12.573, 161.443.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 12.573, 161.443.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

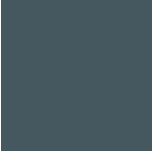
Dichromacy



Original Color
36, 12.573, 161.443

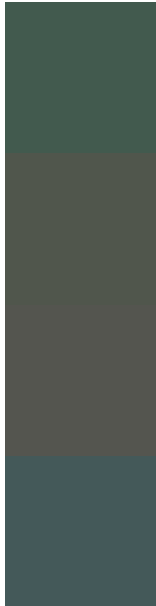
Protanopia
36, 5.843, 91.427

Deuteranopia
36, 5.453, 33.157



Tritanopia
36, 8.433, 229.765

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 12.573, 161.443

Protanomaly
36, 6.742, 132.044

Deuteranomaly
36, 3.740, 116.244

Tritanomaly
36, 8.376, 198.311

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 12.573, 161.443

Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
35, 4.254, 162.977

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 12.573, 161.443 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 90, 78)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 90, 78)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 90, 78) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 90, 78) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 12.573, 161.443 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 90, 78) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 90, 78) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(66, 90, 78)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 90, 78); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 90, 78);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 90, 78)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 12.573, 161.443 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 90, 78) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 90,  
78) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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