

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 12.928, 234.351)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 12.928, 234.351)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 12.891, 233.846)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3B5965
RGB	59, 89, 101
RGB Percent	23%, 35%, 40%
CMY	0.7687, 0.6511, 0.6040
CMYK	0.42, 0.12, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	197°, 26%, 31%
HSV	197°, 42%, 40%
XYZ	7.7197, 9.0082, 13.6364
YIQ	81.3980, -21.7320, -2.6280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

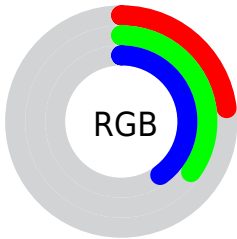
Format	Color
RYB	59, 77, 101
Decimal	3889509
CIELab	36.00, -7.61, -10.41
CIElCh	36, 12.891, 233.846
Yxy	9.0082, 0.2542, 0.2967
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282079589 (0xFF3B5965)
YUV	81.3980, 9.6638, -19.6430
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -6.6125, -5.9284

Details

The CIELCh color **36, 12.891, 233.846** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **33, 16.578, 47.912**, and the grayscale version is **35, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 13.005, 233.676**, and **16, 12.847, 230.904** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35, 15.420, 235.532**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38, 10.102, 232.499**.

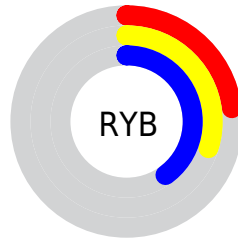
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (35%)

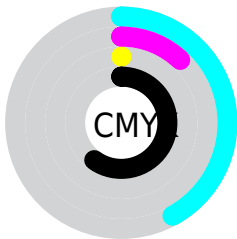
Blue (40%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (30%)

Blue (40%)

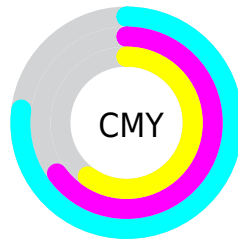


Cyan (42%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (65%)


Yellow (60%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 12.891, 233.846 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 12.891, 233.846 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 12.891,
233.846


 36, 12.891,
233.846

 100, 12.891,
233.846


 26, 12.891,
233.846

 56, 12.891,
233.846


 16, 12.891,
233.846


 66, 12.891,
233.846

 6, 12.891, 233.846

 76, 12.891,
233.846

 0, 12.891, 233.846

 86, 12.891,
233.846

 96, 12.891,
233.846

■ 36, 12.891,
233.846

■ 36, 12.891,
233.846

■ 35, 15.420,
235.532

■ 38, 10.102,
232.499

■ 33, 17.660,
237.638

■ 39, 7.091, 231.440

■ 32, 19.595,
240.236

■ 41, 3.894, 230.627

■ 31, 21.229,
243.397

■ 42, 0.547, 230.446

■ 29, 22.601,
247.153

■ 44, 2.918, 49.242

■ 28, 23.747,
250.293

■ 46, 6.474, 48.886

■ 48, 10.098, 48.579

■ 50, 13.769, 48.334

■ 51, 17.472, 48.143

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 12.891, 233.846



33, 16.578, 47.912

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 12.891, 233.846



36, 12.891, 283.846



36, 12.891, 53.846



36, 12.891, 103.846

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 12.891, 233.843



52, 4.955, 230.678



39, 25.306, 150.278



26, 3.307, 230.738



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 12.891, 233.843



45, 18.413, 235.496



29, 21.243, 285.393



20, 1.912, 230.456



32, 26.137, 251.091



67, 46.421, 254.333

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 25.508, 336.566



37, 37.268, 337.358



39, 20.341, 94.717



20, 3.462, 334.238



24, 52.083, 343.003



54, 89.334, 344.193

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 12.891, 233.846 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 12.891, 233.846 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

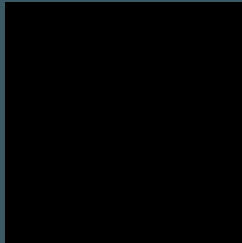
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 12.891, 233.846

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 12.891, 233.846.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 12.891, 233.846.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 12.891, 233.846

Protanopia

36, 8.102, 285.841

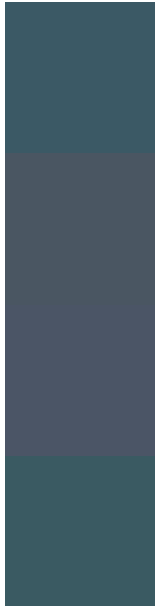
Deuteranopia

36, 11.831, 294.000



Tritanopia
36, 12.392, 218.689

Trichromacy



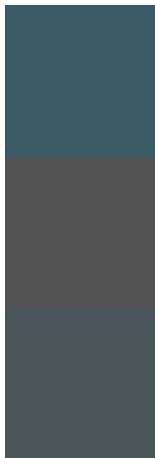
Original Color
36, 12.891, 233.846

Protanomaly
36, 8.663, 258.787

Deuteranomaly
36, 11.114, 271.789

Tritanomaly
36, 12.538, 221.547

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 12.891, 233.846

Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
35, 5.067, 228.537

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 12.891, 233.846 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 89, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 89, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 89, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 89, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 12.891, 233.846 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 89, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 89, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(59, 89, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 89, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 89, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 89,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 12.891, 233.846 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 89, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 89,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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