

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 13.120, 64.419)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 13.120, 64.419) contains.

CIELCh(36, 13.001, 65.215)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(36, 13.001, 65.215)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	645142
RGB	100, 81, 66
RGB Percent	39%, 32%, 26%
CMY	0.6075, 0.6820, 0.7408
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.34, 0.61
HSL	26°, 20%, 33%
HSV	26°, 34%, 39%
XYZ	9.2019, 9.0082, 6.4221
YIQ	84.9710, 16.1390, -0.6370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

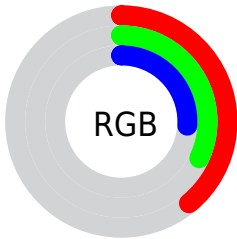
Format	Color
RYB	100, 93, 66
Decimal	6574402
CIELab	36.00, 5.45, 11.80
CIElCh	36, 13.001, 65.215
Yxy	9.0082, 0.3736, 0.3657
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284764482 (0xFF645142)
YUV	84.9710, -9.3527, 13.1804
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, 2.2026, 8.3231

Details

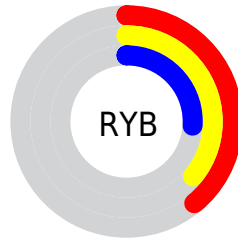
The CIELCh color **36, 13.001, 65.215** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **35, 11.510, 253.601**, and the grayscale version is **36, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 13.117, 63.788**, and **16, 12.932, 64.305** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34, 17.292, 64.198**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38, 8.929, 66.256**.

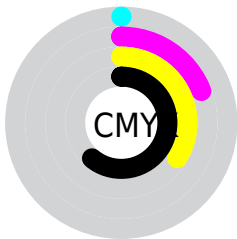
Distribution



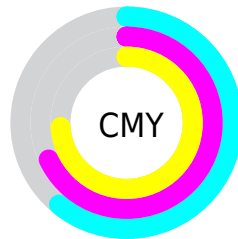
- Red (39%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (61%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 13.001, 65.215 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 13.001, 65.215 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36, 13.001, 65.215

■ 36, 13.001, 65.215

■ 100, 13.001,
65.215

■ 26, 13.001, 65.215

■ 56, 13.001, 65.215

■ 16, 13.001, 65.215

■ 66, 13.001, 65.215

■ 6, 13.001, 65.215

■ 76, 13.001, 65.215

■ 0, 13.001, 65.215

■ 86, 13.001, 65.215

■ 96, 13.001, 65.215

■ 36, 13.001, 65.215

■ 36, 13.001, 65.215

■ 34, 17.292, 64.198

■ 38, 8.929, 66.256

■ 32, 21.794, 63.188

■ 40, 5.067, 67.286

■ 31, 26.474, 62.179

■ 42, 1.402, 68.206

■ 29, 31.242, 61.132

■ 44, 2.085, 249.545

■ 28, 35.906, 59.949

■ 46, 5.411, 250.495

■ 26, 40.088, 58.435

■ 48, 8.594, 251.479

■ 25, 42.469, 57.589

■ 49, 11.650,
252.445

■ 51, 14.594,
253.383

■ 53, 17.438,
254.290

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 13.001, 65.215



35, 11.510, 253.601

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 13.001, 65.215



36, 13.001, 115.215



36, 13.001, 245.215



36, 13.001, 295.215

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 13.001, 65.222



52, 4.453, 67.654



32, 18.843, 342.977



26, 3.070, 67.555



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 13.001, 65.222



45, 19.897, 64.379



41, 19.009, 104.095



20, 2.040, 67.786



29, 47.740, 57.522



61, 84.658, 55.323

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35, 11.510, 253.601



44, 17.028, 255.245



30, 20.328, 291.511



20, 1.986, 249.879



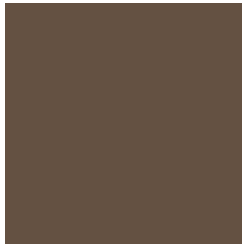
26, 34.246, 275.408



56, 62.601, 278.559

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 13.001, 65.215 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 13.001, 65.215 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

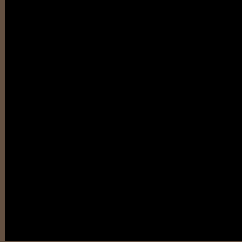
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 13.001, 65.215

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 13.001, 65.215.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 13.001, 65.215.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 13.001, 65.215

Protanopia

36, 10.728, 96.043

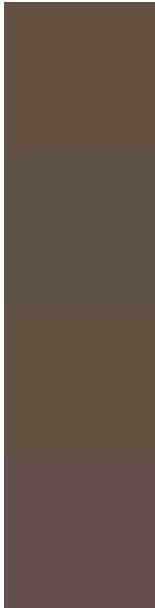
Deuteranopia

36, 12.666, 66.735



Tritanopia
36, 10.703, 0.904

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 13.001, 65.215

Protanomaly
36, 11.499, 84.589

Deuteranomaly
36, 12.666, 66.735

Tritanomaly
36, 9.548, 28.132

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 13.001, 65.215

Achromatopsia
36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
36, 4.559, 73.875

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 13.001, 65.215 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 81, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 81, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 81, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 81, 66) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 13.001, 65.215 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 81, 66) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 81, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 81, 66)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 81, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 81, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 81,  
66) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 13.001, 65.215 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 81, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100, 81,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor