

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 15.149, 94.402)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 15.149, 94.402) contains.

CIELCh(36, 14.677, 92.856)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(36, 14.677, 92.856)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C543D
RGB	92, 84, 61
RGB Percent	36%, 33%, 24%
CMY	0.6382, 0.6696, 0.7598
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.34, 0.64
HSL	45°, 20%, 30%
HSV	45°, 34%, 36%
XYZ	8.4785, 9.0082, 5.7411
YIQ	83.7700, 12.1510, -5.4570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

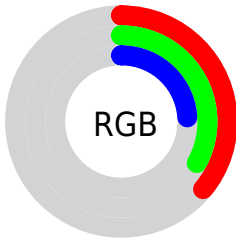
Format	Color
R_{YB}	72, 92, 61
Decimal	6050877
CIE Lab	36.00, -0.73, 14.66
CIE LCh	36, 14.677, 92.856
Yxy	9.0082, 0.3650, 0.3878
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284240957 (0xFF5C543D)
YUV	83.7700, -11.2256, 7.2177
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -2.0999, 9.6684

Details

The CIELCh color **36, 14.677, 92.856** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **30, 14.971, 281.315**, and the grayscale version is **36, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 14.322, 91.255**, and **16, 14.788, 93.105** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35, 19.098, 91.661**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 10.263, 94.032**.

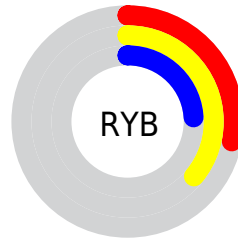
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (33%)

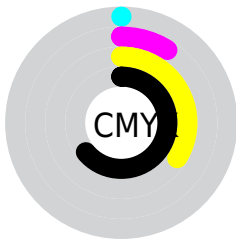
Blue (24%)



Red (28%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (24%)

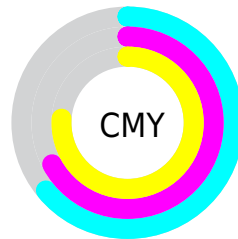


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 14.677, 92.856 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 14.677, 92.856 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36, 14.677, 92.856

■ 36, 14.677, 92.856

■ 100, 14.677,
92.856

■ 26, 14.677, 92.856

■ 56, 14.677, 92.856

■ 16, 14.677, 92.856

■ 66, 14.677, 92.856

■ 6, 14.677, 92.856

■ 76, 14.677, 92.856

■ 0, 14.677, 92.856

■ 86, 14.677, 92.856

■ 96, 14.677, 92.856

■ 36, 14.677, 92.856

■ 36, 14.677, 92.856

■ 35, 19.098, 91.661

■ 37, 10.263, 94.032

■ 34, 23.474, 90.433

■ 38, 5.883, 95.167

■ 33, 27.718, 89.175

■ 39, 1.550, 96.223

■ 33, 31.683, 87.874

■ 40, 2.729, 277.403

■ 32, 35.142, 86.500

■ 41, 6.951, 278.407

■ 31, 37.957, 85.043

■ 42, 11.117,
279.386

■ 31, 39.981, 84.226

■ 43, 15.230,
280.325

■ 44, 19.290,
281.220

■ 45, 23.302,
282.072

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 14.677, 92.856



30, 14.971, 281.315

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 14.677, 92.856



36, 14.677, 142.856



36, 14.677, 272.856



36, 14.677, 322.856

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 14.678, 92.861



49, 5.346, 95.532



30, 14.983, 1.824



25, 3.678, 95.430



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 14.678, 92.861



46, 21.714, 91.947



38, 19.055, 117.261



18, 2.402, 95.693



36, 45.076, 83.761



75, 79.069, 82.299

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 14.971, 281.315



36, 22.299, 282.713



28, 20.392, 301.708



17, 2.418, 277.721



15, 55.905, 298.730



37, 104.895, 300.754

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 14.677, 92.856 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 14.677, 92.856 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

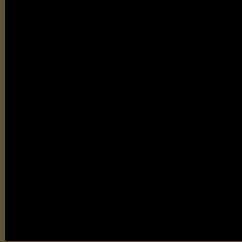
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

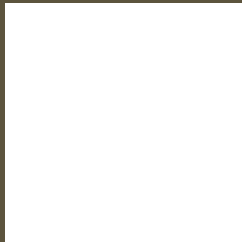
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 14.677, 92.856

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 14.677, 92.856.

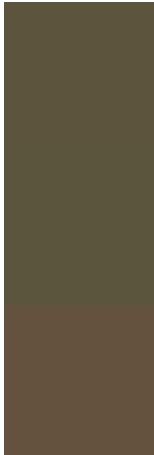


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 14.677, 92.856.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


36, 14.677, 92.856

Protanopia

36, 15.022, 96.843

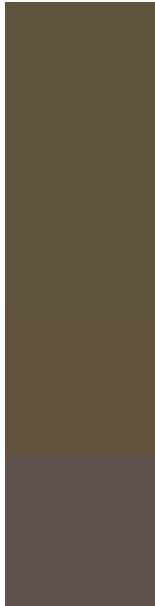
Deuteranopia

36, 14.975, 70.994



Tritanopia
36, 7.090, 348.901

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 14.677, 92.856

Protanomaly
36, 15.022, 96.843

Deuteranomaly
36, 14.353, 78.336

Tritanomaly
36, 5.905, 44.733

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 14.677, 92.856

Achromatopsia
36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
36, 5.121, 94.258

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 14.677, 92.856 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 84, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 84, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 84, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 84, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 14.677, 92.856 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 84, 61) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 84, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 84, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 84, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 84, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 84, 61)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 14.677, 92.856 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 84, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 84,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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