

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 15.360, 132.251)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 15.360, 132.251)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 15.479, 131.711)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4B5942
RGB	75, 89, 66
RGB Percent	29%, 35%, 26%
CMY	0.7063, 0.6514, 0.7416
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.26, 0.65
HSL	97°, 15%, 30%
HSV	97°, 26%, 35%
XYZ	7.4351, 9.0082, 6.4837
YIQ	82.1920, -0.9610, -10.1210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

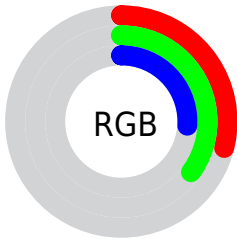
Format	Color
RYB	66, 89, 80
Decimal	4938050
CIELab	36.00, -10.30, 11.56
CIELCh	36, 15.479, 131.711
Yxy	9.0082, 0.3243, 0.3929
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283128130 (0xFF4B5942)
YUV	82.1920, -7.9827, -6.3074
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -8.3050, 8.2014

Details

The CIELCh color **36, 15.479, 131.711** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **30, 15.864, 313.807**, and the grayscale version is **35, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 15.505, 131.730**, and **16, 15.049, 130.747** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35, 21.419, 131.253**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 9.490, 132.154**.

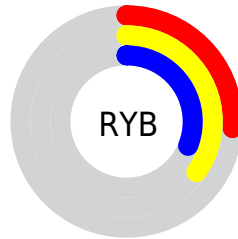
Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (35%)

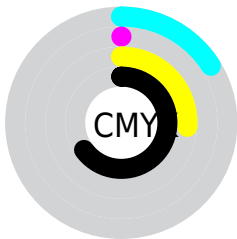
Blue (26%)



Red (26%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (31%)

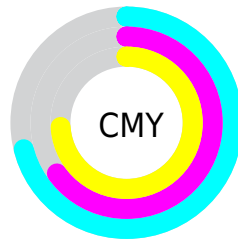


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (71%)


Magenta (65%)


Yellow (74%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 15.479, 131.711 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 15.479, 131.711 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 15.479,
131.711


 36, 15.479,
131.711

 100, 15.479,
131.711


 26, 15.479,
131.711

 56, 15.479,
131.711


 16, 15.479,
131.711


 66, 15.479,
131.711

 6, 15.479, 131.711

 76, 15.479,
131.711

 0, 15.479, 131.711

 86, 15.479,
131.711

 96, 15.479,
131.711

■ 36, 15.479,
131.711

■ 36, 15.479,
131.711

■ 35, 21.419,
131.253

■ 37, 9.490, 132.154

■ 35, 27.237,
130.793

■ 37, 3.498, 132.577

■ 34, 32.839,
130.364

■ 38, 2.458, 312.890

■ 34, 38.093,
130.017

■ 40, 14.165,
313.557

■ 34, 42.824,
129.826

■ 41, 19.883,
313.827

■ 33, 46.817,
129.888

■ 42, 25.497,
314.066

■ 33, 50.183,
130.087

■ 42, 31.003,
314.276

■ 33, 51.621,

■ 43, 36.397,

130.051

314.460

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 15.479, 131.711



30, 15.864, 313.807

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 15.479, 131.711



36, 15.479, 181.711



36, 15.479, 311.711



36, 15.479, 1.711

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 15.480, 131.712



48, 5.891, 132.476



34, 9.618, 82.322



24, 4.222, 132.430



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 15.480, 131.712



46, 22.876, 131.433



35, 16.306, 145.641



17, 3.271, 132.455



40, 59.045, 130.421



83, 106.129, 131.415

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 15.864, 313.807



37, 23.586, 314.067



31, 16.331, 328.650



16, 3.302, 313.094



16, 64.141, 315.188



41, 114.611, 314.486

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 15.479, 131.711 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 15.479, 131.711 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

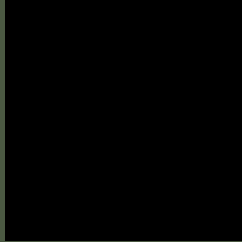
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

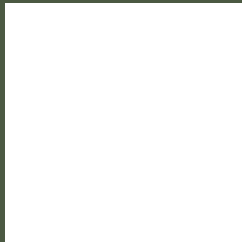
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 15.479, 131.711

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 15.479, 131.711.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 15.479, 131.711.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36, 15.479, 131.711

Protanopia

36, 12.655, 95.308

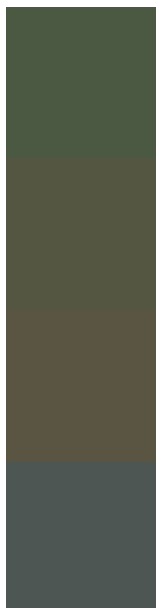
Deuteranopia

36, 11.380, 64.711



Tritanopia
36, 4.936, 261.294

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 15.479, 131.711

Protanomaly
36, 12.914, 110.055

Deuteranomaly
36, 10.861, 93.622

Tritanomaly
36, 3.886, 170.272

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 15.479, 131.711

Achromatopsia
35, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
35, 6.188, 134.273

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 15.479, 131.711 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(75, 89, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(75, 89, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 89, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(75, 89, 66) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 15.479, 131.711 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(75, 89, 66) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(75, 89, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(75, 89, 66)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(75, 89, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 89, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 89, 66)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 15.479, 131.711 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(75, 89, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(75, 89,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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