

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 16.428, 198.459)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 16.428, 198.459)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 16.342, 199.518)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2E5C5D
RGB	46, 92, 93
RGB Percent	18%, 36%, 36%
CMY	0.8199, 0.6395, 0.6356
CMYK	0.51, 0.01, 0.00, 0.64
HSL	181°, 34%, 27%
HSV	181°, 51%, 36%
XYZ	6.9154, 9.0082, 11.7117
YIQ	78.3600, -27.7370, -9.4410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

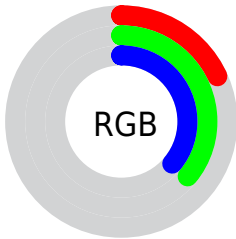
Format	Color
R_{YB}	46, 69, 93
Decimal	3038301
CIE _{Lab}	36.00, -15.40, -5.46
CIE _{LCh}	36, 16.342, 199.518
Yxy	9.0082, 0.2502, 0.3260
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281228381 (0xFF2E5C5D)
YUV	78.3600, 7.2175, -28.3797
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -11.3961, -2.1261




Details

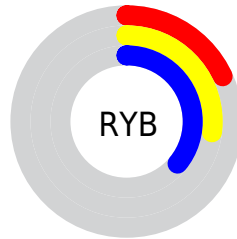
The CIELCh color **36, 16.342, 199.518** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **25, 23.070, 25.874**, and the grayscale version is **33, 0.005, 296.813**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 16.230, 199.918**, and **16, 14.919, 199.168** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36, 18.563, 199.364**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 13.722, 199.743**.

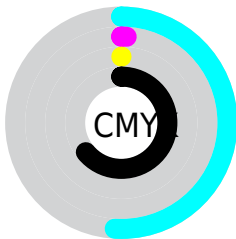
Distribution







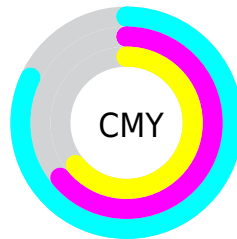
-  Red (18%)
-  Green (36%)
-  Blue (36%)






-  Red (18%)
-  Yellow (27%)
-  Blue (36%)



-  Cyan (51%)
-  Magenta (1%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (64%)





-  Cyan (82%)
-  Magenta (64%)
-  Yellow (64%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 16.342, 199.518 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 16.342, 199.518 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 16.342,
199.518


 36, 16.342,
199.518

 100, 16.342,
199.518


 26, 16.342,
199.518

 56, 16.342,
199.518


 16, 16.342,
199.518


 66, 16.342,
199.518

 6, 16.342, 199.518

 76, 16.342,
199.518

 0, 16.342, 199.518

 86, 16.342,
199.518

 96, 16.342,
199.518

■ 36, 16.342,
199.518

■ 36, 16.342,
199.518

■ 36, 18.563,
199.364

■ 37, 13.722,
199.743

■ 35, 20.351,
199.294

■ 37, 10.748,
200.038

■ 35, 21.690,
199.311

■ 38, 7.472, 200.398

■ 39, 3.946, 200.833

■ 35, 22.591,
199.415

■ 39, 0.222, 202.621

■ 35, 23.298,
199.534

■ 40, 3.653, 21.572

■ 41, 7.637, 22.113

■ 42, 11.695, 22.640

■ 43, 15.798, 23.173

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 16.342, 199.518



25, 23.070, 25.874

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 16.342, 199.518



36, 16.342, 249.518



36, 16.342, 19.518



36, 16.342, 69.518

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 16.342, 199.516



49, 6.812, 200.609



35, 34.477, 141.116



25, 4.666, 200.550



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 16.342, 199.516



46, 22.748, 199.341



28, 17.164, 265.881



18, 2.076, 200.923



41, 26.156, 199.601



84, 46.021, 199.817

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 34.220, 327.516



33, 49.398, 328.023



32, 19.370, 71.216



17, 3.813, 325.437



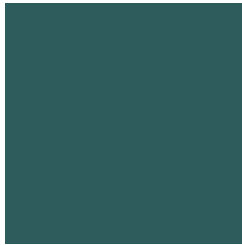
25, 61.085, 329.054



56, 107.557, 329.109

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 16.342, 199.518 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 16.342, 199.518 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

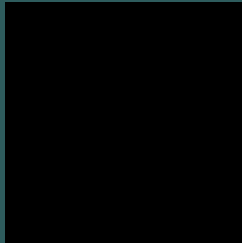
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 16.342, 199.518

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 16.342, 199.518.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 16.342, 199.518.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
36, 16.342, 199.518

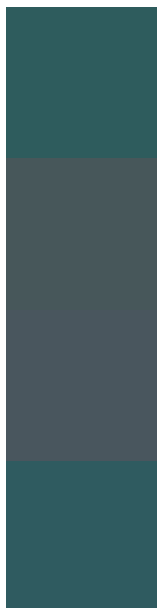
Protanopia
36, 2.530, 300.164

Deuteranopia
36, 8.494, 308.309



Tritanopia
36, 15.449, 214.094

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 16.342, 199.518

Protanomaly
36, 6.625, 215.046

Deuteranomaly
36, 7.040, 244.079

Tritanomaly
36, 15.636, 209.067

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 16.342, 199.518

Achromatopsia
33, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
34, 6.930, 198.463

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 16.342, 199.518 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 92, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 92, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 92, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 92, 93) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 16.342, 199.518 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 92, 93) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 92, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(46, 92, 93)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 92, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 92, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 92, 93)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 16.342, 199.518 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 92, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 92,  
93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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