

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 17.609, 134.499)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 17.609, 134.499)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 17.887, 134.244)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	485A40
RGB	72, 90, 64
RGB Percent	28%, 35%, 25%
CMY	0.7186, 0.6480, 0.7499
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.29, 0.65
HSL	102°, 17%, 30%
HSV	102°, 29%, 35%
XYZ	7.2099, 9.0082, 6.1753
YIQ	81.6540, -2.3820, -11.9020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

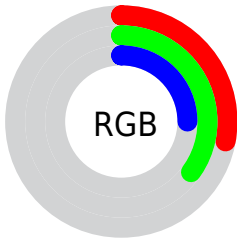
Format	Color
RYB	64, 90, 82
Decimal	4741696
CIELab	36.00, -12.48, 12.81
CIElCh	36, 17.887, 134.244
Yxy	9.0082, 0.3220, 0.4023
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282931776 (0xFF485A40)
YUV	81.6540, -8.7034, -8.4666
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -9.6441, 8.8107

Details

The CIELCh color **36, 17.887, 134.244** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **30, 18.260, 316.632**, and the grayscale version is **35, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 17.734, 134.188**, and **16, 17.680, 133.488** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35, 24.002, 133.744**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37, 11.703, 134.719**.

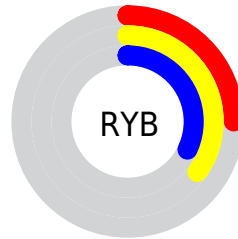
Distribution



 Red (28%)

 Green (35%)

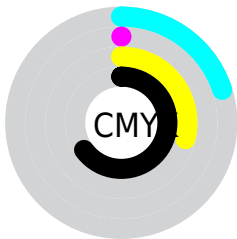
 Blue (25%)



 Red (25%)

 Yellow (35%)

 Blue (32%)

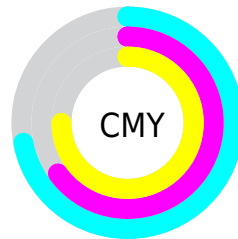


 Cyan (20%)


 Magenta (0%)

 Yellow (29%)

 Black (65%)



 Cyan (72%)


 Magenta (65%)

 Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 17.887, 134.244 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 17.887, 134.244 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 17.887,
134.244

 36, 17.887,
134.244

 100, 17.887,
134.244


 26, 17.887,
134.244

 56, 17.887,
134.244


 16, 17.887,
134.244


 66, 17.887,
134.244

 6, 17.887, 134.244

 76, 17.887,
134.244

 0, 17.887, 134.244

 86, 17.887,
134.244

 96, 17.887,
134.244

■ 36, 17.887,
134.244

■ 36, 17.887,
134.244

■ 35, 24.002,
133.744

■ 37, 11.703,
134.719

■ 35, 29.962,
133.233

■ 37, 5.510, 135.161

■ 34, 35.652,
132.748

■ 38, 0.647, 315.378

■ 39, 6.734, 315.864

■ 34, 40.920,
132.345

■ 40, 12.729,
316.178

■ 34, 45.568,
132.104

■ 41, 18.614,
316.450

■ 33, 49.368,
132.128

■ 42, 24.380,
316.686

■ 33, 52.765,
132.059

■ 43, 30.020,
316.891

■ 33, 53.132,

132.023

■ 44, 35.533,
317.069

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 17.887, 134.244



30, 18.260, 316.632

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 17.887, 134.244



36, 17.887, 184.244



36, 17.887, 314.244



36, 17.887, 4.244

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 17.888, 134.245



48, 6.906, 135.146



35, 11.684, 89.043



24, 4.753, 135.104



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 17.888, 134.245



46, 26.917, 133.886



36, 17.327, 147.998



18, 3.512, 135.165



40, 61.385, 132.373



83, 109.299, 133.212

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 18.260, 316.632



37, 27.616, 316.920



31, 17.391, 331.625



17, 3.539, 315.814



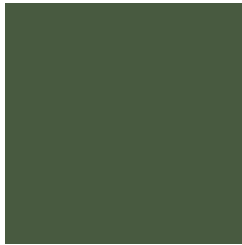
19, 64.229, 317.573



44, 113.612, 316.974

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 17.887, 134.244 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 36, 17.887, 134.244 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

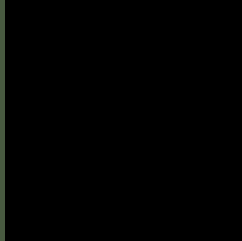
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 17.887, 134.244

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 17.887, 134.244.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 17.887, 134.244.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


36, 17.887, 134.244

Protanopia

36, 14.557, 94.662

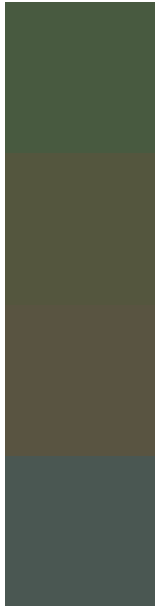
Deuteranopia

36, 12.666, 66.735



Tritanopia
36, 5.833, 247.439

Trichromacy



Original Color
36, 17.887, 134.244

Protanomaly
36, 14.757, 111.307

Deuteranomaly
36, 11.955, 96.993

Tritanomaly
36, 6.330, 169.152

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 17.887, 134.244

Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
35, 6.201, 134.268

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 17.887, 134.244 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(72, 90, 64)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(72, 90, 64)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(72, 90, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(72, 90, 64) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 17.887, 134.244 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(72, 90, 64) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(72, 90, 64) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(72, 90, 64)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(72, 90, 64); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 90, 64);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 90, 64)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 17.887, 134.244 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(72, 90, 64) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(72, 90,  
64) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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