

Converting Colors

CIELCh(36, 17.939, 116.188)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(36, 17.939, 116.188)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(36, 17.908, 116.208)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	52583B
RGB	82, 88, 59
RGB Percent	32%, 35%, 23%
CMY	0.6799, 0.6563, 0.7700
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.33, 0.66
HSL	72°, 20%, 29%
HSV	72°, 33%, 34%
XYZ	7.6873, 9.0082, 5.4237
YIQ	82.9000, 5.7330, -10.2910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

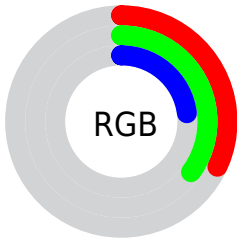
Format	Color
R_{YB}	59, 88, 65
Decimal	5396539
CIE Lab	36.00, -7.91, 16.07
CIE LCh	36, 17.908, 116.208
Yxy	9.0082, 0.3475, 0.4073
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283586619 (0xFF52583B)
YUV	82.9000, -11.7827, -0.7893
Hunter-Lab	30.0136, -6.8053, 10.2954

Details

The CIELCh color **36, 17.908, 116.208** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **26, 19.163, 300.762**, and the grayscale version is **35, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56, 17.729, 116.243**, and **16, 18.242, 115.786** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36, 23.140, 115.607**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36, 12.555, 116.836**.

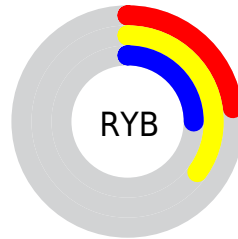
Distribution



 Red (32%)

 Green (35%)

 Blue (23%)



 Red (23%)

 Yellow (35%)

 Blue (25%)

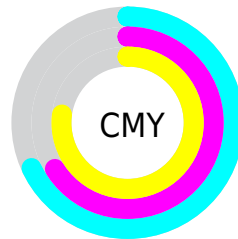


 Cyan (7%)

 Magenta (0%)

 Yellow (33%)

 Black (66%)



 Cyan (68%)


 Magenta (66%)


 Yellow (77%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 36, 17.908, 116.208 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 36, 17.908, 116.208 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 36, 17.908,
116.208


 36, 17.908,
116.208

 100, 17.908,
116.208


 26, 17.908,
116.208

 56, 17.908,
116.208


 16, 17.908,
116.208


 66, 17.908,
116.208

 6, 17.908, 116.208

 76, 17.908,
116.208

 0, 17.908, 116.208

 86, 17.908,
116.208

 96, 17.908,
116.208

■ 36, 17.908,
116.208

■ 36, 17.908,
116.208

■ 36, 23.140,
115.607

■ 36, 12.555,
116.836

■ 35, 28.172,
115.052

■ 37, 7.131, 117.464

■ 37, 1.674, 118.085

■ 35, 32.892,
114.584

■ 38, 3.791, 298.676

■ 35, 37.142,
114.257

■ 38, 9.245, 299.250

■ 35, 40.724,
114.138

■ 39, 14.675,
299.795

■ 35, 43.556,
114.249

■ 39, 20.069,
300.310

■ 34, 45.571,
114.269

■ 40, 25.420,
300.793

■ 40, 30.723,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36, 17.908, 116.208



26, 19.163, 300.762

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36, 17.908, 116.208



36, 17.908, 166.208



36, 17.908, 296.208



36, 17.908, 346.208

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36, 17.909, 116.211



48, 6.815, 117.635



30, 11.791, 39.226



24, 4.686, 117.579



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36, 17.909, 116.211



47, 26.884, 115.708



35, 20.064, 134.279



17, 3.027, 117.733



42, 52.489, 114.541



87, 93.604, 115.264

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 19.163, 300.762



32, 29.359, 301.558



28, 20.524, 317.034



16, 3.081, 298.826



11, 69.180, 307.690



31, 123.820, 307.217

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 17.908, 116.208 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 36, 17.908, 116.208 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

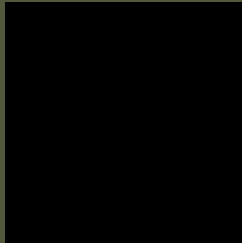
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

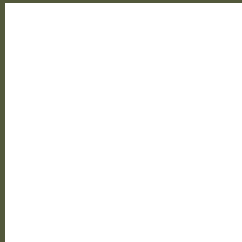
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 36, 17.908, 116.208

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 17.908, 116.208.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 36, 17.908, 116.208.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


36, 17.908, 116.208

Protanopia

36, 17.495, 96.266

Deuteranopia

36, 16.307, 71.923



Tritanopia
36, 3.834, 303.377

Trichromacy



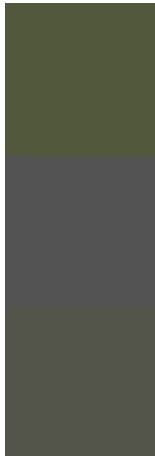
Original Color
36, 17.908, 116.208

Protanomaly
36, 17.153, 104.139

Deuteranomaly
36, 15.163, 87.580

Tritanomaly
36, 3.740, 116.244

Monochromacy



Original Color
36, 17.908, 116.208

Achromatopsia
35, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
36, 6.865, 116.464

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 36, 17.908, 116.208 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 88, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 88, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 88, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 88, 59) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 36, 17.908, 116.208 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 88, 59) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 88, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 88, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 88, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 88, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 88, 59)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 36, 17.908, 116.208 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 88, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 88,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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